DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING GOVERNMENT COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, SALEM – 636 011.

(An Autonomous Institution Affiliated to Anna University)

Regulations - 2022 Curriculum and Syllabus

M.E. Power Electronics and Drives - Full Time

					/ We	ek		Maxi	mum	Marks
Course code	Name of the Course	Category	Lecture	Tutorial/Demo	Practical	Total Contact Periods	Credit	CA	FE	Total
	SEMEST	ΓER I								
22PE C 11	Power Semiconductor Devices and Components	PC	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100
22PE C 12	Analysis of Power Converters PC 3 0 0 3 3 40								60	100
22PE E 1X	Elective-I	PE	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100
22PE E 2X	Elective-II	PE	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100
22PE C 13	Advanced Power Electronics Laboratory	PC	0	0	4	4	2	60	40	100
22PE C 14	Advanced Digital Control Laboratory	PC	0	0	4	4	2	60	40	100
22 MLC01	Research Methodology and IPR MLC 3 0 0 3								60	100
22ACXX	Audit Course 1	AC	2	0	0	2	0	100	0	100
	TOTAL						19			800
	SEMEST	ER II								
22PE C 21	Modelling and Analysis of Electrical Machines	PC	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100
22PE C 22	Modern Electrical Drives	PC	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100
22PE E 3X	Elective-III	PE	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100
22PE E 4X	Elective-IV	PE	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100
22PE C 23	Power Electronics for Renewable Energy System Laboratory	PC	0	0	4	4	2	60	40	100
22PE C 24	Advanced Electrical Drives Laboratory	PC	0	0	4	4	2	60	40	100
22PE C 25	Mini Project With Seminar	EEC	0	0	4	4	2	60	40	100
22ACXX	Audit Course 2	AC	2	0	0	2	0	100	0	100
	TOTAL						18			800
	SEMEST	ER III								
22PE E 5X	Elective – V	PE	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100
22PE E6 X	Elective - VI	PE	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100
22PE C 31	Dissertation Phase – I	EEC	0	0	20	20	10	80	120	200
			_	_						_

	TOTAL						16			400
	SEMES	TER IV								
22PE C 41	Dissertation Phase – II	EEC	0	0	32	32	16	160	240	400
						16			400	

Total Credits for the Programme = 19 + 18 + 16 + 16 = 69

List of Programme Electives:

Course Code	Name of Course
Elective I	
22PE E 11	Advanced Microcontroller Based System Design
22PE E 12	Applied Mathematics for Electrical Engineering
22PE E 13	System Theory
22PE E 14	Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning
22PE E 15	Digital Control System
Elective II	
22PE E 21	Advanced Power Electronic Circuits
22PE E 22	Applied Digital Control for Power Electronics
22PE E 23	Modern Rectifiers and Resonant Converters
22PE E 24	Modulation Control for Power Converters
22PE E 25	Design of Power Converters
Elective III	
22PE E 31	Advanced Power Quality
22PE E 32	Harmonics and Filters for Power Electronic Circuits
22PE E 33	Energy Conservation, Auditing and Management
22PE E 34	Special Electrical Machines and Drives
22PE E 35	Digital Simulation of Power Electronics System
22PE E 36	Modeling of Switched Mode Power Converters
Elective - IV	
22PE E 41	Solar Photo Voltaic System

22PE E 42	Optimization Techniques					
22PE E 43	Dynamics of Power Converters					
22PE E 44	Wind Energy Conversion System					
22PE E 45	22PE E 45 Power Electronics for Renewable Energy System					
Elective –V						
22PE E 51	Smart Grid Technology					
22PE E 52	Distributed Generation and Micro Grid					
22PE E 53	FACTS Controllers					
22PE E 54	HVDC Transmission Systems					
22PE E 55	SCADA Systems and Applications					
Elective –VI						
22PE E 61	Electric Vehicles and Power Management					
22PE E 62	Grid Integration of Renewable Energy Sources					
22PE E 63	Energy Storage Technologies					
22PE E 64	Internet of Things for Smart System					
22PE E 65	Digital Signal Processors for Power Converters					

List of Audit Courses:

Course Code	Name of Course
22AC01	English for Research paper writing
22AC02	Disaster Management
22AC03	Sanskrit for Technical Knowledge
22AC04	Value Education
22AC05	Constitution of India
22AC06	Pedagogy Studies
22AC07	Stress Management by Yoga
22AC08	Personality Development through Life Enlightenment Skills

SUMMARY

	M.E – POWER ELECTRONICS AND DRIVES								
SI.	SUBJECT AREA CREDITS PER SEMESTER CRED								
No.		I	II	III	IV	TOTAL			
1	Professional Core (PC) course	10	10	0	0	20			
2	Professional Elective (PE) course	6	6	6	0	18			
3	Employability Enhancement Course (EEC)	0	2	10	16	28			
4	Mandatory Learning Course (MLC)	3	0	0	0	3			
5	Audit / Zero Credit (AC) Course	1	1	0	0	0			
TOTAL			18	16	16	69			

22PEC11	PEC11 POWER SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES AND COMPONENTS						
PREREQUI	SITES	CATEGORY	PC	Cre	edit	3	
Power Electronics Hours/Week					0	3	
Course Obje	ctives:						
1. To und	erstand the concepts of various power semiconductor device	s and their thermal	behavi	or.			
2. To desi	gn magnetic and passive components for specific requirement	nts.					
	POWER SEMICONDUCTOR SWITCHES		9	0	0	9	
thermal mode	THERMAL ANALYSIS OF POWER SEMICONDUCTOR - Cooling and Heat sinks – Thermal modeling of power sel – Mathematical thermal equivalent circuit – Coupling of E	witching devices - lectrical and Thern	nal com	pone	nts –	Hea	
	Zero voltage Switching and Zero Current switching – Basic	concept and model	of swi	tchin	g circ		
	DESIGN OF MAGNETIC COMPONENTS		9	0	0	9	
	 Soft magnetic material types – Comparison of material Design – Ferrite voltage transformer – Ferrite current transformer 					ics -	
UNIT IV	DESIGN OF INDUCTORS		9	0	0	9	
	 Linear Inductors and chokes – Design with Hanna currector design – Analysis of specific Inductor Design – Induct 			oppe	r los	ses -	
UNIT V	DESIGN OF CAPACITORS		9	0	0	9	
	 General properties – Liquid and solid metal oxide diele EMI suppression capacitors – Ceramic dielectric capacitors – 				diele	ectri	
		Total (45L+0′	T)= 4	5 Pe	riod	

Refere	ences:
1.	Rashid M.H., "Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices and Applications", Pearson Education., 3 rd Edition, 2013.
2.	Barry W. Williams, "Principles and Elements of Power Electronics: Devices, Drivers, Applications, and Passive components", Macmillan Publishers, 2006.
3.	Mohan, Net al. "Power Electronics: Converters, Application and Design", Wiley India (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2007.
4.	Robert Perret, "Power Electronics Semiconductor Devices", Wiley Publications, France, 2005.
5.	Jayant Baliga, "Advanced High Voltage Power Device Concepts", Springer Publications, 2011.

Course	Bloom's Taxonomy						
Upon cor	Mapped						
CO1	1 : Recall the overview of power semiconductor switches L1: Remembering						
CO2	:	Analyze the thermal requirements of power semiconductor devices	L4: Analyzing				
CO3	:	Discuss the basic concepts of ZVS and ZCS	L2: Understanding				
CO4	:	Evaluate the design aspects of various magnetic components according to specific requirements.	L5: Evaluating				
CO5	:	Develop the design concepts of circuit elements	L4: Analyzing				

COUR	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX													
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO3
CO1	1	3	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	3	1
CO2	1	1	3	3	1	1	3	1	1	2	1	1	1	2
CO3	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	2
CO4	2	3	2	3	3	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	3	1
CO5	2	2	3	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	2	2	2	2
Avg.	1.40	2.00	2.20	2.20	2.00	1	2.20	1.60	1	2.00	1.40	1.40	2.00	1.60
	•		3/2/1-in	dicates s	trength	of corre	lation (3	- High,	2-Mediu	ım, 1- L	ow)			

	PEC12 ANALYSIS OF POWER CONVERTERS						
PREREQU	JISTIES CATEGOR	Y PC	PC Credit				
		L	Т	P	TH		
Electron Devices and Circuits, Power Electronics Hours/Week					3		
Course Ob	jectives:	'					
	ovide the electrical circuit concepts behind the different working modes of power Costanding of their operation.	onverters so	as to	enable	deej		
2. To eq	uip with required skills to derive the criteria for the design of power converters starti	ng from bas	ic fun	damer	ıtals.		
3. To an	alyze and comprehend the various operating modes of different configurations of po	wer convert	ers.				
UNIT I	SINGLE PHASE AND THREE PHASE AC TO DC CONVERTERS	9	0	0	9		
		_					
	and three phase ac to dc converters - Half controlled and Fully controlled convert						
	with and without free-wheeling diodes - Continuous and discontinuous modes o						
	- Dual Converter - performance parameters - effect of source and load inductanc			ower	facto		
improvemen	t techniques- Generation of Gating Sequence. Reactive power and power balance in	convertor ci	• .				
		Converter Ci	rcuits.				
UNIT II	DC TO DC CONVERTERS	9	0	0	9		
	DC TO DC CONVERTERS DC-DC Converters-Buck converter -Boost converter -Buck-Boost converter -Cu	9	0				
Non-Isolated	DC-DC Converters-Buck converter -Boost converter -Buck-Boost converter -Cu	9 k converter-	0 · CCM	and	DCN		
Non-Isolated operation –C	DC-DC Converters-Buck converter –Boost converter -Buck-Boost converter -Cu Output Voltage ripple - Limitations of Single stage conversion - Isolated DC-DC Con	9 k converter- everters - Fly	0 - CCM /back	I and	DCN rters		
Non-Isolated operation –C Forward con	DC-DC Converters-Buck converter -Boost converter -Buck-Boost converter -Cu	9 k converter- everters - Fly	0 - CCM /back	I and	DCN rters		
Non-Isolated operation –C Forward con Snubbers.	DC-DC Converters-Buck converter –Boost converter -Buck-Boost converter -Cu Dutput Voltage ripple - Limitations of Single stage conversion - Isolated DC-DC Converters - Push-Pull converters- Full bridge converters—Current mode and Voltage	k converter- verters - Fly ge mode co	0 - CCM /back ntrol -	I and conve Desi	DCN rters gn (
Non-Isolated operation –C Forward con Snubbers. UNIT III	DC-DC Converters-Buck converter –Boost converter -Buck-Boost converter -Cu Dutput Voltage ripple - Limitations of Single stage conversion - Isolated DC-DC Converters - Push-Pull converters- Full bridge converters—Current mode and Voltage SINGLE PHASE INVERTERS AND POWER CONDITIONERS	k converter- everters - Flyge mode con	or CCM back on trol -	and converted Desi	DCN rters gn c		
Non-Isolated operation —C Forward con Snubbers. UNIT III Principle of	DC-DC Converters-Buck converter –Boost converter -Buck-Boost converter -Cu Dutput Voltage ripple - Limitations of Single stage conversion - Isolated DC-DC Converters - Push-Pull converters- Full bridge converters—Current mode and Voltage SINGLE PHASE INVERTERS AND POWER CONDITIONERS operation of half and full bridge inverters – Performance parameters – Voltage converters – Voltage c	k converter- everters - Flyge mode co	ovback ontrol -	I and converted Desired Desire	DCN rters gn (
Non-Isolated operation—C Forward con Snubbers. UNIT III Principle of using variou	DC-DC Converters-Buck converter –Boost converter -Buck-Boost converter -Cu Dutput Voltage ripple - Limitations of Single stage conversion - Isolated DC-DC Converters - Push-Pull converters- Full bridge converters—Current mode and Voltage SINGLE PHASE INVERTERS AND POWER CONDITIONERS operation of half and full bridge inverters – Performance parameters – Voltage cons PWM techniques – various harmonic elimination techniques – forced commutated	k converter- everters - Flyge mode co	ovback ontrol -	I and converted Desired Desire	DCN rters gn (
Non-Isolated operation—C Forward con Snubbers. UNIT III Principle of using variou	DC-DC Converters-Buck converter –Boost converter -Buck-Boost converter -Cu Dutput Voltage ripple - Limitations of Single stage conversion - Isolated DC-DC Converters - Push-Pull converters- Full bridge converters—Current mode and Voltage SINGLE PHASE INVERTERS AND POWER CONDITIONERS operation of half and full bridge inverters — Performance parameters — Voltage cons PWM techniques — various harmonic elimination techniques — forced commutated ower conditioners-UPS: offline UPS, online UPS.	k converter- everters - Fly ge mode con gentrol of sing thyristor in	ovback ontrol -	I and converted Desired Desire	DCN rters gn (
Non-Isolated operation—C Forward con Snubbers. UNIT III Principle of using variou inverters—po	DC-DC Converters-Buck converter –Boost converter -Buck-Boost converter -Cu Dutput Voltage ripple - Limitations of Single stage conversion - Isolated DC-DC Converters - Push-Pull converters- Full bridge converters—Current mode and Voltage SINGLE PHASE INVERTERS AND POWER CONDITIONERS operation of half and full bridge inverters — Performance parameters — Voltage cors PWM techniques — various harmonic elimination techniques — forced commutated ower conditioners-UPS: offline UPS, online UPS. THREE PHASE VOLTAGE SOURCE INVERTERS AND MULEVEL CONVERTERS	k converter- everters - Fly ge mode co- ge mode for ge mode to ge	o c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	I and converted by Desi	DCN rters gn (
Non-Isolated operation — Coperation — Copera	DC-DC Converters-Buck converter –Boost converter -Buck-Boost converter -Cu Dutput Voltage ripple - Limitations of Single stage conversion - Isolated DC-DC Converters - Push-Pull converters- Full bridge converters—Current mode and Voltage SINGLE PHASE INVERTERS AND POWER CONDITIONERS operation of half and full bridge inverters — Performance parameters — Voltage cons PWM techniques — various harmonic elimination techniques — forced commutated ower conditioners-UPS: offline UPS, online UPS. THREE PHASE VOLTAGE SOURCE INVERTERS AND MULEVEL CONVERTERS and 120 degree conduction mode inverters with star and delta connected loads — v	k converter- everters - Fly ge mode co ge mode co guttrol of sing d thyristor in ULTI guttrol guttr	o c CCM/back entrol -	I and converted by Desi	DCN rters gn of 9 rerters source 9 phase		
Non-Isolated operation — Coperation — Copera	DC-DC Converters-Buck converter –Boost converter -Buck-Boost converter -Cu Dutput Voltage ripple - Limitations of Single stage conversion - Isolated DC-DC Converters - Push-Pull converters- Full bridge converters—Current mode and Voltage SINGLE PHASE INVERTERS AND POWER CONDITIONERS operation of half and full bridge inverters — Performance parameters — Voltage cors PWM techniques — various harmonic elimination techniques — forced commutated ower conditioners-UPS: offline UPS, online UPS. THREE PHASE VOLTAGE SOURCE INVERTERS AND MULEVEL CONVERTERS	k converter- everters - Fly ge mode co ge mode co guttrol of sing d thyristor in ULTI guttrol guttr	o c CCM/back entrol -	I and converted by Desi	DCN rters gn of 9 rerters source 9 phase		
Non-Isolated operation — C Forward con Snubbers. UNIT III Principle of using variou inverters — pour UNIT IV 180 degree a inverters: sii	DC-DC Converters-Buck converter –Boost converter -Buck-Boost converter -Cu Dutput Voltage ripple - Limitations of Single stage conversion - Isolated DC-DC Converters - Push-Pull converters- Full bridge converters—Current mode and Voltage SINGLE PHASE INVERTERS AND POWER CONDITIONERS operation of half and full bridge inverters — Performance parameters — Voltage cons PWM techniques — various harmonic elimination techniques — forced commutated ower conditioners-UPS: offline UPS, online UPS. THREE PHASE VOLTAGE SOURCE INVERTERS AND MULEVEL CONVERTERS and 120 degree conduction mode inverters with star and delta connected loads — variely, multi pulse, sinusoidal, space vector modulation techniques — Application in	k converter- everters - Fly ge mode con ge mode con gentrol of sing d thyristor in ULTI g voltage contrate drive sys	o c CCM/back entrol -	I and converted by Desi	DCN rters gn o		
Non-Isolated operation —C Forward con Snubbers. UNIT III Principle of using variou inverters - pour UNIT IV 180 degree a inverters: sinheating - M	DC-DC Converters-Buck converter –Boost converter -Buck-Boost converter -Cu Dutput Voltage ripple - Limitations of Single stage conversion - Isolated DC-DC Converters - Push-Pull converters- Full bridge converters—Current mode and Voltage SINGLE PHASE INVERTERS AND POWER CONDITIONERS operation of half and full bridge inverters — Performance parameters — Voltage cons PWM techniques — various harmonic elimination techniques — forced commutated ower conditioners-UPS: offline UPS, online UPS. THREE PHASE VOLTAGE SOURCE INVERTERS AND MULEVEL CONVERTERS and 120 degree conduction mode inverters with star and delta connected loads — variely, multi pulse, sinusoidal, space vector modulation techniques — Application in ultilevel concept — diode clamped — flying capacitor — cascade type multilevel inverter	k converter- everters - Fly ge mode con ge mode con gentrol of sing d thyristor in ULTI g voltage contrate drive sys	o c CCM/back entrol -	I and converted by Desi	DCN rters gn (9 erters our cource phase source phase sou		
Non-Isolated operation —C Forward con Snubbers. UNIT III Principle of using variou inverters - per UNIT IV 180 degree a inverters: sin heating - Minurer - aprinciple - apri	DC-DC Converters-Buck converter –Boost converter -Buck-Boost converter -Cu Dutput Voltage ripple - Limitations of Single stage conversion - Isolated DC-DC Converters - Push-Pull converters- Full bridge converters—Current mode and Voltage SINGLE PHASE INVERTERS AND POWER CONDITIONERS operation of half and full bridge inverters — Performance parameters — Voltage cons PWM techniques — various harmonic elimination techniques — forced commutated ower conditioners-UPS: offline UPS, online UPS. THREE PHASE VOLTAGE SOURCE INVERTERS AND MULEVEL CONVERTERS and 120 degree conduction mode inverters with star and delta connected loads — variety and the pulse, sinusoidal, space vector modulation techniques — Application sultilevel concept — diode clamped — flying capacitor — cascade type multilevel inverter oplication of multilevel inverters.	k converter- everters - Fly ge mode con ge mode con gentrol of sing d thyristor in ULTI g voltage contrate drive sys	o cCM/back entrol -	I and converted by Desi	DCN rters gn of 9 rerters source 9 phase section		
Non-Isolated operation —C Forward con Snubbers. UNIT III Principle of using various inverters — pour towns of the control of	DC-DC Converters-Buck converter —Boost converter -Buck-Boost converter -Cu Dutput Voltage ripple - Limitations of Single stage conversion - Isolated DC-DC Converters - Push-Pull converters- Full bridge converters—Current mode and Voltage SINGLE PHASE INVERTERS AND POWER CONDITIONERS operation of half and full bridge inverters — Performance parameters — Voltage cons PWM techniques — various harmonic elimination techniques — forced commutated ower conditioners-UPS: offline UPS, online UPS. THREE PHASE VOLTAGE SOURCE INVERTERS AND MULEVEL CONVERTERS and 120 degree conduction mode inverters with star and delta connected loads — variely, multipulse, sinusoidal, space vector modulation techniques — Application in altilevel concept — diode clamped — flying capacitor — cascade type multilevel inverters polication of multilevel inverters. CURRENT SOURCE INVERTER	k converter- everters - Fly ge mode con ge mode con gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultaria gultari	o CCM/back/ntrol - o le phanyerter o crol of tem - ison o	and converted by three and	phasactio		
Non-Isolated operation — C Forward con Snubbers. UNIT III Principle of using various inverters — pour towns of the properation of the properation of the properation of the properation — C Poperation —	DC-DC Converters-Buck converter —Boost converter -Buck-Boost converter -Cu Dutput Voltage ripple - Limitations of Single stage conversion - Isolated DC-DC Converters - Push-Pull converters- Full bridge converters—Current mode and Voltage SINGLE PHASE INVERTERS AND POWER CONDITIONERS operation of half and full bridge inverters — Performance parameters — Voltage conserved reconditioners — various harmonic elimination techniques — forced commutated ower conditioners-UPS: offline UPS, online UPS. THREE PHASE VOLTAGE SOURCE INVERTERS AND MULEVEL CONVERTERS and 120 degree conduction mode inverters with star and delta connected loads — variely, multipulse, sinusoidal, space vector modulation techniques — Application of pultilevel concept — diode clamped — flying capacitor — cascade type multilevel inverters population of multilevel inverters. CURRENT SOURCE INVERTER f six-step thyristor inverter — inverter operation modes — load — commutated inverters.	k converter- everters - Fly ge mode control of sing d thyristor in ULTI 9 roltage control to drive systems - Compan 9 erters - Aut	orol of tem — ison of sequences of the s	I and converted by three Industry Indus	phasicilev		
Non-Isolated operation — Coperation — Copera	DC-DC Converters-Buck converter —Boost converter -Buck-Boost converter -Cu Dutput Voltage ripple - Limitations of Single stage conversion - Isolated DC-DC Converters - Push-Pull converters- Full bridge converters—Current mode and Voltage SINGLE PHASE INVERTERS AND POWER CONDITIONERS operation of half and full bridge inverters — Performance parameters — Voltage cons PWM techniques — various harmonic elimination techniques — forced commutated ower conditioners-UPS: offline UPS, online UPS. THREE PHASE VOLTAGE SOURCE INVERTERS AND MULEVEL CONVERTERS and 120 degree conduction mode inverters with star and delta connected loads — variely, multipulse, sinusoidal, space vector modulation techniques — Application of altitlevel concept — diode clamped — flying capacitor — cascade type multilevel inverted opplication of multilevel inverters. CURRENT SOURCE INVERTER f six-step thyristor inverter — inverter operation modes — load — commutated inverter (ASCI)— current pulsations —comparison of current source inverter and volume to the content of th	k converter- everters - Fly ge mode control of sing d thyristor in ULTI 9 roltage control to drive systems - Compan 9 erters - Aut	orol of tem — ison of sequences of the s	I and converted by three Industry Indus	pha: actic g g g g cui		
Non-Isolated operation — C Forward con Snubbers. UNIT III Principle of using variou inverters — per UNIT IV 180 degree a inverters: sinheating — Minverters — a UNIT V Operation of source inverters	DC-DC Converters-Buck converter —Boost converter -Buck-Boost converter -Cu Dutput Voltage ripple - Limitations of Single stage conversion - Isolated DC-DC Converters - Push-Pull converters- Full bridge converters—Current mode and Voltage SINGLE PHASE INVERTERS AND POWER CONDITIONERS operation of half and full bridge inverters — Performance parameters — Voltage cons PWM techniques — various harmonic elimination techniques — forced commutated ower conditioners-UPS: offline UPS, online UPS. THREE PHASE VOLTAGE SOURCE INVERTERS AND MULEVEL CONVERTERS and 120 degree conduction mode inverters with star and delta connected loads — variety and 120 degree conduction mode inverters with star and delta connected loads — variety and 120 degree conduction mode inverters with star and delta connected loads — variety and 120 degree conduction mode inverters with star and delta connected loads — variety and 120 degree conduction mode inverters with star and delta connected loads — variety and 120 degree conduction mode inverters with star and delta connected loads — variety and 120 degree conduction mode inverters with star and delta connected loads — variety and 120 degree conduction mode clamped — flying capacitor — cascade type multilevel inverter pulcation of multilevel inverters. CURRENT SOURCE INVERTER f six-step thyristor inverter — inverter operation modes — load — commutated inverter (ASCI)— current pulsations —comparison of current source inverter and volume or current source inverters.	k converter- everters - Fly ge mode control of sing d thyristor in ULTI 9 roltage control to drive systems - Compan 9 erters - Aut	o CCM back entrol - o le phaniverter o or close of sequence invested	I and converted by three Industries Industries	pha acticular cui - P		

REFE	RENCES:
1.	Bimbhra, P.S, "Power Electronics", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 4th Edition, 2012.
2.	Rashid M.H., "Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices and Applications", Pearson, 4th Edition, 2021.
3.	Mohan, Net al. "Power Electronics: Converters, Application and Design", Wiley India (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 3 rd Editio 2010.
4.	Bimal K. Bose "Modern Power Electronics and AC Drives", Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2003.
5.	Murphy, J.M.D and Turnbull, F.G "Power Electronics Control of AC Motors ", Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1988.
6.	P.C. Sen, "Modern Power Electronics", Wheeler Publishing Co, First Edition, New Delhi, 1998.
7.	Jai P.Agrawal, "Power Electronics Systems", Pearson Education, Eight Edition, 2015
8.	www.onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/
9.	www.class-central.com

Course	Ou	tcomes:	Bloom's Taxonomy
Upon co	mpl	etion of this course, the students will be able to:	Mapped
CO1	:	Get expertise in the working modes and operation of Power converters.	L2: Understanding
CO2	:	Select and design dc-dc converter topologies for a broad range of power conversion applications.	L6: Creating
CO3	:	Design single phase and three phase inverters for various applications	L6: Creating
CO4	:	Formulate and design the current source inverter.	L6: Creating
CO5	:	Identify suitable modulation techniques for Power Electronics Converters	L1: Remembering

COCK	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX													
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	2	1	1					1	1	1		3	2	1
CO2	1	3	3	2	2		1	1	1	1	1	1	3	2
CO3	1	3	3	2	2		1	1	1	1	1	1	3	2
CO4	1	3	3	2	2		1	1	1	1	1	1	3	2
CO5	1	2	2	3	1		1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1
Avg.	1.2	2.4	2.4	2.25	1.75	0	1	1	1	1	1	1.6	2.6	1.6
	3/2/1-indicates strength of correlation (3- High, 2-Medium, 1- Low)													

22PEC13	ADVANCED POWER ELECTRONICS LABO	RATORY	SEMESTER I				
PREREQUI	EREQUISTIES CATEGORY PC Credit						
Electron Devi	and Cinnite Denne Floring	House/Wools	L	Т	P	TH	
Electron Devices and Circuits, Power Electronics		Hours/Week	0	0	4	4	

- 1. To provide an insight on the switching behaviors of power electronic switches
- 2. To make the students familiar with the digital tools used in generation of gate pulses for the power electronic switches
- 3. To make the students capable of implementing analog interfacing as well as control circuits used in a closed-loop control for power electronic system
- 4. To make the students acquire knowledge on mathematical modeling of power electronic circuits and implementing the same using simulation tools

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Study of Power electronics Switches with and without Snubber (i) IGBT (ii) MOSFET
- 2. Simulation of 1-phase fully controlled converter with R-load, RL load, and RLE (motor) load at different firing angles.
- 3. Simulation of 1-phase semi-converter with R-load, RL load, and RLE (Motor) load
- 4. Circuit Simulation of Three-phase fully controlled converter with R, RL & RLE load.
- 5. Circuit Simulation of Three-phase Voltage Source Inverter in 180 and 120 degree mode of Conduction
- 6. Circuit simulation of Three-phase PWM inverter and study of spectrum analysis for various modulation indices.
- 7. Simulation of Four quadrant operation of DC Chopper.
- 8. Simulation of a single-phase Z-source inverter with R load.
- 9. Simulation of three-phase AC voltage Controller with R load.
- 10. Simulation of a five-level cascaded multilevel inverter with R load.
- 11. Simulation of Series Resonant converter with RL load.
- 12. Simulation of 1-phase dual converter.
- 13. Numerical solution of ordinary differential, partial and integral equations using MATLAB.

Total (60+0)=60 Periods

REFE	RENCES:
1.	Bimbhra, P.S, "Power Electronics", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 4th Edition, 2012.
2.	Rashid M.H., "Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices and Applications", Pearson, 4th Edition, 2021.
3.	Mohan, Net al. "Power Electronics: Converters, Application and Design", Wiley India (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 3rd Editio
3.	2010.
4.	Bimal K. Bose "Modern Power Electronics and AC Drives", Pearson Education,
4.	Second Edition, 2003.
5.	Murphy, J.M.D and Turnbull, F.G "Power Electronics Control of AC Motors", Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1988.
6.	P.C. Sen, "Modern Power Electronics", Wheeler Publishing Co, First Edition, New Delhi, 1998.
7.	Jai P.Agrawal, "Power Electronics Systems", Pearson Education, Eight Edition, 2015
8.	www.onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/
9.	www.class-central.com

Course O	utco	Bloom's Taxonomy					
Upon comp	Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:						
CO1	CO1 : Model power electronics converter/Inverter in software						
CO2	:	Simulate any power electronic converter/Inverter	L2: Understanding				
CO3	:	Obtain numerical solutions of partial, differential and integral equations	L3: Applying				
CO4	:	Test single phase full converter for any type of R and RL load	L4: Evaluating				
CO5	:	Test single phase full converter for dc motors	L4: Evaluating				

COUR	SE AR	TICUI	LATIO	N MA	TRIX									
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1		3		3	3		2	3	1		1	2	1	1
CO2	1		2		3	1	2	3		1	1	2	1	1
CO3		2	1	3	2			1			2	3	1	1
CO4				3	3		2	2	1	2		3	1	1
CO5	1		1		3	1		2	2		1	2	1	1
Avg	1	2.5	1.3	3	2.8	1	2	2.2	1.3	1.5	1.25	2.4	1	1
	3/2/1-indicates strength of correlation (3- High, 2-Medium, 1- Low)													

22PEC14	ADVANCED DIGITAL CONTROL	SEMESTER I					
PREREQUISITES		CATEGORY	PC C		edit	2	
Power Electronics , Microcor	TT /557 1	L	T	P	TH		
	Hours/Week	0	0	4	4		

- 1. Implementation of DSC to various control techniques
- 2. Writing coding for control techniques

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Interfacing of LCD with DSC and displaying a message
- 2. Generation of Square Trigger Pulse using DSC
- 3. Measurement of Voltage/Current/Temperature
- 4. Open loop control of Buck/Boost/Buck-Boost Converter using DSC
- 5. Closed loop control of Buck/Boost/Buck-Boost Converter using DSC
- 6. Single phase square wave inverter control in open loop using DSC
- 7. Single phase square wave inverter control in closed loop using DSC
- 8. Single Phase AC-DC Converter in open loop using DSC
- 9. Single Phase AC-DC Converter in closed loop using DSC
- 10. Sine PWM based single phase inverter using DSC
- 11. Single phase AC Voltage controller control using DSC
- 12. Three Phase Inverter control using DSC

Total (60+0) = 60 Periods

REFERENCES:

1. "Microcontroller based applied digital control", D.Ibrahim, John Wiley, 2006

Cours	Course Outcomes:									
Upon c	omj	Bloom's Taxonomy Mapped								
CO1		Understand the peripheral requirements for controlling the circuit	L2:Understanding							
CO2	:	Understand and implement the configurations of various required peripherals	L3:Applying							
CO3	:	Write coding to implement the devised control technique	L4:Analyzing							
CO4	:	Understand and implement the measurement principles through digital techniques	L3:Applying							
CO5	:	Develop algorithms for implementation of controls and implement isolation techniques for power control	L6:Creating							

COURS	E AR	ΓICUL	ATIO	N MAT	RIX									
COs/P	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
Os	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	1	2	3
CO1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
CO2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
CO3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
CO4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Avg	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

22MLC01	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND	SEMESTER I							
PREREQUISITES CATEGORY					it	3			
		TT/NYI-	L	T	P	ТН			
		Hours/Week	3	0	0	3			
COURSE OBJECTIVES:									
To develop the subject of the research, encourage the formation of higher level of trained intellectual ability, critical analysis, rigor and independence of thought, foster individual judgement and skill in the application of research theory and methods and									

develop skills required in writing research proposals, reports and dissertations.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO RESEARCH

9 0 0 9

Meaning of research problem, Sources of research problem, Criteria Characteristics of a good research problem, Errors in selecting a research problem, Scope and objectives of the research problem, Approaches to investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, Necessary instrumentations.

UNIT II EFFECTIVE LITERATURE STUDIES APPROACHES, ANALYSIS 9 0 0 9

Developing the theoretical framework of research - Developing operational statements of the problem - Criteria for evaluating research approach - Hypotheses: Parametric and non-parametric testing- Establishing the reliability and validity of findings with literature review and experiments – documentation, Plagiarism, Research ethics.

UNIT III EFFECTIVE TECHNICAL WRITING, HOW TO WRITE REPORT, 9 0 0 9

Developing a Research Proposal, Format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee

UNIT IV NATURE OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

0 0 9

Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright, process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, and development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents, Patenting under PCT.

UNIT V PATENT RIGHTS AND IPR

0 0

Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Patent information and databases. Geographical indications. Administration of Patents System. New developments in IPR; IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc., Traditional knowledge Case Studies, IPR and IITs.

Total(45L) = 45 Periods

REFI	ERENCE BOOKS:
1	Stuart Melville and Wayne Goddard, "Research methodology: an introduction for science & Engineering students"
2	Wayne Goddard and Stuart Melville, "Research Methodology: An Introduction"
3	Ranjit Kumar, 2 nd Edition, "Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners"
4	Halbert, "Resisting Intellectual Property", Taylor & Francis Ltd, 2007.
5	Mayall, "Industrial Design", McGraw Hill, 1992.
6	Niebel, "Product Design", McGraw Hill, 1974.
7	Asimov, "Introduction to Design", Prentice Hall, 1962.
8	Robert P. Merges, Peter S. Menell, Mark A. Lemley, "Intellectual Property in the New Technological Age", 2016.
9	T. Ramappa, "Intellectual Property Rights Under WTO", S. Chand, 2008

COUF	COURSE OUTCOMES:									
On con	nple	Bloom's Taxonomy Mapped								
CO1	:	Understand research problem formulation	L2:Understanding							
CO2	:	Analysis research related information	L4:Analyzing							
CO3	:	Follow research ethics	L1:Remembering							
CO4	:	Understand that today's world is controlled by computer, Information technology, but tomorrow's world is ruled by ideas, concepts and creativity.	L2:Understanding							
CO5	:	Understand that IPR production provides an incentive to inventors for further research work and investment in R& D, which leads to creation of new and better products, and in turn brings about economic growth and social benefits.	L2:Understanding							

COURSE	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX														
COs/	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO	
POs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	1	2	3	
CO1	2	2	1	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	-	
CO2	-	3	2	2	1	1	-	3	-	1	-	2	1	-	
CO3	-	-	2	-	-	1	1	1	-	3	1	-	=	-	
CO4	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	2	
CO5	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	3	
Avg	0.4	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.0	0.6	0.2	1.0	0.0	1.2	0.8	0.8	0.4	1.0	
			3 / 2	/ 1 -ind	licates	strengt	h of co	rrection	ı (3-Hig	gh, 2-Med	dium, 1-I	Low)			

22PEC21	MODELLING AND ANALYSIS OF ELECTRICAL	MACHINES	SE	MES	TER	II
PREREQUI	STIES	CATEGORY	PC Credit L T P		3	
			L	Т	P	TE
DC Machine	s, Induction Machines	Hours/Week	3	0	0	3
Course Obje	ectives:		1	1	1	
1. To intro	oduce the basics of DC machines and analyze magnetic circuits					
	yze the steady state and dynamic state operation of Induction machin		atical m	odelir	ıg.	
	yze the various types of machines and model with different transform					
	dy the phase controlled, frequency controlled and vector controlled	of induction motor				
	y the special machines and its model			1		
	MODELLING OF DC MACHINES cuit and electromagnetic torque - Electromechanical modelling - I		9	0	0	9
magnetic circu	citation - commutator action. Effect of armature mmf - Analyti it aspects- interpoles.			1		
	DYNAMIC MODELLING OF INDUCTION MACHINES		9	0	0	9
two phase ind	cuits - steady state performance equations - Dynamic modelling of fluction machine, Three phase to two phase transformation - Electric frames - stator reference, rotor reference, synchronously rotating PHASE CONTROLLED AND FREQUENCY INDUCTION MOTOR	ctromagnetic torque	- gene model.			del i
two phase indarbitrary reference UNIT III Stator voltage steady state a Volts/Hz cont	luction machine, Three phase to two phase transformation - Electence frames - stator reference, rotor reference, synchronously rotating PHASE CONTROLLED AND FREQUENCY INDUCTION MOTOR control: Steady state analysis- approximate analysis- slip power nalysis: Range of slip - equivalent circuit - performance characteristics implementation - steady state performance - dynamic simulated	ctromagnetic torque eg reference frames CONTROLLEI recovery scheme: teristics - Static So	principle cherbius	0 le of	opera	9 tion
two phase indarbitrary reference UNIT III Stator voltage steady state a Volts/Hz contumodel - computer the computer of the co	luction machine, Three phase to two phase transformation - Elecence frames - stator reference, rotor reference, synchronously rotating PHASE CONTROLLED AND FREQUENCY INDUCTION MOTOR control: Steady state analysis- approximate analysis- slip power nalysis: Range of slip - equivalent circuit - performance characteristic implementation - steady state performance - dynamic simulation of steady state performance.	ctromagnetic torque eg reference frames CONTROLLEI recovery scheme: teristics - Static So	principle cherbius s: Gene	0 le of drive	opera e. Co	9 tion nstan
two phase ind arbitrary refere UNIT III Stator voltage steady state a Volts/Hz cont model - computunit IV Principle of vemodulation. In	luction machine, Three phase to two phase transformation - Electence frames - stator reference, rotor reference, synchronously rotating PHASE CONTROLLED AND FREQUENCY INDUCTION MOTOR control: Steady state analysis- approximate analysis- slip power nalysis: Range of slip - equivalent circuit - performance characteristics implementation - steady state performance - dynamic simulated	ctromagnetic torque greference frames controller recovery scheme: teristics - Static School, PWM voltage in stator reference flux weakening ope	principle cherbius s: Gene	o le of drive ration o with sprincipality	opera e. Co - ma opera pace v ple of	9 tion nstar achin 9 vector f flui
two phase ind arbitrary refere UNIT III Stator voltage steady state a Volts/Hz cont model - computer UNIT IV Principle of vermodulation. It weakening open	duction machine, Three phase to two phase transformation - Electence frames - stator reference, rotor reference, synchronously rotating PHASE CONTROLLED AND FREQUENCY INDUCTION MOTOR control: Steady state analysis- approximate analysis- slip power nalysis: Range of slip - equivalent circuit - performance characteristic implementation - steady state performance - dynamic simulate attation of steady state performance. VECTOR CONTROLLED INDUCTION MOTOR ector control-direct vector control: flux and torque processor-DVC andirect vector control scheme: derivation and implementation. Flux	ctromagnetic torque greference frames controller recovery scheme: teristics - Static Scheme. The station of the	principle cherbius s: Gene	o le of drive ration o with sprincipality	opera e. Co - ma opera pace v ple of	9 tion nstan achim
two phase indarbitrary reference with arbitrary reference with a reference	duction machine, Three phase to two phase transformation - Electence frames - stator reference, rotor reference, synchronously rotating PHASE CONTROLLED AND FREQUENCY INDUCTION MOTOR control: Steady state analysis- approximate analysis- slip power nalysis: Range of slip - equivalent circuit - performance characteristic implementation - steady state performance - dynamic simulate attation of steady state performance. VECTOR CONTROLLED INDUCTION MOTOR ector control-direct vector control: flux and torque processor-DVC andirect vector control scheme: derivation and implementation. Flux eration-flux weakening in stator flux linkages-controlled schemes and	ctromagnetic torque greference frames controlled recovery scheme: teristics - Static Sotion. PWM voltage in stator reference flux weakening opend rotor flux linkage in stator flux linkage in stator flux linkage in sof BLDC motors	principle cherbius s: Gene 9 frames veration: s-control 9 f type -	ole of driveration owith sprincipolled so output	opera e. Cor - ma opera e. Cor - ma opera chemical opera o	9 9 yector f flues 9 9 yector f square 9 9 9 yector f square 1 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
two phase indarbitrary reference with arbitrary reference with a reference	luction machine, Three phase to two phase transformation - Electence frames - stator reference, rotor reference, synchronously rotating PHASE CONTROLLED AND FREQUENCY INDUCTION MOTOR control: Steady state analysis- approximate analysis- slip power nalysis: Range of slip - equivalent circuit - performance characterols implementation - steady state performance - dynamic simulated attation of steady state performance. VECTOR CONTROLLED INDUCTION MOTOR ector control-direct vector control: flux and torque processor-DVC and indirect vector control scheme: derivation and implementation. Flux eration-flux weakening in stator flux linkages-controlled schemes and MODELLING AND ANALYSIS OF SPECIAL MACHING and synchronous machine: surface permanent magnet (square and sections).	ctromagnetic torque greference frames controlled recovery scheme: teristics - Static Sotion. PWM voltage in stator reference flux weakening opend rotor flux linkage in stator flux linkage in stator flux linkage in sof BLDC motors	principle cherbius s: Gene 9 frames v ration: ps-contro	ole of driveration owith sprincipolled so output	opera e. Cor - ma opera e. Cor - ma opera chemical opera o	9 9 yector f flues 9 9 yector f square 9 9 9 yector f square 1 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
two phase ind arbitrary refere UNIT III Stator voltage steady state a Volts/Hz cont model - comptour UNIT IV Principle of vermodulation. It weakening oper UNIT V Permanent ma magnet type —	luction machine, Three phase to two phase transformation - Electence frames - stator reference, rotor reference, synchronously rotating PHASE CONTROLLED AND FREQUENCY INDUCTION MOTOR control: Steady state analysis- approximate analysis- slip power nalysis: Range of slip - equivalent circuit - performance characterols implementation - steady state performance - dynamic simulated attation of steady state performance. VECTOR CONTROLLED INDUCTION MOTOR ector control-direct vector control: flux and torque processor-DVC and indirect vector control scheme: derivation and implementation. Flux eration-flux weakening in stator flux linkages-controlled schemes and MODELLING AND ANALYSIS OF SPECIAL MACHING and synchronous machine: surface permanent magnet (square and sections).	ctromagnetic torque greference frames controlled recovery scheme: teristics - Static Sotion. PWM voltage in stator reference flux weakening opend rotor flux linkage in stator flux linkage in stator flux linkage in sof BLDC motors	principle cherbius s: Gene 9 frames veration: s-control 9 f type -	ole of driveration owith sprincipolled so output	opera e. Cor - ma opera e. Cor - ma opera chemical opera o	9 yestion nstan achir 9 yestion g yestio
two phase ind arbitrary refere UNIT III Stator voltage steady state a Volts/Hz cont model - compute UNIT IV Principle of vemodulation. In weakening operation of UNIT V Permanent material ma	duction machine, Three phase to two phase transformation - Electence frames - stator reference, rotor reference, synchronously rotatine PHASE CONTROLLED AND FREQUENCY INDUCTION MOTOR control: Steady state analysis- approximate analysis- slip power nalysis: Range of slip - equivalent circuit - performance characterols implementation - steady state performance - dynamic simulate attation of steady state performance. VECTOR CONTROLLED INDUCTION MOTOR ector control-direct vector control: flux and torque processor-DVC andirect vector control scheme: derivation and implementation. Flux articon-flux weakening in stator flux linkages-controlled schemes and MODELLING AND ANALYSIS OF SPECIAL MACHING and synchronous machine: surface permanent magnet (square and see Construction, operating principle and dynamic modelling - Analysi shnan, "Electric motor drives: modelling, analysis, and control", prer	ctromagnetic torque greference frames controlled recovery scheme: teristics - Static Sotion. PWM voltage in stator reference flux weakening opend rotor flux linkage IES sinusoidal back emits of BLDC motors Total (principle cherbius s: Gene 9 frames veration: 9 f type	ole of driveration owith sprincipolled so output	opera e. Cor - ma opera e. Cor - ma opera chemical opera o	9 9 yeston 9 9 9 yeston 9 9 9 yeston 9 9 9 9 yeston 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
two phase ind arbitrary refere UNIT III Stator voltage steady state a Volts/Hz cont model - compute UNIT IV Principle of vemodulation. In weakening oper UNIT V Permanent man magnet type — References: 1. R.Kri 2 P.C. I	duction machine, Three phase to two phase transformation - Electence frames - stator reference, rotor reference, synchronously rotating PHASE CONTROLLED AND FREQUENCY INDUCTION MOTOR control: Steady state analysis- approximate analysis- slip power nalysis: Range of slip - equivalent circuit - performance characterols implementation - steady state performance - dynamic simulate attation of steady state performance. VECTOR CONTROLLED INDUCTION MOTOR ector control-direct vector control: flux and torque processor-DVC andirect vector control scheme: derivation and implementation. Flux eration-flux weakening in stator flux linkages-controlled schemes and MODELLING AND ANALYSIS OF SPECIAL MACHING gnet synchronous machine: surface permanent magnet (square and seconstruction, operating principle and dynamic modelling – Analysis shnan, "Electric motor drives: modelling, analysis, and control", prer Krause, "Analysis of Electric Machines and Drive Systems", Wiley I	ctromagnetic torque greference frames a CONTROLLEI recovery scheme: teristics - Static Sottion. PWM voltage in stator reference for the station of the sta	principle cherbius s: Gene 9 frames veration: 9 f type	ole of driveration owith sprincipolled so output	opera e. Cor - ma opera e. Cor - ma opera chemical opera o	9 9 yector f flues 9 9 yector f flues 9 9 9 9 9
two phase ind arbitrary refere UNIT III Stator voltage steady state a Volts/Hz cont model - compute UNIT IV Principle of vermodulation. In weakening oper UNIT V Permanent mamagnet type — References: 1. R.Krii 2 P.C. II 3. P.S.B	duction machine, Three phase to two phase transformation - Electence frames - stator reference, rotor reference, synchronously rotating PHASE CONTROLLED AND FREQUENCY INDUCTION MOTOR control: Steady state analysis- approximate analysis- slip power nalysis: Range of slip - equivalent circuit - performance characteristic implementation - steady state performance - dynamic simulate attation of steady state performance. VECTOR CONTROLLED INDUCTION MOTOR ector control-direct vector control: flux and torque processor-DVC andirect vector control scheme: derivation and implementation. Flux eration-flux weakening in stator flux linkages-controlled schemes and MODELLING AND ANALYSIS OF SPECIAL MACHING gnet synchronous machine: surface permanent magnet (square and schonstruction, operating principle and dynamic modelling – Analysis construction, operating principle and dynamic modelling – Analysis shnan, "Electric motor drives: modelling, analysis, and control", prer Krause, "Analysis of Electric Machines and Drive Systems", Wiley I imbra, "generalized theory of Electric machines", khanna publishers.	ctromagnetic torque greference frames a CONTROLLEI recovery scheme: teristics - Static Sottion. PWM voltage in stator reference flux weakening opend rotor flux linkage IES sinusoidal back emits of BLDC motors Total (International, 2013, 5th Edition, 2017.	principle cherbius s: Gene 9 frames v ration: ps-control 9 f type) - 45L+0	ole of drive ration oliveration oliveratio	opera e. Co pace v ple of chemic	9 yestes 9 y
two phase ind arbitrary refere UNIT III Stator voltage steady state a Volts/Hz cont model - computer UNIT IV Principle of vermodulation. In weakening oper UNIT V Permanent mamagnet type — References: 1. R.Kri 2 P.C. I 3. P.S.B 4. Charl	duction machine, Three phase to two phase transformation - Electence frames - stator reference, rotor reference, synchronously rotating PHASE CONTROLLED AND FREQUENCY INDUCTION MOTOR control: Steady state analysis- approximate analysis- slip power nalysis: Range of slip - equivalent circuit - performance characterols implementation - steady state performance - dynamic simulate attation of steady state performance. VECTOR CONTROLLED INDUCTION MOTOR ector control-direct vector control: flux and torque processor-DVC andirect vector control scheme: derivation and implementation. Flux eration-flux weakening in stator flux linkages-controlled schemes and MODELLING AND ANALYSIS OF SPECIAL MACHING gnet synchronous machine: surface permanent magnet (square and seconstruction, operating principle and dynamic modelling – Analysis shnan, "Electric motor drives: modelling, analysis, and control", prer Krause, "Analysis of Electric Machines and Drive Systems", Wiley I	ctromagnetic torque greference frames controlled recovery scheme: teristics - Static Sotion. PWM voltage in stator reference flux weakening opend rotor flux linkage in sof BLDC motors Total (Intice hall of India, 2 International, 2013, 5th Edition, 2017. Intery", Tata McGraw	principle cherbius s: Gene 9 frames v ration: ps-control 9 f type) — 45L+0 Hill, 6th	ole of drive ration oliveration oliveratio	opera e. Co pace v ple of chemic	9 yestes 9 y

Course	Course Outcomes:										
Upon co	omp	oletion of this course, the students will be able to:	Bloom's Taxonomy Mapped								
CO1	:	Acquire knowledge about the DC machines and AC machines and their magnetic circuits.	L1: Remembering								
CO2		Develop mathematical model of AC & DC machines and perform transient analysis on them.	L6: Applying								
CO3	:	Understand the different types of reference frame theories and transformation relationships and Apply reference frame theory to AC machines	L2: Understanding								
CO4	:	Analyze the steady state and dynamic operation of three phase induction motor and special machines using transformation theory based mathematical Modelling	L4: Analyzing								
CO5	:	Select strategies to control the torque for a given application.	L4: Analyzing								

COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX

COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	2	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	2	1	3	3	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	3	3
СОЗ	2	2	2	2	3	1	3	1	1	3	1	2	2	2
CO4	2	3	2	3	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	3	2	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	3	3
Avg	2	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.6	1	2.6	1.2	1	1.8	1.2	1.8	2.2	2.4

22PEC22 MODERN ELECTRICA	L DRIVES	SE	MES	vely O dephase opera mes; O ole volumes opera mes;	II
PREREQUISTIES	CATEGORY	PC	Cre	edit	3
		L	Т	P	TH
Electron Devices and Circuits, Power Electronics	Hours/Week	3	0	0	3
Course Objectives:		ı			
1. To understand steady state operation and transient dynamics	of a motor load system				
2. To study and analyze the operation of the converter / chopper		and qua	ntitati	vely	
3. To analyze and design the current and speed controllers for a	closed loop solid state DC moto	r drive.			
4. To understand the implementation of control algorithms usin	g microcontrollers and phase loc	ked loop.			
UNIT I DC MOTORS FUNDAMENTALS AND MEG	CHANICAL SYSTEMS	9	0	0	9
control - Constant torque and constant horse power operations. Characteristics of mechanical system - dynamic equations, comp characteristics -multi-quadrant operation; Drive elements, types of n	onents of torque, types of load	; Require			
UNIT II CONVERTER CONTROL		9	0	0	9
employing dual converter.					D11 V
UNIT III INTRODUCTION TO INDUCTION MOTOR	RS	9	0	0	9
Steady state performance equations – Rotating magnetic field – constant frequency operation –Variable frequency operation, cons stator current operation, different braking methods.	torque production, Equivalent	circuit— V	Variab region	ole vo	9 ltage
Steady state performance equations – Rotating magnetic field – constant frequency operation –Variable frequency operation, constator current operation, different braking methods. UNIT IV FIELD ORIENTED CONTROL	torque production, Equivalent tant Volt/Hz operation. Drive o	circuit— V	Variatregion	ole vo	9 ltage riabl
Steady state performance equations – Rotating magnetic field – constant frequency operation –Variable frequency operation, cons stator current operation, different braking methods. UNIT IV FIELD ORIENTED CONTROL Field oriented control of Induction machines – Theory – DC dri estimation - Direct torque control of Induction Machines – Torq	torque production, Equivalent stant Volt/Hz operation. Drive of ve analogy – Direct and Indirect	perating 9	Variatregion 0 ds - 1	ole vons, var 0 Flux v	9 ltage riabl 9
Steady state performance equations – Rotating magnetic field – constant frequency operation –Variable frequency operation, cons stator current operation, different braking methods. UNIT IV FIELD ORIENTED CONTROL Field oriented control of Induction machines – Theory – DC dri estimation - Direct torque control of Induction Machines – Torq strategy.	torque production, Equivalent stant Volt/Hz operation. Drive of ve analogy – Direct and Indirect	perating 9	Variatregion 0 ds - 1	ole vons, var 0 Flux v	ltageriable 9 vector
Steady state performance equations – Rotating magnetic field – constant frequency operation –Variable frequency operation, constator current operation, different braking methods.	torque production, Equivalent stant Volt/Hz operation. Drive of ve analogy – Direct and Indireque expression with stator and mance equations of operation from	perating 9 ct methodotor flux 9 n a voltage	Variative de la constant de la const	ole vons, vans, va	ltage riabl 9 vector ontro
Steady state performance equations – Rotating magnetic field – constant frequency operation –Variable frequency operation, cons stator current operation, different braking methods. UNIT IV FIELD ORIENTED CONTROL Field oriented control of Induction machines – Theory – DC dri estimation - Direct torque control of Induction Machines – Torq strategy. UNIT V SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR DRIVES Wound field cylindrical rotor motor – Equivalent circuits – performand braking, self control – Load commutated Synchronous mo	torque production, Equivalent stant Volt/Hz operation. Drive of ve analogy – Direct and Indireque expression with stator and stance equations of operation fro tor drives - Brush and Brushl	perating 9 ct methodotor flux 9 n a voltage	Variatoregion O ds - 1 es, D O ge sou	ole voins, vains, vains	9 Vector 9 starr
Steady state performance equations — Rotating magnetic field — constant frequency operation —Variable frequency operation, constator current operation, different braking methods. UNIT IV FIELD ORIENTED CONTROL Field oriented control of Induction machines — Theory — DC driestimation — Direct torque control of Induction Machines — Torque strategy. UNIT V SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR DRIVES Wound field cylindrical rotor motor — Equivalent circuits — performand braking, self control — Load commutated Synchronous mo operation	torque production, Equivalent stant Volt/Hz operation. Drive of ve analogy – Direct and Indireque expression with stator and stance equations of operation fro tor drives - Brush and Brushl	perating 9 ct methodotor flux 9 m a voltagess excita	Variatoregion O ds - 1 es, D O ge sou	olle voins, variante of the voins, variante o	9 ltage riabl 9 vector ontro 9 start
Steady state performance equations — Rotating magnetic field — constant frequency operation —Variable frequency operation, constant current operation, different braking methods. UNIT IV FIELD ORIENTED CONTROL Field oriented control of Induction machines — Theory — DC driestimation — Direct torque control of Induction Machines — Torque strategy. UNIT V SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR DRIVES Wound field cylindrical rotor motor — Equivalent circuits — performand braking, self control — Load commutated Synchronous mooperation REFERENCES:	torque production, Equivalent stant Volt/Hz operation. Drive of ve analogy – Direct and Indireque expression with stator and stance equations of operation frostor drives - Brush and Brushl	perating 9 ct methodotor flux 9 m a voltagess excita	Variatoregion O ds - 1 es, D O ge sou	olle voins, variante of the voins, variante o	9 vector ontro 9 star
Steady state performance equations – Rotating magnetic field – constant frequency operation –Variable frequency operation, cons stator current operation, different braking methods. UNIT IV FIELD ORIENTED CONTROL Field oriented control of Induction machines – Theory – DC dri estimation - Direct torque control of Induction Machines – Torq strategy. UNIT V SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR DRIVES Wound field cylindrical rotor motor – Equivalent circuits – performand braking, self control – Load commutated Synchronous mo	torque production, Equivalent stant Volt/Hz operation. Drive of the stant Volt/Hz operation of the stant Volt/Hz operation. Drive of the stant Vol	perating 9 ct methodotor flux 9 m a voltagess excita	Variatoregion O ds - 1 es, D O ge sou	olle voins, variante of the voins, variante o	9 Vector yestar

1.	Dubey, G.K. "Power Semiconductor Controlled Drives", PH International, New Jersey, 1989.
2.	Bimal K Bose, "Modern Power Electronics and AC Drives", Pearson Education Asia 2004.
3.	GobalK.Dubey, "Fundamentals of Electrical Drives", Narosal Publishing House, New Delhi, Second Edition, 2009.
4.	Sen, P.C. "Thyristor D.C Drives ", John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1981.
5.	R.Krishnan, "Electric Motor Drives – Modeling, Analysis and Control", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 2003.
6.	Subharamanyam V. "Electric Drives-Concepts and Applications ", TMH Publi., 1994.
7.	W.Leonhard, "Control of Electrical Drives", Narosa Publishing House, 1992.
8.	Murphy J.M.D and Turnbull, "Thyristor Control of AC Motors", Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1988.
9	www.onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/
10.	www.class-central.com

Course C	uto	comes:	Bloom's Taxonomy
Upon com	plet	ion of this course, the students will be able to:	Mapped
CO1	:	Select suitable drives for industries.	L4: Analyzing
CO2		Analyse various characteristics of electrical drives with single and three phase	L4: Analyzing
CO2	•	converters.	L4. Anaryzing
CO3	:	Suggest suitable speed control method for the electrical drives	L2: Understanding
CO4	:	Operate power electronics converters in continuous/discontinuous mode	L2: Understanding
CO5	:	Use closed loop control schemes for electrical motor drives.	L3: Applying

COUR	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX													
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	1				2	1	2		2	1	2	3	2	1
CO2	1	3	3	2	2	1	2	2	1		1	2	1	1
CO3	1			2	2	1		2	1		1	3	2	1
CO4	1		2	2	2		2	2			1	2	2	1
CO5	1	2	3	2	3		2	2		1	1	3	2	1
Avg	1	2.5	2.6	2	2.2	1	2	2	1.3	1	1.2	2.6	1.8	1
			3/2/1-	indicate	s streng	th of co	rrelatio	n (3- Hi	gh, 2-M	ledium,	1- Low))	•	

22PEC23	22PEC23 POWER ELECTRONICS FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEM LABORATORY PREREQUISTIES CATEGORY PC Cro						
PREREQUI	STIES	CATEGORY	PC	Cro	edit	2	
		_	L	T	P	ТН	
Electron Devi	ces and Circuits, Power Electronics	Hours/Week	0	0	4	4	

- 1. To provide an insight on the switching behaviors of power electronic switches
- 2. To make the students familiar with the digital tools used in generation of gate pulses for the power electronic switches
- 3. To make the students capable of implementing analog interfacing as well as control circuits used in a closed-loop control for power electronic system
- 4. To make the students acquire knowledge on renewable energy conversion system

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Single phase ac voltage controller using SCR and TRIAC
- 2. Three phase half and fully controlled bridge converter
- 3. Single phase series inverter
- 4. IGBT based three phase PWM Inverter
- 5. MOSFET based buck boost converter
- 6. DC-DC forward converter
- 7. DC-DC flyback converter
- 8. Single phase dual converter
- 9. DC series resonant converter
- 10. Solar PV energy conversion system
- 11. wind energy conversion system
- 12. Simulation of Fuel cell energy conversion system
- 13. Simulation of grid tied inverter for solar PV energy conversion system
- 14. Simulation of hybrid (PV-Diesel, Wind-Diesel, Hydro-PV, Biomass-PV) energy conversion system

Total (60+0)= 60 Periods

REFE	RENCES:
1.	Bimbhra, P.S, "Power Electronics", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 4th Edition, 2012.
2.	Rashid M.H., "Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices and Applications", Pearson, 4th Edition, 2021.
3.	GobalK.Dubey, "Fundamentals of Electrical Drives", Narosal Publishing House, New Delhi, Second Edition, 2009.
4.	Sen, P.C. "Thyristor D.C Drives ", John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1981.
5.	R.Krishnan, "Electric Motor Drives – Modeling, Analysis and Control", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi,
Э.	2003.
6.	Subharamanyam V. "Electric Drives-Concepts and Applications ", TMH Publi., 1994.
7.	W.Leonhard, "Control of Electrical Drives", Narosa Publishing House, 1992.
8.	Murphy J.M.D and Turnbull, "Thyristor Control of AC Motors", Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1988.
9.	Dubey, G.K. "Power Semiconductor Controlled Drives", PH International, New Jersey, 1989.
10.	Bimal K Bose, "Modern Power Electronics and AC Drives", Pearson Education Asia 2004.
11.	Chetan Singh Solanki: Solar photovoltaics: Fundamental Technology and Application, Second Edition, PHI, 2012
12	www.onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/
13	www.class-central.com

		utcomes: Deletion of this course, the students will be able to:	Bloom's Taxonomy Mapped
CO1	:	Identification of suitable analog and digital controller for the converter design.	L1: Remembering
CO2	:	Test the power electronics converters/Inverters	L5:Evaluating
CO3	:	Know the significance of gate driver, sensing and protection circuits in power converters.	L2:Understanding
CO4	:	Design the power converters such as AC-DC, DC-DC, and AC-AC converters for Solar energy systems	L6:Creating
CO5	:	Design the power converters such as AC-DC, DC-DC, and AC-AC converters for Wind energy systems	L6:Creating

COUR	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX														
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	
CO1	2		3	3	3		2	3	2		2	3	2	1	
CO2	2	3	3		3	1	2	3	1	1	1	3	2	1	
CO3	2	3			2	1	1	1			1	3	1	1	
CO4			3	3	3	1	2	3	1		1	2	1	1	
CO5	2	3	3		3		2	3		1	1	2	1	1	
Avg	2	3	3	3	2.8	1	1.8	2.6	1.3	1	1.2	2.6	1.4	1	
		•	3/2/1-	indicate	s streng	th of co	rrelatio	n (3- Hi	gh, 2-M	ledium,	1- Low)	•		•	

22PEC24	ADVANCED ELECTRICAL DRIVES	SEMESTER II					
PREREQUISITES		CATEGORY				2	
AC and DC Drives		Hours/Week	L	Т	P	TH	
			0	0	4	4	

- 1. To analyze the operation of DC and AC motor drives
- 2. To study the performance of PMSM, BLDC and SRM drives
- 3. To gain knowledge on closed loop control of PMSM, BLDC and SRM drives.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Four quadrant chopper fed DC motor drive
- 2. V/f control of three phase induction motor with voltage source inverter
- 3. DSP based speed control of SRM motor
- 4. DTC control of Induction motor drive
- 5. Self-controlled synchronous motor drive
- 6. Closed loop control of PMSM motor
- 7. Simulation study of four quadrant operation of DC drives using dual converter circuit
- 8. Simulation study of Field oriented control induction motor drive
- 9. Simulation study of CSI fed three phase induction motor drive
- 10. Simulation study of closed loop control of BLDC motor drive

Total (60+0) = 60 Periods

REFERENCES:

1. "Advanced and Intelligent Control in Power Electronics and Drives", R.Kennel, Springer, 2014.

Course	O	atcomes:	Bloom's Taxonomy
Upon co	mp	letion of this course, the students will be able to:	Mapped
CO1	:	Design closed loop control for PMSM and SRM drives.	L3:Applying
CO2	:	Analyze the operation of VSI and CSI fed induction motor drives	L4:Analyzing
CO3	:	Select suitable inverter configuration and control for three phase induction	L6:Creating
		motor drives.	
CO4	:	Analyze the operation of synchronous motor drives.	L4:Analyzing
CO5	:	Use digital control for special motor drives.	L3:Applying

COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX														
COs/PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3
CO1	2		3	2		1		2		1		1	1	
CO2	1	3						1				1	1	
CO3	3		1					1			2	1	1	
CO4	1	3						2				1	1	1
CO5	2			3	1			1				1	1	1
Avg	1.8	3	2	2.5	1	1	0	1.4	0	1	2	1	1	1

2PEE11	ADVANCED MICROCONTROLLER BASED SYSTI	EM DESIGN	SEM	EST	ER	I
PREREQU	ISTIES	CATEGORY	PE	Cre	edit	3
			L	T	P	TH
Microprocess	ors and Microcontroller	Hours/Week	3	0	0	3
Course Obj	ectives:		•			
1. To imp	plement digital control for power electronic applications					
	rn various DSP peripherals for proper implementations to power appli	cations				
	INTRODUCTION TO DSPIC 30F DIGITAL SIGNAL CO		9	0	0	9
dsPIC 30F C	PU Core – Programmers Model – CPU Registers – DSP Engine –	Memory Organizat	ion – D	ata –	Prog	ram –
	PROM Programming.	, ,			U	
UNIT II	SYSTEM CONFIGURATION		9	0	0	9
Oscillator Con	nfiguration – Power saving Modes - Various Resets – Device Configu	ration – Low Volta	age Dete	ect - I	O Po	rts
	CONTROL PERIPHERALS		9	0	0	9
Study, Config	guration and control - Interrupt Structure - Timers - Capture and Con	npare – AD Conve	rter-Int	roduc	tion to	o IDE
	Project development with simple C programming.	1				
	MOTOR CONTROL PERIPHERALS		9	0	0	9
Motor Contro	ol PWM – Different PWM modes – Dead Time – Output and Polarie	y Control – PWM	Fault P	ins –	Ouad	rature
Encoder Inter	<u> </u>	•			`	
UNIT V	APPLICATIONS		9	0	0	9
Closed loop	Control of Single and three Phase VSI, Sensored and Sensorless BI	DC Motor Control	1 – AC	Induc	ction 1	Motor
	ctor Control of AC Induction Motor - Servo Control of a DC-Brush M					
Display			Ü			
		Total (4	45L+0'	Γ)= 4	15 Pe	riods

Refere	ences:									
1.	dsPIC30F Family Reference Manual, Datasheets.									
2.	Creed Huddleston, "Intelligent Sensor Design using Microchip dsPIC", Newnes, 2007.									
3.	Zoran Milivojević, DjordjeŠaponjić, "Programming dsPIC (Digital SignalControllers) in C", MicroElectronika									

Course	Ou	tcomes:	Bloom's Taxonomy
Upon con	mpl	etion of this course, the students will be able to:	Mapped
CO1	:	Understand various DSP peripherals	L2:Understanding
CO2	:	Understand the configurations of peripherals for appropriate power applications	L1:Remembering
CO3	:	Write C coding for implementing controls using peripherals	L4:Analyzing
CO4	:	Implement interfacing techniques with DSP for control applications	L3:Applying
CO5	:	Understand and implement the control techniques for power electronic applications	L5:Evaluating

COU	RSE ARTIC	CULAT	TION N	MATR	IX									
CO s/P Os	PO1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PS O1	PS O2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO4	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1
CO5	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1
Avg	1	1.80	1.80	1	1	1	2.20	1	1	0.00	1	1.40	1.40	1
	3/2/1-indicates strength of correlation (3- High, 2-Medium, 1- Low)													

22PEE	12	APPLIED MATHEMATICS FOR ELECTRICAL ENGINE	ERING	SEMEST			ER I	
PREREC	UISTIE	CAT	EGORY	PE	Cr	Credit		
				L	Т	P	ТН	
		Hou	ırs/Week	3	0	0	3	
Course C	bjective	s:			<u> </u>		I	
1.	To familia	arize the students in the field of variational problems.						
2.	To acquir	e the techniques in solving simultaneous equations.						
3.	To impart	the knowledge in solving differential equations.						
4.	To procur	re the solutions of linear programming using Graphical and Simplex m	ethods.					
5.	To unders	stand the overall approach of dynamic programming.						
UNIT I	C	ALCULUS OF VARIATIONS		9	0	0	9	
Functional Kantorovio	depende ch method			ect me			z and	
UNIT II		DLUTION OF EQUATIONS		9	0	0	9	
		ethod, Curve fitting (Least square), Direct method: Gaussian Eliminati method: Gauss-Jacobi, Gauss - Seidel Methods.	on, Gauss–J	lordan	and F	actori	sation	
UNIT III		UMERICAL SOLUTION OF BOUNDARY VALUE PROB		9	0	0	9	
		n of ordinary Differential Equations-Euler' method-Euler's mod						
		a method for simultaneous equations and 2^{nd} order equations – 1	Multistep n	nethod	s - N	Iilne'	s and	
Adam's n				1	1	1	1	
UNIT IV		INEAR PROGRAMMING		9	0	0	9	
		aphical and Simplex methods – Transportation problem – Assignment	problem	1	1		1	
UNIT V		YNAMIC PROGRAMMING		9	0	0	9	
Elements of solutions.	of the dyn	namic programming model – optimality principle –Examples of dyna	mic progran	nming	mode	els and	l their	
			Total (4	5L+0	P) = 4	45 Pe	riods	

Referen	nces:
1.	Grewal, B.S., Higher Engineering Mathematics, 43 rd edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi 2014.
2.	Gupta, A.S., Calculus of Variations with Applications, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 2004.
3.	Gerald.C.F and Wheatley.P.O. "Applied Numerical analysis", Pearson Education, Asia, 7 th edition, New Delhi, 2006
4.	Taha, H.A., "Operations research – An Introduction", 9 th Edition, Pearson Education Edition, Asia, New Delhi (2014).
5.	Kanti Swarup, P.K.Gupta & Man Mohan" Operation Research", 17 th Edition, Reprint 2014. JBA Publishers. New Delhi.

		tcomes: etion of this course, the students will be able to:	Bloom's Taxonomy Mapped
CO1	:	Understand the concept of variational problems and its techniques.	L2:Understanding
CO2	:	Solve the linear equations	L6:Creating
CO3	:	determine the numerical solutions of differential equations	L3:Applying
CO4	:	Solve the Transportation and Routing problems using Optimization Techniques	L6:Creating
CO5	:	Gain the knowledge and concept of Dynamic Problems and techniques to solve	L3:Rembaberering

COUR	SE ART	ΓICUL	ATION	MATE	RIX									
COs/ POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1			3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1
CO2			3	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1		1	1
CO3			3	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	3		2	1
CO4			1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1		1	1
CO5			1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	3		1	1
Avg			2.2	1	1	1.6	1.4	1	1.2	1	1.8		1.2	1
	1	I	3/2/1-	indicate	s strengt	h of corr	elation (3- High,	2-Medi	um, 1- L	ow)	I	I	<u>l</u>

22PEE13	SYSTEM THEORY		SE	EMES	STEF	RΙ
PREREQUI	SITES	CATEGORY	PE	Credit		3
Power Electron	nics	Hours/Week	L	Т	P	ТН
Tower Electron		Hours, Week	3	0	0	3
Course Obje	ctives:		•			
1. To educ	eate on modelling and representing systems in state variable form					
	ate on solving linear and non-linear state equations					
3. To illus	trate the role of controllability and observability					
4. To gain	knowledge on stability analysis of systems using Lyapunov's theory	ry				
5. To impa	art knowledge on modal concepts and design of state and output fee	dback controllers an	d estima	ators		
UNIT I	STATE VARIABLE REPRESENTATION		9	0	0	9
Introduction -	Concept of State - State equations for Dynamic Systems - Time	invariance and linea	rity - N	onun	iquen	ess of
state model - S	tate Diagrams - Physical System and State Assignment: Linear con	tinuous-time models	- Inve	ted pe	enduli	
	SOLUTION OF STATE EQUATIONS		9	0	0	9
	uniqueness of solutions to Continuous-time state equations - Solu-			ar Tir	ne-Va	arying
	s - Evaluation of matrix exponential - System modes - Role of Eige	envalues and Eigenve			1	T
	CONTROLLABILITY AND OBSERVABILITY		9	0	0	9
General conce	pts: Controllability and Observability - Stabilizability and Detecta	ability - Tests for Co	ontinuo	ıs tim	e Sys	tems:
	and Time-invariant cases - Output Controllability - Reducibi s - Jordan canonical form.	lity - System Real	izations	: Pha	ise-va	riable
	STABILITY		9	0	0	9
	Equilibrium Points - Stability in the sense of Lyapunov - B.	IRO Stability -Stab		v	v	
	ability of Nonlinear Continuous-Time Autonomous Systems - The					
	me Autonomous Systems - Finding Lyapunov Functions for					
	sovski and Variable-Gradiant Methods.	rommear commu	4 5 11111		utono	inous
	POLE PLACEMENT		9	0	0	9
Introduction -	Controllable and Observable Companion Forms: SISO and MIMC	Systems - The Effe	ect of Si	tate F	eedba	ck on
	and Observability - Pole Placement by State Feedback for both					
Reduced Order	Observers.	·				
		Total (4	45L+0'	$\overline{\Gamma}$)= 4	5 Pe	riods
		`		-		

Refere	References:								
1.	Gopal, M., "Modern Control System Theory", New Age International, 2005.								
2.	Gopal, M., "Digital Control and State Variable Methods", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2003.								
3.	Bubnicki, Z., "Modern Control Theory", Springer Publishers, 2005.								
4.	Ogatta, K., "Modern Control Engineering", Prentice Hall of India, 2002.								

	Course Outcomes: Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:								
CO1	: Discuss the concept of state variable representation of systems. L2: Understand								
CO2	:	Solve linear and non-linear state equations.	L3: Applying						
CO3	:	Analyze the concepts of controllability and observability.	L4: Analyzing						
CO4	:	Develop the stability analysis of nonlinear systems.	L4: Analyzing						
CO5	:	Explain the concepts of Pole placement and State feedback.	L2: Understanding						

COURS	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX													
COs/ POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	3	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	1	1	3	3	1
CO2	1	1	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	2	1	1	3	2
CO3	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	3	2	2
CO4	2	3	2	3	3	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	3	1
CO5	2	2	3	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	2	2	2	2
Avg	1.40	2.00	2.20	2.20	2.20	1.40	2.20	1.60	1.20	2.00	1.40	2.20	2.60	1.60
	3/2/1-indicates strength of correlation (3- High, 2-Medium, 1- Low)													

22	PEE14	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHIN	E LEARNING	SE	MES	STER	k V			
PRE	REQUISI	ΓES	CATEGORY	PE	Cre	edit	3			
3.6.1	.•		** /**/ *	L	T	P	ТН			
Math	ematics		Hours/Week	3	0	0	3			
Cour	se Object	ives:			ı	1				
1.	To provide	e a strong foundation of fundamental concepts in Artificial Intelli	igence.							
2.	To anable the student to apply these techniques in applications which involve percention, reasoning and learning									
3.	To enable	Problem-solving through various searching techniques.								
4.	To simulate numerous innate human skills such as automatic programming, case – based reasoning, neural networks, Fuzzy Logic, decision-making, expert systems, pattern recognition and speech recognition, etc.									
5.	To apply A	AI techniques primarily for machine learning, vision, and robotic	s.							
UNI	ΓI IN	TRODUCTION TO AI AND PRODUCTION SYSTEM	IS	9	0	0	9			
Proble Proble	em charactem graphs,	AI-Problem formulation, Problem Definition -Production systemistics, Production system characteristics -Specialized productions, Indexing and Heuristic functions -Hill Climbing ated algorithms, Measure of performance and analysis of search analysis of search analysis of search analysis of search and analysis of search and analysis of search	ction system- Prob g-Depth first and E	lem so	lving	meth	ods -			
UNI		EPRESENTATION OF KNOWLEDGE	go	9	0	0	9			
Game	Game playing - Knowledge representation, Knowledge representation using Predicate logic, Introduction to predicate calculus, Resolution, Use of predicate calculus, Knowledge representation using other logic-Structured representation of knowledge.									
UNI	r III K	NOWLEDGE INFERENCE		9	0	0	9			
		sentation -Production based system, Frame based system. Infereach, Fuzzy reasoning - Certainty factors, Bayesian Theory-Bayes								
UNIT IV PLANNING AND MACHINE LEARNING 9 0 0										
		ation systems - Strips -Advanced plan generation systems $-K$ sions. Learning- Machine learning, adaptive Learning.	trips -Strategic expla	anations	s -Wh	y, Wł	ıy not			
UNI	r v E	KPERT SYSTEMS		9	0	0	9			
		- Architecture of expert systems, Roles of expert systems al expert systems - MYCIN, DART, XOON, Expert systems she		isition	-Met	a kno	wledg			
		•	Total (4	45L+0	T)=4	5 Pe	riods			

Refer	ences:
1.	David L. Poole, Alan K. Mackworth, "Artificial Intelligence: Foundations of Computational Agents", Cambridge University Press, 2010.
2.	Dan W.Patterson, "Introduction to Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems", PHI, 2006.
3.	Nils J. Nilsson, "Artificial Intelligence: A new Synthesis", Harcourt Asia Pvt. Ltd., 2000.
4.	Stuart Russell, Peter Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach", Third Edition, Pearson Education / Prentice Hall of India, 2010.
5.	Elaine Rich and Kevin Knight, "Artificial Intelligence", Third Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2010.
6.	Ethem Alpaydin, "Introduction to Machine Learning (Adaptive Computation and Machine Learning series)", The MIT Press; Second edition, 2009.
7.	Patrick H. Winston. "Artificial Intelligence", Third edition, Pearson Edition, 2006.
8.	Bratko I, "Prolog Programming for Artificial Intelligence", Addison-Wesley Educational Publishers Inc; Fourth Edition, 2011.
9.	www.onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in

		utcomes: oletion of this course, the students will be able to:	Bloom's Taxonomy Mapped
CO1	:	Provide a basic exposition to the goals and methods of Artificial Intelligence.	L1 Remembering
CO2	:	Study the design of intelligent computational agents.	L2 Understanding
CO3		Acquire knowledge through learning can be used both for problem solving and for reasoning planning, natural language understanding, computer vision, automatic programming and machine learning.	L5 Evaluating
CO4	:	Apply innate human skills such as automatic programming, case – based reasoning, neural networks, Fuzzy Logic, decision-making, expert systems, natural language processing, pattern recognition and speech recognition, etc.	L4 Analyzing
CO5	:	Enhance their knowledge in their Research works in future.	L3 Applying
CO6	:	Build new solutions in business in future.	L6 Creating

COs/	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO1	PSO	PSO	PSO
Pos	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	1	2	3
CO1	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	2	1	2
CO2	3	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1
CO3	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2
CO4	1	2	2	3	3	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	2
CO6	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	3	3	3	1	1	1
Avg	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.8	1.5	12	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.5	1	1.5

22PEE	22PEE15 DIGITAL CONTROL SYSTEM						
PRERE(UISTIES	CATEGORY	PE Cr		redit 3		
Control Sy	stems and Digital Signal Processing	Hours/Week	L 3	T 0	P 0	TH 3	
Course C	bjectives:			1			
	understand the digital signal processing.						
	study the design of sampled data control systems in state space.						
	mpart knowledge on digital control algorithms and stability study	dy.					
UNIT I	INTRODUCTION		9	0	0	9	
continuous	frequency and time response analysis and specifications of time compensations - continues time PI, PD, PID controllers, compensation schemes - problems.						
UNIT II	SIGNAL PROCESSING IN DIGITAL CONTROL		9	0	0	9	
signals - 7	igital control – Configuration of basic digital control scheme – l'ime domain and frequency domain models for discrete-time sy	stems - Aliasing – Reconst	truction	of ana	alog si	ignals	
Differentia –Jury's sta – Jordan c	aspects of the choice of sampling rate - Discretization based on	transform analysis of sample concepts: First compan	ion – Se	econd	comp	anion	
Differentia —Jury's sta — Jordan c principles. UNIT IV	aspects of the choice of sampling rate – Discretization based on MODELING AND ANALYSIS OF SAMPLED I SYSTEM 1 equation description – Z-transform method of description – Z-bility test – Routh stability criterion on the r-plane – State variation models – Discrete state variable models – state description — DESIGN OF DIGITAL CONTROL ALGORITHMS	ctransform analysis of sample concepts: First comparition of sampled continuous	pled data nion – Se s time pl	a contecond lants,	rol sy comp Eleme	stems vanior entary	
Differentia Jury's sta Jordan c principles. UNIT IV Introduction frequency	ASSECTION OF DIGITAL CONTROL ALGORITHMS DESIGN OF DIGITAL CONTROL ALGORITHMS n - z-plane specifications of control system design —Digital response plots - Digital lead lag compensator design using Root	control -transform analysis of sample concepts: First companion of sampled continuous S lead , lag and lag-lead continuous locus plots – z-plane synth	pled data nion – Se s time pl	a contecond lants,	rol sy comp Eleme	stems vanion entary 9 using	
Differentia –Jury's sta – Jordan c principles. UNIT IV Introduction frequency	Aspects of the choice of sampling rate – Discretization based on MODELING AND ANALYSIS OF SAMPLED I SYSTEM I equation description – Z-transform method of description – Z-bility test – Routh stability criterion on the r-plane – State variation and models – Discrete state variable models – state description – z-plane specifications of control system design – Digital response plots - Digital lead lag compensator design using Root at performance – Examples: Digital Controller Design for Buck	control -transform analysis of sample concepts: First companion of sampled continuous S lead , lag and lag-lead continuous lead , lag and	pled data nion – Se s time pl	a contecond lants,	rol sy comp Eleme	stems vanion entary 9 using	
Differentia Jury's sta Jordan c principles. UNIT IV Introduction frequency for deadbee UNIT V Developm system: Co Stepping r	ASSECTION OF DIGITAL CONTROL ALGORITHMS DESIGN OF DIGITAL CONTROL ALGORITHMS n - z-plane specifications of control system design —Digital response plots - Digital lead lag compensator design using Root	ctransform analysis of sample concepts: First companion of sampled continuous Selead, lag and lag-lead continuous and converter. ALGORITHMS Inable PID controllers - Discreption of shaft position/spectors.	pled data nion – Se s time pl pompensa nesis – D g igital ten peed, co occessors,	o to decide the control of the contr	rol sy comp Eleme 0 esign contr under control of the control of	stems panior pan	
Differentia Jury's sta Jordan c principles. UNIT IV Introduction frequency for deadbet UNIT V Developm system: Co Stepping r	MODELING AND ANALYSIS OF SAMPLED I SYSTEM I equation description – Z-transform method of description – Z-bility test – Routh stability criterion on the r-plane – State variation models – Discrete state variable models – state description – z-plane specifications of control system design –Digital response plots - Digital lead lag compensator design using Root at performance – Examples: Digital Controller Design for Buck PRACTICAL ASPECTS OF DIGITAL CONTROL ent and implementation of digital PID control algorithms – Tuentrol algorithm – Digital position control system: Digital measurements and their controls: Torque-speed curves, Interfacing of seconds.	ctransform analysis of sample concepts: First companion of sampled continuous Selead, lag and lag-lead continuous and lag and lag-lead continuous and converter. ALGORITHMS Inable PID controllers - Discreption of shaft position/systepper motors to microprosesses.	pled data nion – Se s time pl	o to decide the control of the contr	rol sy comp Eleme 0 esign contr under control of the control of	stems panior pan	
Differentia Jury's sta Jordan c principles. UNIT IV Introductio frequency for deadbe UNIT V Developm system: Co Stepping r logic control Reference	MODELING AND ANALYSIS OF SAMPLED I SYSTEM I equation description – Z-transform method of description – Z-bility test – Routh stability criterion on the r-plane – State variation and models – Discrete state variable models – state description – z-plane specifications of control system design –Digital response plots - Digital lead lag compensator design using Root at performance – Examples: Digital Controller Design for Buck PRACTICAL ASPECTS OF DIGITAL CONTROL ent and implementation of digital PID control algorithms – Tuentrol algorithm – Digital position control system: Digital measurements and their controls: Torque-speed curves, Interfacing of sollers, Fuzzy control of water heater.	ctransform analysis of sample concepts: First companion of sampled continuous Selead, lag and lag-lead continuous I lead, lag and lag-lead continuous I converter. ALGORITHMS Inable PID controllers - District position/s I stepper motors to microproces Total (pled data nion – Se s time pl 9 ompensa nesis – D gigital ter peed, co occssors, (45L+0	onterest of the control of the contr	rol sy comp Eleme 0 esign contr 0 cure coalgoring of	stems panior pan	
Differentia Jury's sta Jordan c principles. UNIT IV Introductio frequency for deadbe UNIT V Developm system: Co Stepping r logic control Reference	MODELING AND ANALYSIS OF SAMPLED I SYSTEM I equation description – Z-transform method of description – Z-bility test – Routh stability criterion on the r-plane – State variation models – Discrete state variable models – state description – z-plane specifications of control system design –Digital response plots - Digital lead lag compensator design using Root at performance – Examples: Digital Controller Design for Buck PRACTICAL ASPECTS OF DIGITAL CONTROL ent and implementation of digital PID control algorithms – Tuentrol algorithm – Digital position control system: Digital measure notors and their controls: Torque-speed curves, Interfacing of sollers, Fuzzy control of water heater.	ctransform analysis of sample concepts: First companion of sampled continuous Selead, lag and lag-lead continuous I lead, lag and lag-lead continuous I converter. ALGORITHMS Inable PID controllers - District position/s I stepper motors to microproces Total (pled data nion – Se s time pl 9 ompensa nesis – D gigital ter peed, co occssors, (45L+0	onterest of the control of the contr	rol sy comp Eleme 0 esign contr 0 cure coalgoring of	stems panior pan	
Differentia Jury's sta Jordan c principles. UNIT IV Introduction frequency for deadbee UNIT V Developm system: Co Stepping r logic control Reference 1. M 1.1.	MODELING AND ANALYSIS OF SAMPLED I SYSTEM I equation description – Z-transform method of description – Z-bility test – Routh stability criterion on the r-plane – State variation and models – Discrete state variable models – state description – z-plane specifications of control system design –Digital response plots - Digital lead lag compensator design using Root at performance – Examples: Digital Controller Design for Buck PRACTICAL ASPECTS OF DIGITAL CONTROL ent and implementation of digital PID control algorithms – Tuentrol algorithm – Digital position control system: Digital measurements and their controls: Torque-speed curves, Interfacing of sollers, Fuzzy control of water heater.	chransform analysis of sample concepts: First comparation of sampled continuous S lead , lag and lag-lead continuous chocus plots – z-plane synth chocus	pled data pled data pled data pled pled data pled pled pled pled percentage pl	a contecond lants, on the lants, on the lants, on the lants of the lan	rol sy comp Eleme 0 esign contr 0 ture calgoring of	stems panior pan	
Differentia Jury's sta Jordan c principles. UNIT IV Introductio frequency for deadbe UNIT V Developm system: Co Stepping r logic control Reference 1. M 2. Ed	MODELING AND ANALYSIS OF SAMPLED I SYSTEM I equation description — Z-transform method of description— Z-bility test — Routh stability criterion on the r-plane — State variation in a models — Discrete state variable models — state description— z-plane specifications of control system design —Digital response plots - Digital lead lag compensator design using Root at performance — Examples: Digital Controller Design for Buck PRACTICAL ASPECTS OF DIGITAL CONTROL ent and implementation of digital PID control algorithms — Tuentrol algorithm — Digital position control system: Digital measurements and their controls: Torque-speed curves, Interfacing of sollers, Fuzzy control of water heater. Ses: Gopal, "Digital Control and Static Variable Methods", Tata Models and M. Gopal, "Control Systems Engineering", New A. Nagrath & M. Gopal, "Control Systems Engineering", New A.	ctransform analysis of sample concepts: First companion of sampled continuous Selead, lag and lag-lead continuous Converter. ALGORITHMS Inable PID controllers - Distributement of shaft position/spectepper motors to microprocess Total (Concepts) Graw Hill, New Delhi, 20 In age International Publishers	pled data pled data pled data pled pled data pled pled pled pled percentage pl	a contecond lants, on the lants, on the lants, on the lants of the lan	rol sy comp Eleme 0 esign contr 0 ture calgoring of	stems panior entary 9 using collers ontro thm - fuzzy	
Differentia —Jury's sta — Jordan c principles. UNIT IV Introduction frequency for deadbee UNIT V Developm system: Co Stepping r logic control Reference 1. M 2. Ec 3. B.	MODELING AND ANALYSIS OF SAMPLED I SYSTEM I equation description – Z-transform method of description – Z-bility test – Routh stability criterion on the r-plane – State variation and models – Discrete state variable models – state description – z-plane specifications of control system design – Digital response plots - Digital lead lag compensator design using Root at performance – Examples: Digital Controller Design for Buck PRACTICAL ASPECTS OF DIGITAL CONTROL and implementation of digital PID control algorithms – Tuentrol algorithm – Digital position control system: Digital measurements and their controls: Torque-speed curves, Interfacing of sollers, Fuzzy control of water heater.	ctransform analysis of sample concepts: First companion of sampled continuous S lead , lag and lag-lead continuous clocus plots – z-plane synth converter. ALGORITHMS mable PID controllers - Distriction/s stepper motors to micropro Total (cGraw Hill, New Delhi, 20 age International Publishers and Edition, 2007.	pled data pled data pled data pled pled data pled pled pled pled percentage pl	a contecond lants, on the lants, on the lants, on the lants of the lan	rol sy comp Eleme 0 esign contr 0 ture calgoring of	y y using collers y y ontro thm - fuzzy	

	Course Outcomes: Jeon completion of this course, the students will be able to:							
CO1	:	: Get knowledge about digital control scheme. L2:Understa						
CO2	:	Get knowledge about sampling techniques.	L1:Remembering					
CO3	:	Design the various digital control algorithms.	L4:Analyzing					
CO4	:	Design the various types of digital controllers and compensators.	L3:Applying					
CO5	:	Get knowledge about applications of digital control.	L5:Evaluating					

COUR	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX													
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1
CO2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1
CO3	1	1	2	2	3	1	3	2	1	2	1	1	1	1
CO4	1	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	1	2	1	2	2	1
CO5	2	2	3	3	3	1	2	3	1	2	1	2	2	1
Avg	1.2	1.60	2.0	2.0	2.2	1	2.0	2.0	1	2.0	1	1.40	1.40	1

	SE	SEMESTER I							
PREREQUI	STIES	CATEGORY	PE	Credit		3			
			L	T	P	TH			
NIL		Hours/Week	3	0	0	3			
Course Objectives:									
1. To prov	vide exposure of advanced power electronic converters to be utilized	by the industries an	d utiliti	es					
UNIT I	MULTIPULSE CONVERTERS		9	0	0	9			
Concept of multi-pulse converters, Configurations for twelve pulse, eighteen pulse and twenty four pulse rectifiers, operation and waveform analysis, phase shifting transformer configurations for multi-pulse converters, Applications									
UNIT II	PULSE-WIDTH-MODULATED DC-DC CONVERTERS	8	9	0	0	9			
Forward converter, Half bridge and full-bridge converters, SEPIC Converter; Interleaved boost converter, transformer-isolated converter topologies, continuous and discontinuous conduction modes of operation, current ripple analysis of DC-DC converters									
converter topo	ologies, continuous and discontinuous conduction modes of ope	eration, current ripp	ole ana						
-	ologies, continuous and discontinuous conduction modes of ope	eration, current ripp	ole ana						
Converters UNIT III Diode Clampo	HIGH POWER CONVERTERS ed Type and Flying Capacitor Type Multi-Level Inverters and s	uitable modulation	9 strategi	lysis 0 ies -	of Do	G-DC 9 -level			
Converters UNIT III Diode Clampo inverters of Ca	HIGH POWER CONVERTERS ed Type and Flying Capacitor Type Multi-Level Inverters and sascade Type, Series Inverters. Analysis of Series Inverters. Modified	uitable modulation	9 strategi	lysis 0 ies - se Ser	of Do O Multi ies Inv	G-DC 9 -level verter			
Converters UNIT III Diode Clampo inverters of Ca UNIT IV	HIGH POWER CONVERTERS ed Type and Flying Capacitor Type Multi-Level Inverters and seascade Type, Series Inverters. Analysis of Series Inverters. Modified BIDIRECTIONAL CONVERTERS	uitable modulation Series Inverter. The	strategi ee Phas	lysis 0 ies - se Ser 0	of Do O Multi ies Inv O	9-level verter			
Converters UNIT III Diode Clampe inverters of Ca UNIT IV Single Phase	HIGH POWER CONVERTERS ed Type and Flying Capacitor Type Multi-Level Inverters and sascade Type, Series Inverters. Analysis of Series Inverters. Modified BIDIRECTIONAL CONVERTERS and three Phase bidirectional converters in rectifier mode, control	uitable modulation Series Inverter. Thr	strategiee Phase	lysis 0 ies - se Ser 0 of Inp	of Do Out Cu	9-level verter 9			
Converters UNIT III Diode Clampe inverters of Ca UNIT IV Single Phase Hysteresis con	HIGH POWER CONVERTERS ed Type and Flying Capacitor Type Multi-Level Inverters and sascade Type, Series Inverters. Analysis of Series Inverters. Modified BIDIRECTIONAL CONVERTERS and three Phase bidirectional converters in rectifier mode, control in Single Phase and three Phase inverter mode - Frequency	uitable modulation Series Inverter. Thr	strategiee Phase	lysis 0 ies - se Ser 0 of Inp	of Do Out Cu	9-level verter 9			
Converters UNIT III Diode Clampe inverters of Ca UNIT IV Single Phase Hysteresis con frequency con	HIGH POWER CONVERTERS ed Type and Flying Capacitor Type Multi-Level Inverters and sascade Type, Series Inverters. Analysis of Series Inverters. Modified BIDIRECTIONAL CONVERTERS and three Phase bidirectional converters in rectifier mode, control in Single Phase and three Phase inverter mode - Frequency trol methods.	uitable modulation Series Inverter. Thr	strateginee Phase 9 ontrol casis, Co	lysis 0 ies - se Ser 0 of Inpostan	of Do Out Cu	g-level verter g garrent. ching			
Converters UNIT III Diode Clampo inverters of Ca UNIT IV Single Phase Hysteresis con frequency con UNIT V	HIGH POWER CONVERTERS ed Type and Flying Capacitor Type Multi-Level Inverters and sascade Type, Series Inverters. Analysis of Series Inverters. Modified BIDIRECTIONAL CONVERTERS and three Phase bidirectional converters in rectifier mode, control introl in Single Phase and three Phase inverter mode - Frequency trol methods. RESONANT CONVERTERS	uitable modulation Series Inverter. Thr of DC voltage - c y control in hystere	strateginee Phase 9 ontrol casis, Co	lysis 0 ies - se Ser 0 of Inpunstan	Multi ies Inv 0 out Cut swit	9 -level verter 9 arrent. ching			
Converters UNIT III Diode Clampo inverters of Ca UNIT IV Single Phase Hysteresis con frequency con UNIT V Resonant swit	HIGH POWER CONVERTERS ed Type and Flying Capacitor Type Multi-Level Inverters and sascade Type, Series Inverters. Analysis of Series Inverters. Modified BIDIRECTIONAL CONVERTERS and three Phase bidirectional converters in rectifier mode, control in Single Phase and three Phase inverter mode - Frequency trol methods.	uitable modulation Series Inverter. The of DC voltage - c y control in hystere , Resonant DC link	strategi ee Phase 9 ontrol c sis, Co	lysis 0 ies - se Ser 0 of Inponstan 0 ers Hi	of DO Multi ies Inv Out Cu t swit	g-level verter 9 urrent. ching 9 equence			

Refer	References:							
1.	Bin Wu, "High Power Converters and AC Drives", John Willey & sons, Inc., 2017.							
2.	N. Mohan, Power Electronics: A First Course, John Wiley & Sons, 2014.							
3.	B. K Bose "Modern Power Electronics and AC Drives" Pearson Education, 2022.							
4.	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/107/108107128							

Course	Ou	tcomes:	Bloom's Taxonomy							
Upon cor	npl	Level								
CO1	CO1 : Explain the operating modes of new DC-DC voltage regulators L2-Understanding									
CO2	••	elect appropriate phase shifting converter for a multi-pulse converter operation L4-Analyzing								
CO3	••	Identify an inverter configuration for high power AC applications	L1-Remembering							
CO4	:	Use of appropriate control method for bidirectional converters L3-Applying								
CO5	:	nalyze resonant converters with optimal component selection L4-Analyzeing								

COURS	E ART	ICULA	ATION	MAT	RIX									
COs/P Os	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	2	1	2			1	2	2	2		1	2	2	1
CO2	1				2	1		1	1	3		2	1	
CO3	2	1	2	2	1		2	1		2	2	1	2	1
CO4	3		3	1	2				1	1	2	2	2	1
CO5	1	3		1		1	1	1	2		1	2	1	
Avg	1.80	1.67	2.33	1.33	1.67	1.00	1.67	1.25	1.50	2.00	1.50	1.80	1.60	1.00
	3/2/1-indicates strength of correlation (3- High, 2-Medium, 1- Low)													

22PEE22	APPLIED DIGITAL CONTR ELECTRON		SEMESTER I						
PREREQUIS	ITES	CATEGORY	PE	PE Credi		3			
Control Systems		Hours/Week	L	T	P	ТН			
			3	0	0	3			
Course Object	tives:								
To understand to	ne basic concepts of discrete time systems, analysis	s, controller design and realization	n.						
UNIT I	IT I SAMPLED DATA SYSTEMS AND Z TRANSFORMS								
Sampling Proce	ss – Z Transform of various signals - The z-Tra	ansform Function Expressed as	a Lapla	ace T	ransf	orm -			
Properties of z-	Properties of z-Transforms - Inverse z-Transforms - Pulse Transfer Function and Manipulation of Block Diagrams								
UNIT II	CRISTICS	9	0	0	9				
	Comparison - Time Domain Specifications - Map								
	iral Frequency in the z-Plane - Damping Ratio	 Undamped Natural Frequency 	- Dan	nping	Rati	o and			
•	ral Frequency Using Formulae		1						
UNIT III	SYSTEM STABILITY		9	0	0	9			
	Characteristic Equation - Jury's Stability Test - Ro	outh-Hurwitz Criterion - Root Lo	cus - N	Jyqui	st Cri	terion			
- Bode Diagram			1						
	DISCRETE CONTROLLER DESIGN		9	0	0	9			
	ers - Dead-Beat Controller - Dahlin Controller -	•	•						
	ical - PID Controller - Saturation and Integral Win	id-Up - Derivative Kick - PID Tu	ıning –	PR C	Contro	oller –			
Analysis and De	sign CONTROLLER REALIZATION								
	9	0	0	9					
	- Direct Canonical Structure - Direct Noncanonic								
	ler Implementations - Microcontroller Implem			der	Modu	ıles -			
Implementing First-Order Modules - Implementing Higher-Order Modules - Choice of Sampling Interval									
		Total (45	5L+07	() = 4	5 Pe	riods			

Refe	References:									
1.	Dogan Ibrahim "Microcontroller Based Applied Digital Control", John Wiley & Sons 2006.									
2.	Dong-Jin Lim, "Control System Engineering: Design and Implementation using ARM Cortex-M Microcontroller", Edition 1, Copyright © 2021 Dong-Jin Lim									
3.	Gene F. Frankin, David Powel, and Abbas Emami-Naeini. "Feedback Control of Dynamic Systems" 7th ed. Pearson, 2014.									
4.	Sami Fadali and Antonio Visioli , "Digital Control Engineering Analysis and Design", 2 nd Edition, Academic Press.									

Course	Course Outcomes:									
Upon co	omp	pletion of this course, the students will be able to:	Bloom's Taxonomy Mapped							
CO1	•••	lerstand the basic concepts of sampled data system and significance of L2:Understanding sforms.								
CO2	:	Appreciate the importance of various factor involved in time response of a system	L1:Remembering							
CO3	:	Analyze the stability of a system from digital point of view	L4:Analyzing							
CO4	:	Able to choose and design an appropriate controller of requirements L5:Evaluating								
CO5	:	Able to realize the controller designed in the suitable form for implementation in microcontroller.								

COURS	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX													
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	1	2	3	3	1						1	2	1	
CO2	2	2	2	2	1							2	1	
CO3	1	2	3	2	1						1	3	2	
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	1		3				2	3	2
CO5	3	3	2	3	2	1	2	3			2	3	2	
Avg	2	2.4	2.4	2.6	1.6	1	2	3	0	0	1.3	2.4	1.8	2

22PEE23	MODERN RECTIFIERS AND RESONANT CONV	ERTERS	Sl	EME	STE	R I
PREREQU	ISITES	CATEGORY	PE	Cro	edit	3
Analysis of P	Power Converters	Hours/Week	L	Т	P	ТН
			3	0	0	3
Course Ob	iectives:				1	
reduction of laverage mode	wledge about 1-phase & full wave converter with continuous an harmonics & minimization of THD, realization of non-ideal rectifier el for buck, boost and buck-boost converter and design of controllers POWER SYSTEM HARMONICS & LINE CO	s with control of c	urrent a	ind hy	stere	sis, the
UNIII	RECTIFIERS	MINICIAILD	9	0	0	9
Properties of	PULSE WIDTH MODULATED RECTIFIERS Ideal rectifiers-Realization of non-ideal rectifier-Control of current Control- Hysteresis control- Nonlinear carrier control.	waveform-Average	9 e curre	0 nt cor	0 trol-0	9 Curren
	SINGLE PHASE CONVERTER SYSTEM		9	0	0	9
Single phase	converter system incorporating ideal rectifiers- Modeling losses and er Example - expression for controller duty cycle-expression for					
	RESONANT CONVERTERS		9	0	0	9
Classification Switching of	Parallel and Series Resonant Switches-Soft Switching-Zero Current of Quasi resonant switches-Zero Current Switching of Quasi Quasi Resonant Boost converter - Zero Voltage Switching of Quasi Quasi Resonant Boost converter - Steady State analysis.	Resonant Buck of	convert	er -Z	ero (Curren
	DYNAMIC ANLYSIS OF POWER CONVERTERS		9	0	0	9
an ideal Buc	near system analysis-State Space Averaging-Basic State Space Avera k Converter, ideal Boost Converter, ideal Buck Boost Converter, Voltage Mode PWM Scheme-Current Mode PWM Scheme - Design	for an ideal Cuk	Conve	rter -	Pulse	Widtl

Structure Controller, Optimal Controller for the source current shaping of PWM rectifiers.

Total (45+0) = 45 Periods

Reference	s
1.	Robert W. Erickson & Dragon Maksimovic "Fundamentals of Power Electronics" 2 nd Edition, 2001 Springer science and Business media.
2.	Mohammed H.Rashid, "Power Electronics", Pearson Education- Third Edition –first Indian reprint – 2004.
3.	Mohan .N, Undeland& Robbins "Power Electronics – Converters, Application & Design", John Wiley & Sons, Inc, 2 nd Edition, Newyork, 2001.
4.	William Shepherd and Li zhang, Marceld Ekkerin.C "Power Converters Circuits".
5.	Simon Ang and Alejandro Oliva "Power- Switching Converters", Taylor & Francis Group.
6.	Philip T Krein, "Elements of Power Electronics", Oxford University Press,1998
7.	John G. Kassakian, Martin F. Schlecht, George C. Verghese, "Principles of Power Electronics", Pearson, India, New Delhi, 2010.

Course	Course Outcomes:									
Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to: Bloom's Mapped										
CO1	:	To understand the standards for supply current harmonics and its significance.	L2:Understanding							
CO2	:	To design PWM rectifiers	L3:Applying							
CO3	:	To analyze and design the single phase converter system	L4:Analyzing							
CO4	:	To analyze and design the resonant converters.	L4:Analyzing							
CO5	:	To understand the dynamics of power converters	L2:Understanding							

COURSI	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX													
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	2	2	3	2	3	1	3	3	1	1	1	2	2	1
CO2	2	2	3	2	3	1	3	3	1	1	1	2	3	1
CO3	3	2	2	2	3	1	3	3	1	1	1	2	3	1
CO4	2	2	2	2	3	1	3	3	1	1	1	2	3	1
CO5	3	2	2	2	3	1	3	3	1	1	1	2	3	1
Avg	2.4	2	2.4	2	3	1	3	3	1	1	1	2	2.8	1
	3/2/1-indicates strength of correlation (3- High, 2-Medium, 1- Low)													

	MODULATION CONTROL FOR POWER CO	ONVERTERS	SEMESTER 1				
S		CATEGORY	PE	Credit			3
С	ontrol System		L	Т	P	1	Ή
		Hours/Week	3	0	0		3
es	:		ı		1		
nc	odulation strategies & implementation of PWM controller	S					
INIT I INTRODUCTION							
ola	nd advanced Power electronic converters, various applicated converter circuits, types of power converter models. DY STATE MODELING AND ANALYSIS	ations, basics of t	10111ty p	ower	0	versi	on, 9
te	r analysis, Steady state modeling of the power converters	DC transformer n	nodel, l	oss m	ode	ing.	
A	MIC MODELING AND ANALYSIS		9		0	0	9
	of the power converters, AC modeling of converters, star alysis, Extra Element Theorem.	te-space averaging	g, Trans	fer fu	ıncti	ons	and
Sl	E WIDTH MODULATION & CONTROL		9		0	0	9
	tion (PWM) control of power converters, voltage source mode and current mode control, control of inverters and		ource in	verte	rs, f	eedb	ack
UNIT V CONTROLLER IMPLEMENTATION							
l ers	implementation of the controllers, advanced analysis s.						
		To	ta	tal (45L+	tal (45L+0T) =	tal (45L+0T) = 45	otal (45L+0T)= 45 Peri

Refer	References:									
1.	R. W. Erickson, D. Maksimovic, Fundamentals of Power Electronics, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2004									
2.	I. Batarseh, Power Electronic Circuits, Wiley, 2004									
3.	J. Kassakian, M. F. Schlecht, and G. C. Verghese, Principles of Power Electronics, Addison-Wesley Publishing									
	Company, 1991									

Course Outcomes:						
Upon	Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:					
	Mapped					
CO1	:	Remember the basic concepts of power electronic converters.	L1:Remembering			
CO2	:	Understand and evaluate the steady state modeling	L5:Evaluating			
CO3	:	Understand and evaluate the dynamic modeling	L5:Evaluating			
CO4	:	Apply the concept of pulse width modulation for converters and inverters.	L3:Applying			
CO5	:	Realize the implementation of controllers	L6:Creating			

COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX														
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO 3
CO1	3	2	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1
CO2	2	2	1	3	1		1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1
CO3	2	2	1	3	1		1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1
CO4	2	2	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1
CO5	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	2	3	1
Avg	2.4	1	1	1.8	1	1	1.4	1	1	1	1	2	2.8	1

22PEE25	DESIGN OF POWER CONVERTERS	SEMESTER I				
PREREQUI	PE	PE Credit		3		
	L	T	P	TH		
Power Electronics Hours/Week						3
Course Obje	ectives:			1		
1. To know	w about the design concepts and flow.					
2. To imp	lements the device and circuit concepts for applications					
UNIT I	DESIGN OF UNCONTROLLED RECTIFIERS		9	0	0	9
Selection of R	rrent R	atings	- Se	ection		
of DC Filter -	Design and Selection of Inductor and Capacitor with practical consideration	erations		_		
UNIT II	9	0	0	9		
Selection of R	ectifier topology - Pulse number - Power output - Reactive Power R	tequirements - Sel	ection (of SC	R - V	oltage
	tatings - Selection of DC Filter - Design and Selection of Inductor	and Capacitor - 7	[riggeri	ing Se	equen	ce and
Sequence cont	rol for improved power factor operation.					
UNIT III	9	0	0	9		
	nverter topology - Power output - Harmonics - Reactive Power Rec					
	Current Ratings - Selection of output Filter - Design and Selection of	Inductor and Capa	acitor –	Diffe	erent c	control
	rious requirements.		1	ı	1	1
UNIT IV DESIGN OF SWITCH MODE DC-DC CONVERTERS						9
	onverter topology – Power output – Performance parameters - Selection					
Ratings - Sele	ection of Filter - Design and Selection of Inductor, Capacitor and	ferrite transformer	s. Con	trol s	trategi	ies for
various require						
UNIT V	DRIVERS, PROTECTION OF DEVICES AND CONVER	TERS	9	0	0	9
Driver require	ements - Design of Drivers - Snubber - Polarized and Non-Polarized	ed – Voltage Cla	mp-The	ermal	Resis	tances
Modes of Pow	er dissipation – Heat sinking Design – Current Protection – Introduction	on to EMI.				
		Total (45T . ()T)	45 D.	

Refe	Reference Books:							
1.	M.H.Rashid, 'Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices and Applications', Pearson Education, PHI 4th Edition, New Delhi, 2017.							
2	Barry W. Williams - Principles and Elements of Power Electronics - Devices, Drivers, Applications and Passiv Components, ISBN 978-0-9553384-0-3.							
3	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ee33/preview							

Course Upon co	Bloom's Taxonomy Mapped		
CO1	L2:Understanding		
CO2	:	Choose suitable circuit topology for applications	L3:Applying
CO3	:	Select the appropriate power devices	L2:Understanding
CO4	:	Select and design the appropriate circuit to meet the design metrics	L5: Creating
CO5	:	Select the circuit configuration for electrical protection and scheme for thermal protection	L6:Evaluating

COUR	SE AR	RTICU	LATI(ON MA	TRIX						COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX											
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3								
CO1	2	1	1	1	2		1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1								
CO2	1	1	2	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2								
CO3	1	2	2	2	2		1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1								
CO4	2	1	2	2	2		1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1								
CO5	1	2	2	2	2		1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1								
Avg	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.4	1.8	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1.8	1.2								

22PEE31	ADVANCED POWER QUALI	TY	SEMESTER II							
PREREQUISTIES		CATEGORY	PE	Credit		3				
Analysis of Power of	converters		L	T	P	TH				
	Hours/Week	3	0	0	3					
Course Objectives:										
	the various power quality issues.									
2. To understand linear loads	the concept of power and power factor in single ph	ase and three phase	system	s sup	plyin	g non-				
3. To understand	the conventional compensation techniques used for	or power factor corre	ection	and 1	oad v	oltage				
regulation.	the estive commencation techniques used for never for	otom commontion and la	ad bala							
	the active compensation techniques used for power fact the active compensation techniques used for load volta		au Dala	nemg	•					
UNIT I INTROI		age regulation.	9	1) 0	9				
	terization of Electric Power Quality: Transients, short	duration and long du	_		,					
	vaveform distortion, Voltage fluctuations, Power frequency									
	ns: poor load power factor, Nonlinear and unbalance									
	n supply voltage – Power quality standards.	u loaus. De ollset ill	ioaus,	Note	innig	11 10au				
	YSIS OF SINGLE PHASE AND THREE PHA	SE SVSTEM	9		0	9				
	single phase sinusoidal voltage source supplying no		_			_				
	ring nonlinear loads, Three phase circuits: three phase									
	ers for Three phase circuits—symmetrical components									
	-sinusoidal three phase system- Harmonic sources									
	nic sources from Industrial loads: three-phase power c									
	AMENTAL THEORY OF LOAD COMPENSA		9	(
Principle of load com	pensation – some practical aspects of compensator us	sed as voltage regula	tor-Pha	ase ba	lanci	ng and				
	tion of unbalanced load- a generalized approach									
components, generati	ng reference currents using instantaneous PQ theory.	-		•						
UNIT IV REAL	ISATION AND CONTROL OF DSTATCOM		9	(0	9				
DSTATCOM structu	re- control of DSTATCOM connected to stiff source	ce- DSTATCOM co	nnected	to v	veak	supply				
point-DSTATCOM current control through phasor-DSTATCOM in Voltage control mode.										
UNIT V SERIES COMPENSATION USING DVR 9 0 0 9										
Rectifier supported D	VR – DC Capacitor supported DVR – Operating prin	nciple-characteristics	for diff	erent	load	power				
factor and feeder re	sistance- mathematical description to compute DV	R voltage – transier	nt oper	ation	of I	OVR –				
	ising voltage source inverter- maximum compensation	on capacity of the D	VR wi	thout	real	power				
support from DC-Link.										
Unified power quality	Unified power quality conditioner: Configuration - Types, structure and control characteristics.									
		Total (45T+0	L)=	45 P	eriods				

Ref	References:									
1.	Arindam Ghosh and Gerard Ledwich, "Power Quality Enhancement Using Custom Power Devices", Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2002									
2.	R. C. Dugan, Mark F McGranaghan, Surya Santoso, H.W.Beaty, "Electrical Power Systems Quality", McGraw Hill Publishers, New York, Second Edition, 2009.									
3.	NPTEL course module of power quality in power distribution systems.									
4.	A.J. Arrillaga, "Power system Harmonics", John willy & sons, Second Edition, 2003									
5.	G.T.Heydt, "Electric Power Quality", McGraw-Hill Professional, 2007.									
6.	Math H. Bollen, "Understanding Power Quality Problems", IEEE Press, 2000									

Course	e C	Outcomes:	Bloom's Taxonomy
Upon c	om	pletion of this course, the students will be able to:	Mapped
CO1	:	Recite the various power quality issues	L1: Remembering
CO2	:	Analyze the single and three-phase circuits under non-sinusoidal and	L4:Analyzing
		unbalanced load conditions	
CO3	:	Understand the conventional load compensation theories	L2:Understanding
CO4	:	Realize DSTATCOM for load compensation	L6:Creating
CO5	:	Design DVR and UPQC for power quality compensation	L6:Creating

COUF	RSE A	RTIC	ULAT	TION I	MATR	IX		ı	ı	1			I	
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	2	1	3	3	1	1				1	1	3	1	1
CO2	2	3	2	1	1	1				1	1	3	1	1
CO3	2	3	2	3	2	1	1	1		1	1	3	2	1
CO4	2	3	2	2	2	2	1	1		2	1	3	2	2
CO5	2	3	2	2	2	2	1	1		2	1	3	2	2
Avg.	2	2.6	2.2	2.2	1.6	1.4	1	1	0	1.4	1	3	1.6	1.4
			2/2	/1 india	otos stas	math of		ion (2	III.ah 2	Madine	1 Lov)		1

22PEE3	2 HARMONICS AND FILTERS FOR PO CIRCUITS	WER ELECTRONIC	SEMESTER II						
PREREQU	UISTIES	CATEGORY	PE	PE Credi		C			
Analysis of	Analysis of Power converters								
		Hours/Week	3	0	0	3			
Course Ob	jectives:		ı			ı			
1. To in	part knowledge on the fundamentals of harmonics								
2. To ui	nderstand the principle of operation of passive power filter	er							
3. To ui	nderstand the principle of operation of shunt active power	r filter							
	nderstand the principle of operation of series active power								
	nderstand the principle of operation of hybrid active pow	er filter	•	-		1			
UNIT I	FUNDAMENTALS OF HARMONICS		9	v	0	9			
Factors influevaluations	ism of harmonic generation – Sources of harmonics: contending - development of harmonic standards – Generation the utility system, Harmonic evaluation for end-user assessment: Fourier series, Fourier Transform, DFT, FF	al harmonic indices – Appli facilities – Harmonic study	ed harr proced	nonic ure –	s: Ha Usef	rmonic ul tools			
UNIT II	PASSIVE POWER FILTER		9	0	0	9			
	n: shunt, series – circuit configuration, principle of – limitation – mitigation of resonance problem of passiv				nulati	on and			
UNIT III	SHUNT ACTIVE POWER FILTER		9	0	0	9			
	n, circuit configuration ,principle of operation and con - numerical problems	trol, Analysis and design, r	nodellir	ng sin	nulati	on and			
UNIT IV	SERIES ACTIVE POWER FILTER		9	0	0	9			
	n, circuit configuration ,principle of operation and con - numerical problems	trol, Analysis and design, n	nodellir	ng sin	nulati	on and			
UNIT V	HYBRID ACTIVE POWER FILTER		9	0	0	9			
	n, circuit configuration ,principle of operation and cont - numerical problems	trol, Analysis and design, m	nodellin	g, sii	nulati	on and			
		Total (45 <u>L</u> +0	T)=	45 P	eriods			

Ref	erences:
1.	Power quality problems and mitigation techniques "Bhim Singh, Ambrish Chandra and Kamal Al-Haddad" John Wiley and Sons limited, First Edition 2015
2.	Electrical power system quality "Roger C. Dugan, Mark F.McGranaghan, Surya Santoso, H.Wayne Beaty" McGraw – Hill publications, Second Edition 2009.
3.	A.J.Arrillaga, "Power System Harmonics", John Wiley and Sons Limited, Second Edition, 2003
4.	G.T.Heydt, "Electric Power Quality", McGraw – Hill professional, 2007.

Cours	e O	outcomes:	Bloom's Taxonomy			
Upon c	om	pletion of this course, the students will be able to:	Mapped			
CO1	:	Understand the fundamentals of harmonics	L2:Understanding			
CO2	:	Analyze and design of passive power filter	L4:Analyzing			
CO3	:	Analyze and design of shunt active power filter	L4:Analyzing			
CO4	:	Analyze and design of series active power filter	L4:Analyzing			
CO5	:	Analyze and design of hybrid active power filter	L4:Analyzing			

COUR	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX													
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	1	1	3	2	3							3	2	
CO2	1	3	2	2	1							3	2	
CO3	1	3	2	2	1							3	2	
CO4	1	3	2	2	1							3	2	
CO5	1	3	2	2	1							3	2	
Avg.	1	2.6	2.2	2	1.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0

22PEE33	ENERGY CONSERVATION, AUDITING AND	MANAGEMENT	SEM	ESTE	R II			
PREREQUIS	SITES	CATEGORY	PE	Cred	lit	3		
			L	T	P	TH		
		Hours/Week	3	0	0	3		
Course Object	ctives:							
	derstand the energy conservation concepts and electric	cal energy managem	ent.					
UNIT I	ENERGY SCENARIO		9	0	0	9		
	o of India - Present non-renewable energy scenario - G							
	tion and pricing - Energy security - Energy strategy for	the future, air pollut	ion, cli	mate c	hange	. Energy		
Conservation Act-2001 and its features.								
UNIT II		9	0	0	9			
	gy: Introduction – Work, power and energy – Electricity		gy basio	cs – Er	ergy 1	inits and		
	Energy performance – Matching energy usage to requirement							
	opportunities in electric motors, Benefits of Power facto							
	Condenser etc., Energy conservation by industrial drive	s, electric furnaces, o	ovens a	nd boi	lers.,	Lighting		
	atural ,CFL, LED lighting sources and fittings.		Ι.	Т.				
	ENERGY AUDITING		9	0	0	9		
	ergy audit methodology: audit preparation, execution and				itivity	analysis		
	cing options - Energy monitoring and targeting -Energy au	dit of motors and light	ing syst					
	ENERGY MANAGEMENT		9	0	0	9		
	nanagement (DSM) - DSM planning - DSM techniques							
	tarrif options for DSM - Energy audit – instruments for ene	ergy audit – Energy aud	lit for g	enerati	on, dis	tribution		
	systems – economic analysis.		_	1 -	1 -			
UNIT V ENERGY EFFICIENT TECHNOLOGIES 9 0 0 9								
	and controllers - Automatic power factor controllers - Ene							
	ed drives - Energy efficient transformers - Electronic balla	ast - Occupancy senso	rs - En	ergy ef	ficient	lighting		
controls - Energ	gy saving potential of each technology.			0.75				
		Total	l (45 L·	+ 0 T)	= 45	Periods		

Refere	ences:
1.	Soal Desai, "Handbook of Energy Audit", 2015.
2.	S.C.Tripathy, "Utilization of Electrical Energy and Conservation", McGraw Hill, 1980.
3.	Guide books for National Certification Examination for Energy Manager / Energy AuditorsBook-1, General Aspects (available online).
4.	Guide books for National Certification Examination for Energy Manager / Energy AuditorsBook-3, Electrical Utilities (available online)
5.	Murphy, W.R., and McKay, G., "Energy Management", Butterworths Publications, 1981.
6.	Wayne C Tuner, "Energy Management Hand Book", John Wiley and Sons, 6th edition, 2006.

Course Upon co		Bloom's Taxonomy Mapped	
CO1		Recognize the present energy scenario.	L2: Understanding
CO2		Identify various forms of energy.	L2: Understanding
CO3	:	Analyze energy management and energy auditing.	L4: Analysing
CO4	:	Apply various methods for improving energy efficiency.	L3: Applying
CO5	:	Identify the concepts of energy efficient devices.	L2: Understanding

COUR	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX													
COs\	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
POs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	1	2	3
CO1	2	2	2	1	1		3	1		1	3	2	3	1
CO2	2	2	3	3	1		3	1		2	3	2	2	1
CO3	2	2	2	2	2		1	1		3	3	2	3	1
CO4	2	3	2	3	3		2	2		2	2	2	2	1
CO5	2	2	3	3	3		2	3		2	2	2	2	1
Avg	2	2.2	2.4	2.4	2		2.2	1.6		2	2.6	2	2.4	1
	•	•	3/ 2/ 1	- indicat	es streng	gth of c	orrelati	on (3- Hi	gh, 2-M	edium, 1	-Low)			

22PEE34	ND DRIVES	SEM	1ESTI	ER II	[
PREREQUISI	TES		CATEGORY	PE	Cr	Credit	
	L	Т	P	ТН			
Power Electronic	3	0	0	3			
Course Object	ives:						1
To understand the Circuits, sensors		oncepts of Special Electrical Machines for Speed a ital Controllers	nd Torque Control us	sing Po	wer Ele	ectron	nic
UNIT I		9	0	0	9		
BLDC Construct	ion - Dr	iving Principle (Electronic Commutation) - Modell	ing - Voltage and To	rque E	quatior	ns - T	orque
		s - Position Sensing and Control - Commutation					
		control - Speed Control - Current Control - PWM					
and reversal				. 0.51.1	11101110		, cur cur
UNIT II	PERM	ANENT MAGNET BLAC MOTORS		9	0	0	9
		ANENT MAGNET BLAC MOTORS of PMSM - Modelling of PMSM - d-q axis m	nodel of PMSM - V				
Structure and Ca	ategories	of PMSM - Modelling of PMSM - d-q axis m		oltage,	Flux	and T	orque
Structure and Ca Equations - Vect	ategories tor contr	of PMSM - Modelling of PMSM - d-q axis mol of SPMSM and IPMSM - d-q axis current reg	ulators - PI gains fo	oltage, r PMS	Flux a M - Fe	and T	orque
Structure and Ca Equations - Vect control - Speed e	ategories tor contr stimation	of PMSM - Modelling of PMSM - d-q axis mol of SPMSM and IPMSM - d-q axis current regulating encoder - Flux weakening control - Basics of	ulators - PI gains fo	oltage, r PMS	Flux a M - Fe	and T	orque
Structure and Ca Equations - Vect control - Speed e UNIT III	ategories tor contr stimation	of PMSM - Modelling of PMSM - d-q axis mol of SPMSM and IPMSM - d-q axis current regularing encoder - Flux weakening control - Basics of CHED RELUCTANCE MOTORS	gulators - PI gains for Sensor-less control	oltage, r PMS of PM	Flux a M - Fe	and Teed for	orque orward
Structure and Ca Equations - Vect control - Speed e UNIT III SRM - Principle	ategories tor contr stimation SWITO e of ope	of PMSM - Modelling of PMSM - d-q axis model of SPMSM and IPMSM - d-q axis current regularing encoder - Flux weakening control - Basics of CHED RELUCTANCE MOTORS ration - Equivalent Circuit - Power and Torque	gulators - PI gains for of Sensor-less control equation - operation	oltage, r PMS of PM	Flux a M - Fe	and Teed for	Forque orward
Structure and Ca Equations - Vectorities - Speed e UNIT III SRM - Principle excitation sequen	ategories tor contr stimation SWITO e of openice - Con	of PMSM - Modelling of PMSM - d-q axis model of SPMSM and IPMSM - d-q axis current regularing encoder - Flux weakening control - Basics of CHED RELUCTANCE MOTORS ration - Equivalent Circuit - Power and Torque attrol overview of SRM (Control Principle) - Current	gulators - PI gains for Sensor-less control equation - operation t Control	oltage, r PMS of PM 9	Flux a M - Fe SM 0 racteris	and Teed for the strict of the	orque orward 9 Phase
Structure and Ca Equations - Vect control - Speed e UNIT III SRM - Principle excitation sequen UNIT IV	ategories tor contr stimation SWIT of ope coe - Cor POWE	of PMSM - Modelling of PMSM - d-q axis model of SPMSM and IPMSM - d-q axis current regularing encoder - Flux weakening control - Basics of CHED RELUCTANCE MOTORS Tation - Equivalent Circuit - Power and Torque atrol overview of SRM (Control Principle) - Current CR CONVERTERS FOR SPECIAL MACH	equation - operation t Control INE DRIVES	oltage, r PMS of PM of PM al char	Flux a M - Fe SM 0 racteris	and Teed for the strict -	9 Phase
Structure and Ca Equations - Vect control - Speed e UNIT III SRM - Principle excitation sequen UNIT IV Converters for B	stimation SWIT(e of ope ace - Cor POWI	of PMSM - Modelling of PMSM - d-q axis model of SPMSM and IPMSM - d-q axis current regularing encoder - Flux weakening control - Basics of CHED RELUCTANCE MOTORS Tation - Equivalent Circuit - Power and Torque attrol overview of SRM (Control Principle) - Current CR CONVERTERS FOR SPECIAL MACH MSM - Switching schemes - PWM schemes - De	equation - operation t Control INE DRIVES ad Time, Effects and	oltage, r PMS of PM 9 al char	Flux a M - Fe SM 0 racteris	and Teed for the strict -	orque orward 9 Phase
Structure and Ca Equations - Vect control - Speed e UNIT III SRM - Principle excitation sequen UNIT IV Converters for B Asymmetric Brid	stegories tor contr stimation SWITC of ope ace - Cor POWI LDC, P.	of PMSM - Modelling of PMSM - d-q axis model of SPMSM and IPMSM - d-q axis current regularing encoder - Flux weakening control - Basics of CHED RELUCTANCE MOTORS Tation - Equivalent Circuit - Power and Torque atrol overview of SRM (Control Principle) - Current CR CONVERTERS FOR SPECIAL MACH MSM - Switching schemes - PWM schemes - Deletter - (N+1) switch converter - C-Dump converter	equation - operation t Control INE DRIVES ad Time, Effects and N switch converter.	oltage, r PMS of PM 9 al char	Flux a M - Fe SM 0 racteris 0 oensatio	and Teed for the stice -	orque orward 9 Phase 9
Structure and Ca Equations - Vect control - Speed e UNIT III SRM - Principle excitation sequen UNIT IV Converters for B	stimation SWITO of ope ace - Cor POWH ELDC, P. Ige conve	of PMSM - Modelling of PMSM - d-q axis model of SPMSM and IPMSM - d-q axis current regularing encoder - Flux weakening control - Basics of CHED RELUCTANCE MOTORS Tation - Equivalent Circuit - Power and Torque attrol overview of SRM (Control Principle) - Current CR CONVERTERS FOR SPECIAL MACH MSM - Switching schemes - PWM schemes - De	equation - operation t Control INE DRIVES ad Time, Effects and N switch converter.	oltage, r PMS of PM 9 al char	Flux a M - Fe SM 0 racteris	and Teed for the strict -	9 Phase
Structure and Ca Equations - Vect control - Speed e UNIT III SRM - Principle excitation sequen UNIT IV Converters for B Asymmetric Brid	ategories for contr stimation SWITC of ope ace - Cor POWE LDC, Polge converse SENSI ELEC	of PMSM - Modelling of PMSM - d-q axis model of SPMSM and IPMSM - d-q axis current regal using encoder - Flux weakening control - Basics of CHED RELUCTANCE MOTORS Tation - Equivalent Circuit - Power and Torque atrol overview of SRM (Control Principle) - Current CR CONVERTERS FOR SPECIAL MACHEMSM - Switching schemes - PWM schemes - Deletter - (N+1) switch converter - C-Dump converter NG ELEMENTS AND INTERFACE	equation - operation t Control INE DRIVES ad Time, Effects and N switch converter. FOR SPECIAL	oltage, r PMS of PM 9 all char	Flux a M - Fe SM 0 racteris 0 oeensatio	and Teed for the stice -	9 Phase 9 SRM
Structure and Ca Equations - Vect control - Speed e UNIT III SRM - Principle excitation sequen UNIT IV Converters for B Asymmetric Brid UNIT V Current Sensors	stegories tor contr stimation SWITC of ope ece - Cor POWE LDC, P. lge conve SENSI ELEC , their	of PMSM - Modelling of PMSM - d-q axis model of SPMSM and IPMSM - d-q axis current regularing encoder - Flux weakening control - Basics of CHED RELUCTANCE MOTORS Tation - Equivalent Circuit - Power and Torque attrol overview of SRM (Control Principle) - Current CR CONVERTERS FOR SPECIAL MACH MSM - Switching schemes - PWM schemes - Deferter - (N+1) switch converter - C-Dump converter NG ELEMENTS AND INTERFACE TRIC MACHINE DRIVES	qulators - PI gains for Sensor-less control equation - operation t Control INE DRIVES and Time, Effects and - N switch converter. FOR SPECIAL	oltage, r PMS of PM 9 all char	Flux a M - Fe SM 0 racteris 0 oeensatio	and Teed for the stice -	9 Phase 9 SRM -

Refe	rences:
1.	Control of Electric Machine Drive Systems - Seung-Ki Sul – John Wiley IEEE – 2011
2.	Electrical Machine Drives Control - Juha Pyrhönen et al. – Wiley – 2016
3.	Advanced Electric Drives Analysis - Ned Mohan – Wiley – 2014
4.	AC Motor Control and Electrical Vehicle Applications Second Edition - Kwang Hee Nam Taylor & Francis - 2019
5.	Electric Vehicle Machines and Drives – Design Analysis and Application – K.T. Chau – Wiley 2015
6.	Electric Motor Control - Sang-Hoon Kim- Elsevier – 2017

Course O	Bloom's Taxonomy		
Upon com	Mapped		
CO1	:	Understand the theory of operation and control of BLDC Machines	L2: Understanding
CO2	:	Analyze the modeling of Special Machines and their control	L4: Analyzing
CO3	:	Analyze the operation and characteristics of Switched Reluctance motor	L4: Analyzing
CO4	:	Apply the suitable power converter for special electrical machines	L3: Applying
CO5	:	Identify the necessity of sensor and interface with DSC for electrical machine drives	L3:Applying

COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX													
PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
1	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	1	1	3	3	1
1	2	2	3	1	2	2	1	1	2	1	2	3	2
1	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	3	1	3	2	2
2	3	2	3	3	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	3	1
2	2	3	3	3	1	2	3	1	2	2	2	2	2
1.40	2.00	2.00	2.40	2.00	1.20	2.00	1.80	1.20	2.00	1.40	2.40	2.60	1.60
	PO 1 1 1 1 2 2 2	PO PO 1 2 1 1 2 2 3 2 2 2	PO PO PO 1 2 3 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 3 2 2 2 3 1.40 2.00 2.00	PO PO PO PO 4 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 1 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 2 2 3 3 1.40 2.00 2.00 2.40	PO 1 PO 2 PO 3 PO 5 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 3 1.40 2.00 2.00 2.40 2.00	PO 1 PO 2 PO 3 PO 4 PO 6 PO 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 1 2 1 2 2 2 1 2 2 3 2 3 3 1 2 2 3 3 3 1 1.40 2.00 2.00 2.40 2.00 1.20	PO 1 PO 2 PO 3 PO 4 PO 5 PO 6 PO 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 1 2 2 3 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 3 2 3 3 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 1.40 2.00 2.00 2.40 2.00 1.20 2.00	PO 1 PO 2 PO 3 PO 5 PO 6 PO 7 PO 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 1 2 2 3 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 3 2 3 3 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 1.40 2.00 2.00 2.40 2.00 1.20 2.00 1.80	PO 1 PO 2 PO 3 PO 5 PO 6 PO 7 PO 8 PO 9 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 2 2 3 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 3 2 3 3 1 2 2 1 2 2 3 3 1 2 2 1 1.40 2.00 2.00 2.40 2.00 1.20 2.00 1.80 1.20	PO 1 PO 2 PO 3 PO 5 PO 6 PO 7 PO 8 PO 9 PO 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 2 2 3 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 3 2 3 2 3 3 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 1 2 1.40 2.00 2.00 2.40 2.00 1.20 2.00 1.80 1.20 2.00	PO 1 PO 2 PO 3 PO 5 PO 6 PO 7 PO 8 PO 9 PO 9 PO 11 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 3 1 2 3 2 3 3 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 1 2 3 2 3 3 1 2 2 1 2 3 1 2 3 3 3 1 2 2 1 2 2 1.40 2.00 2.40 2.00 1.20 2.00 1.80 1.20 2.00 1.40	PO 1 PO 2 PO 3 PO 4 PO 5 PO 6 PO 7 PO 8 PO 9 PO 10 PO 11 PSO 11 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 3 1 2 2 3 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 3 1 3 2 3 2 3 3 1 2 2 1 2 3 1 3 2 3 2 3 3 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 1 2 2 2 2 2 2	PO 1 PO 2 PO 3 PO 4 PO 5 PO 6 PO 7 PO 8 PO 9 PO 10 PO 11 PSO 2 PSO 2 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 3 3 1 2 2 3 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 2 3 3 2 3 1 3 2 3 1 3 3 3 2 3 1 3 2 3 1 3 4 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4

Modeling Of Electrical Machines	systems in D.C. Swite PASSIVE pply. Modelin	E 9 ng of S	0 0 L, R-1 0 CR, T	P 7 0 2 0 0 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	9
Course Objectives: To provide knowledge on modeling and simulation of power electronic circuits and UNIT I NUMERICAL METHODS IN PASSIVE COMPONENTS Review of numerical methods. Application of numerical methods to solve transients and R-L-C circuits. Extension to AC circuits. UNIT II SIMULATION AND MODELLING OF ACTIVE AND COMPONENTS Modeling of diode in simulation. Diode with R, R-L, R-C and R-L-C load with ac st IGBT and Power Transistors in simulation. Application of numerical methods to R, switches. Simulation of gate/base drive circuits, simulation of snubber circuits. UNIT III STATE SPACE MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SYSTEMS State space modeling and simulation of linear systems. Introduction to electrical material methods.	systems in D.C. Swite PASSIVE pply. Modelin	9 hed R,	0 0 L, R-1 0 CR, T	0	9
Course Objectives: To provide knowledge on modeling and simulation of power electronic circuits and UNIT I NUMERICAL METHODS IN PASSIVE COMPONENTS Review of numerical methods. Application of numerical methods to solve transients and R-L-C circuits. Extension to AC circuits. UNIT II SIMULATION AND MODELLING OF ACTIVE AND COMPONENTS Modeling of diode in simulation. Diode with R, R-L, R-C and R-L-C load with ac st IGBT and Power Transistors in simulation. Application of numerical methods to R, switches. Simulation of gate/base drive circuits, simulation of snubber circuits. UNIT III STATE SPACE MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SYSTEMS State space modeling and simulation of linear systems. Introduction to electrical materials.	in D.C. Switc PASSIVE pply. Modelin	9 hed R,	0 L, R-1 0	0 L, R-C	9
To provide knowledge on modeling and simulation of power electronic circuits and UNIT I NUMERICAL METHODS IN PASSIVE COMPONENTS Review of numerical methods. Application of numerical methods to solve transients and R-L-C circuits. Extension to AC circuits. UNIT II SIMULATION AND MODELLING OF ACTIVE AND COMPONENTS Modeling of diode in simulation. Diode with R, R-L, R-C and R-L-C load with ac st IGBT and Power Transistors in simulation. Application of numerical methods to R, switches. Simulation of gate/base drive circuits, simulation of snubber circuits. UNIT III STATE SPACE MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SYSTEMS State space modeling and simulation of linear systems. Introduction to electrical materials.	in D.C. Swite PASSIVE pply. Modelin	hed R,	L, R-1 0 CR, T	L, R-C	9
Review of numerical methods. Application of numerical methods to solve transients and R-L-C circuits. Extension to AC circuits. UNIT II SIMULATION AND MODELLING OF ACTIVE AND COMPONENTS Modeling of diode in simulation. Diode with R, R-L, R-C and R-L-C load with ac st IGBT and Power Transistors in simulation. Application of numerical methods to R, switches. Simulation of gate/base drive circuits, simulation of snubber circuits. UNIT III STATE SPACE MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SYSTEMS State space modeling and simulation of linear systems. Introduction to electrical materials.	in D.C. Swite PASSIVE pply. Modelin	hed R,	L, R-1 0 CR, T	L, R-C	9
Review of numerical methods. Application of numerical methods to solve transients and R-L-C circuits. Extension to AC circuits. UNIT II SIMULATION AND MODELLING OF ACTIVE AND COMPONENTS Modeling of diode in simulation. Diode with R, R-L, R-C and R-L-C load with ac st IGBT and Power Transistors in simulation. Application of numerical methods to R, switches. Simulation of gate/base drive circuits, simulation of snubber circuits. UNIT III STATE SPACE MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SYSTEMS State space modeling and simulation of linear systems. Introduction to electrical materials.	in D.C. Swite PASSIVE pply. Modelin	hed R,	L, R-1 0 CR, T	L, R-C	9
AND MODELLING OF ACTIVE AND COMPONENTS Modeling of diode in simulation. Diode with R, R-L, R-C and R-L-C load with ac st IGBT and Power Transistors in simulation. Application of numerical methods to R, switches. Simulation of gate/base drive circuits, simulation of snubber circuits. UNIT III STATE SPACE MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SYSTEMS State space modeling and simulation of linear systems. Introduction to electrical materials.	PASSIVE	E 9 ng of S	0 CR, T	0 RIAC	9
Modeling of diode in simulation. Diode with R, R-L, R-C and R-L-C load with ac star IGBT and Power Transistors in simulation. Application of numerical methods to R, switches. Simulation of gate/base drive circuits, simulation of snubber circuits. UNIT III STATE SPACE MODELLING AND SIMULATION CONTROL SYSTEMS State space modeling and simulation of linear systems. Introduction to electrical materials	pply. Modelir	ng of S	CR, T	RIAC	, ,
Modeling of diode in simulation. Diode with R, R-L, R-C and R-L-C load with ac st IGBT and Power Transistors in simulation. Application of numerical methods to R, switches. Simulation of gate/base drive circuits, simulation of snubber circuits. UNIT III STATE SPACE MODELLING AND SIMULATION O SYSTEMS State space modeling and simulation of linear systems. Introduction to electrical materials and simulation of linear systems.		ng of S	CR, T	RIAC	, ,
IGBT and Power Transistors in simulation. Application of numerical methods to R, switches. Simulation of gate/base drive circuits, simulation of snubber circuits. UNIT III STATE SPACE MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SYSTEMS State space modeling and simulation of linear systems. Introduction to electrical materials and simulation of linear systems.					
witches. Simulation of gate/base drive circuits, simulation of snubber circuits. UNIT III STATE SPACE MODELLING AND SIMULATION CONTROL SYSTEMS State space modeling and simulation of linear systems. Introduction to electrical materials and simulation of linear systems.	L, C circuits w	vith pov			
UNIT III STATE SPACE MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SYSTEMS State space modeling and simulation of linear systems. Introduction to electrical management of the space model of the space m			wer ere	ectron	ic
State space modeling and simulation of linear systems. Introduction to electrical made					
State space modeling and simulation of linear systems. Introduction to electrical made	F LINEAR	۱ و	0	0	9
			U	U	
	hine modeling	g: indu	ction,	DC, a	nd
UNIT IV SIMULATION OF CONVERTERS AND DC DRIVES		9	0	0	9
Simulation of single phase and three phase uncontrolled and controlled (SCR) rectifi	ers, converter	s with	self co	mmut	ated
devices- simulation of power factor correction schemes, Simulation of converter fed					
thyristor choppers with voltage, current and load commutation schemes, Simulation	of chopper fed	dc mo			
UNIT V SIMULATION OF INVERTERS AND AC DRIVES		9	0	0	9
Simulation of single and three phase inverters with thyristors and self-commutated of pulse-width modulation methods for voltage control, waveform control. Simulation drives.					on,
					iods

Refer	Reference Books:									
1.	Simulink Reference Manual, Math works, USA.									
2.	Robert Ericson, 'Fundamentals of Power Electronics', Chapman & Hall, 1997.									
3.	Issa Batarseh, 'Power Electronic Circuits', John Wiley, 2004Simulink Reference Manual, Math works, USA.									

Cours	Course Outcomes:									
Upon	con	Bloom's Taxonomy Mapped								
CO1	:	Understand the concepts of modeling and simulation of power electronics and drives circuits.	Knowledge							
CO2	:	Develop algorithm and software models for power electronics and drives applications	Realize							
CO3	:	Analyze the transient and steady performance of the designed models.	Analysis							
CO4	:	Choose suitable devices or models for appropriate applications	Evaluate							
CO5	:	Identify suitable hardware components for implementation	Analysis							

COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX COS/ PO PSO PS														
PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
3	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	1		2	1	1
3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1		3	2	1
3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1		3	3	1
3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	3	3	1
3	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	2	3	3	1
3	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	1.8	2.2	1.8	1.8	1.2	1	2	2.8	2.4	1
	3 3 3 3	3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2	3 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 3 2 2	3 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 3 3 2 3 3 2 2 2	3 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 3 3 3 2 2 3 3 3 2 2 2 2	3 2 2 2 2 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 2 2 2 2 3 3 2 3 3 2 3 2 2 2 2 1	3 2 2 2 2 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 2 3 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 3 2 3 3 2 2 3 2 2 2 1 2	3 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 3 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 2 3 3 2 2 2 3 2 2 2 1 2 1	3 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 2 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 2 3 3 2 3 3 2 2 2 1 3 2 2 2 1 2 1 2	3 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 1 3 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 2 1 3 3 2 3 3 2 2 2 1 2 3 3 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 3 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1	3 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 1 1 3 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 2 1 1 3 3 2 3 3 2 2 1 2 1 1 3 3 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 3 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 1	3 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 1 1 3 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 2 1 1 3 3 2 3 3 2 2 1 2 1 2 3 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 3 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 2	3 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 1 1 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 2 1 1 3 3 3 2 3 3 2 2 1 2 1 2 3 3 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 3 3 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 3	3 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 1 1 3 2 3 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 2 1 1 3 3 3 3 2 3 3 2 2 1 2 1 2 3 3 3 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 3 3 3 2 2 2 1 2 1 1 2 3 3 3 2 2 2 1 2 1 1 2 3 3

22PEE36	MODELING OF SWITCHED MODE POWER CONVE	ERTERS	SE	MES	TER	II		
PREREQU	ISTIES CA	ATEGORY	PE	Credit		3		
			L	Т	P	TH		
Analysis of P	nalysis of Power Converters. Hours/Week							
Course Obj	ectives:							
1. To intr	roduce the basics of DC –DC converters							
2. To ana	lyze the dynamic analysis of DC-DC converters							
3. To ana	lyze the various types of single and multi-switch converters.							
4. To stu	dy the Controller Design of converters.							
UNIT I		9	0	0	9			
	of dynamic equation of buck and boost converters, averaged circuit model nverter transfer functions.	s, linearization	techni	que, s	mall-	signal		
UNIT II	MODELLING AND ANALYSIS OF SINGLE SWITCH CONVERTERS	ISLOATED	9	0	0	9		
Requirement	for isolation in the switch-mode converters, transformer connection, Fo	orward and fly	back c	onver	ters, 1	ower		
	eady-state analysis. Push-Pull Converters-Power circuit and steady-state and push-pull topologies.	nalysis, utilizat	ion of	magn	etic ci	rcuits		
UNIT III	MODELLING AND ANALYSIS OF MULTI SWITCH CONVERTERS	ISLOATED	9	0	0	9		
Half bridge an	nd full-bridge converters, Power circuit and steady state analysis, utilization	n of magnetic	circuits	and	comp	arison		
with previous	topologies.	_						
UNIT IV	DESIGN OF MAGNETIC COMPONENT		9	0	0	9		
Magnetic core	e materials and performance; basic inductor and transformer design; practi-	cal magnetic d	lesign;	desig	ı aspe	cts to		
be considered	for designing transformers for specific applications – flyback, push- pull,	bridge, forwar	rd conv	erters				
UNIT V	CONTROLLER DESIGN		9	0	0	9		
	requency-domain analysis of linear time-invariant systems, concept of							
	ontroller specifications, proportional (P), proportional plus integral (PI),	proportional 1	plus in	tegral	plus	integr		
controller (PI	D), selection of controller parameters.							
		Total (4	15L+0'	T)=4	5 Pe	riods		

Refere	ences:
1.	Robert W. Erickson and Dragan Maksimovic, 'Fundamentals of Power Electronics', Springer, 2nd Edition, 2001.
2.	N Mohan, T M Undeland and W P Robbins, "Power Electronics: Converters, Applications and
	Design", Wiley, Third Edition.
3.	V.Ramanarayanan Course Material on Switched Mode Power Conversion, Department of Electrical Engineering,
	Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore 560012
4.	Middlebrook, R. D. (Robert David), and Slobodan Cuk, Advances in Switched-Mode Power Conversion, Volumes I
	and II, 2nd Edition, TESLA co, 1983.
5.	NPTEL material by Dr. Umanand and Dr. V. Ramnarayanan, IISC Bangalore.
6.	Muhammad H. Rashid - Power Electronics Devices, Circuits, and Applications 4 Edition, Pearson 2014.
7.	Barry W. Williams - Principles and Elements of Power Electronics – Devices, Drivers, Applications and Passive
	Components, ISBN 978-0-9553384-0-3.
8.	www.onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/

Course O	Bloom's Taxonomy		
Upon com	Mapped		
CO1	:	Acquire knowledge about the Non isolated converts and their dynamic analysis.	L1: Remembering
CO2	:	Analyze the steady state operation of various single switch and multi switch isolated converters	L4: Analyzing
CO3	:	Understand the power circuit diagram of isolated converters.	L3: Understanding
CO4	:	Design of magnetic component for various converters	L4:Creating
CO5	:	Analyze and Understand the different types of controller design and apply to Converters	L3& L4 : Analyzing and understanding

COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	2	1	1	1	3	0	1	1	9	10		1	2	1
CO2	1		2	1	1						1	1	1	2
CO3	1	2	3	2	3	1		1			1	1	2	1
CO4	2	1	3	3	2	1	1	1			1	1	2	1
CO5	1	3	2	2	3	2	1	1			1	1	2	1
Avg	1.40	1.75	2.20	1.80	2.40	1.3	1	1	0.00	0.00	1	1.00	1.80	1.20

ıgt

22PEE41	SOLAR PHOTO VOLTAIC SYSTEM		SE	EME	STEI	RII
PREREQU	UISTIES	CATEGORY	PE	Cr	edit	3
D 11.1		TT /537 1	L	Т	P	TH
Renewable I	Energy Systems	Hours/Week	3	0	0	3
Course Ob	jectives:		1			ı
	fundamentals, design and application of solar photovoltaic system	ns for power genera	tion or	sma	ll and	large
scale electrit	fication					
UNIT I	SOLAR PV MODULES		9	0	0	9
Solar PV mo	odules from Solar cells – Mismatch in Series and Parallel connect	ion – Design an stru	cture o	f PV	modu	les- I-
V Equation	and characteristics of a PV module - Power Curve of PV module -	-Effect of solar Irrac	liation	and T	empe	rature
– PV arrays	- maximum power point				•	
UNIT II	PV SYSTEM COMPONENTS		9	0	0	9
PV arrays a	and its installation - Batteries for PV System: Factors affecting	Battery Performance	ce- Ty	pes o	f Bat	teries-
	of batteries - Charge controllers and its types - Converters: DC to					
	nd its types – Maximum Power Point Tracking			1		
	DESIGN OF PV SYSTEMS		9	0	0	9
	e PV system Configuration - Design Methodology - Case	studies with DC	Load	AC	Loa	d and
	ls - Sizing of PV systems – Grid Connected PV System: Cor				Loui	a ana
UNIT IV	MODELING & ANALYSIS	inguration and we	9	0	0	9
U 1 1 2 2 1	/ models - Large PV units modeling and analysis - PV units and in	maat ta distribution		v	v	_
	s procedures - Guideline for integration studies - determination of PV SYSTEM APPLICATIONS	acceptable level of p	9		0	9
UNIT V			_	0	v	_
	ing and other Appliances - solar water pumping systems- Soc	no-economic and e	nvironi	nenta	ı mei	its of
pnotovoitaic	systems- solar cars – solar aircraft - space solar power satellites		1 / 4 = 1		1.5. D	
		Tota	al (45I	2 = (ر	15 Pe	riods

References	s:
1.	Chetan Singh Solanki., Solar Photovoltaic: "Fundamentals, Technologies and Application", PHI Learning
1.	Pvt., Ltd., 2009.
2.	Jha .A.R, "Solar Cell Technology and Applications", CRC Press, 2010.
3.	John R. Balfour, Michael L. Shaw, Sharlave Jarosek., "Introduction to Photovoltaics", Jones & Bartlett
3.	Publishers, Burlington, 2011
4.	Partain .L.D, Fraas L.M., "Solar Cells and Their Applications", 2nd ed., Wiley,2010.
5.	Sukhatme .S.P, Nayak .J.K, "Solar Energy", Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, New Delhi, 2010

Course O Upon com		comes: ion of this course, the students will be able to:	Bloom's Taxonomy Mapped
CO1	:	Summarize the fundamental of PV modules and arrays.	L2: Understanding
CO2	:	Illustrate the components and its suitability based on its operation.	L4:Analysing
CO3	:	Select the appropriate configuration and sizing.	L4:Analysing
CO4	:	Analyze the off grid /on grid PV system.	L4:Analysing
CO5	:	Apply the PV system for different applications.	L3: Applying

COUR	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX													
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	2
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO3	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO4	2	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	2	1
CO5	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	1
Avg	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.6	2.4	1.3	1.2

22PEE42 OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUE	S	SEMESTER II			
DDEDEGLISHES	CATEGORY	PE	Cree	Credit	
PREREQUISITES	***	L	T	P	TH
	Hours/Week	3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

1. To understand the fundamentals of optimization techniques, and their applications to solve engineering problems.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9 | 0 | 0 | 9

Concepts of optimization- Engineering applications - Statement of optimization problem - Classification - Classical Optimization Techniques: Single and multivariable optimization- Optimization with equality and inequality constraints.

UNIT II LINEAR PROGRAMMING

0 0

Linear programming: Standard form-Geometry of LP problems-Theorem of LP - Relation to convexity - formulation of LP problems - simplex method and algorithm - Matrix form- two phase method- Duality - dual simplex method-Decomposition- Sensitivity analysis.

UNIT III NON-LINEAR PROGRAMMING:

9 | 0 | 0 | 9

Steepest descent method, conjugates gradient method, Newton's Method, Sequential quadratic programming, Penalty function method, augmented Lagrange multiplier method.

UNIT IV DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING

9 | 0 | 0 | 9

Multistage decision processes, concept of sub-optimization and principle of optimality, Recursive relations, Integer Linear programming, Branch and bound algorithm: Multistage decision process- Concept of sub optimization and principle of optimality - Computational procedure- Engineering applications.

UNIT V GENETIC ALGORITHM

9 0 0 9

Introduction to genetic Algorithm, working principle, coding of variables, fitness function, GA operators; Similarities and differences between GA and traditional methods; Unconstrained and constrained optimization using Genetic Algorithm, real coded GA, Advanced GA, global optimization using GA.

Total (45 L+0 T) = 45 Periods

References: Rao, Singaresu, S., "Engineering Optimization – Theory & Practice", New Age International (P) Limited, New Delhi, 2000. Kalyanamoy Deb, "Optimization for Engineering design algorithms and Examples", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. 1995. Luenberger, G, "Introduction of Linear and Non-Linear Programming", Wesley Publishing Company, 2011. Hamdy A. Taha, —Operations Research - An Introduction | MacMillan Co., Eighth Edition 2010.

2. Ronald L Rardin, —Optimisation in Operations Research Pearson Education Asia, First Indian reprint, 2013

Cours	se O	outcomes:	Bloom's Taxonomy
Upon c	comp	pletion of this course, the students will be able to:	Mapped
CO1	:	Recognize the basics of optimization	L2: Understanding
CO2	:	Formulate Linear Programming optimization problems	L4: Analysing
CO3	:	Formulate unconstraint and constraint optimization problems	L4: Analysing
CO4	:	Apply optimization tools to engineering applications	L3: Applying
CO5	:	Analyze the optimization problems using Genetic Algorithm	L4: Analysing

COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX														
COs\POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	2	2	2	1	1		3	1		1	3	2	3	1
CO2	2	2	3	3	1		3	1		2	3	2	2	1
CO3	2	2	2	2	2		1	1		3	3	2	3	1
CO4	2	3	2	3	3		2	2		2	2	2	2	1
CO5	2	2	3	3	3		2	3		2	2	2	2	1
Avg	2	2.2	2.4	2.4	2		2.2	1.6		2	2.6	2	2.4	1
3/2/1 – indicates strength of correlation (3- High, 2-Medium, 1-Low)														

22PEE43	DYNAMICS OF POWER CONVERT	ERS	SE	TER I	I	
PREREQUIST	TES	CATEGORY	PE	Cro	edit	3
A ali af Da	. Comments	Hours/Week	L	T	P	TH
Analysis of Powe	r Converters.	Hours/ vv eek	3	0	0	3
Course Objecti	ves:					
1. To study	an overview of power semiconductor devices.					
2. To obtai	n the knowledge of controlled rectifiers.					
3. To acqui	re the principles of DC-DC converter.					
4. To unde	rstand the principles of inverters and ac voltage controllers.					
UNIT I	INTRODUCTION TO DYNAMIC ANALYSIS		9	0	0	9
Introduction- Ge	neralized Dynamic Representations for Voltage fed and Cu	rrent fed DC-DC	converter	s- Sou	ce and	Load
	neralized Dynamic Representations for three-phase voltage					
	current-fed inverters-closed loop dynamics- Generalized					
Impedance-Based						
TINITE II	DYNAMIC MODELING AND CONTROL OF VO	OLTAGE FED	9		Δ.	
UNIT II	DC-DC CONVERTERS		9	0	0	9
Direct-on-Time (Control- DOT-controlled converter at open loop with a PWM	I modulator: Gene	ralized N	/odelin	σ Tech	niane.
	of Buck-converter -power stages- topological sub circuit str					
	ak Current Mode Control principles- Development of Du					
Transfer Function		ity-Katio Collstial	iits- i Civ	1 State	Space	s and
Transici Tunction	DYNAMIC MODELING AND CONTROL OF CU	IDDENT FED				
UNIT III	DC-DC CONVERTERS		9	0	0	9
Duality Transfor	mation Basics- Duality-Transformed Converters- Voltage-	fed and Current-1	fed buck,	boost	conv	erters;
Dynamic equivale	ent circuits of current fed current-output converter and curren	nt-fed voltage outp	ut conver	ter; Dy	namic	model
of current fed Bu	ck, Boost Converters; Duty-Ratio Constraints under PCM C	ontrol- PCM-cont	rolled cur	rent-fe	d buck,	boost
power-stage conv	erter.					
UNIT IV	DYNAMICS OF THREE PHASE INVERTERS		9	0	0	9
Dynamic Model	of Voltage-Fed Inverter- Equivalent switching circuit and ave	rage model - Line	arized Sta	ate-Spa	ce and	Open-
Loop Dynamics;	Dynamic Model of Current-Fed Inverter- Equivalent switchir	ng circuit and aver	age mode	el- Line	arized l	Model
	Dynamics Control Design of Grid-Connected Three-Phase I					
Locked Loop- Li	nearized Model of SRF-PLL- Control Design of SRF-PLL.	•				
TINITE X7	DYNAMIC MODELING OF THREE PHA	SE ACTIVE	9			
UNIT V	RECTIFIERS AND STABILITY ASSESSMENT.		9	0	0	9
Three Phase activ	re rectifier -Power stage and Equivalent switch matrix- Equiv	alent circuit mode	1- State sr	ace mo	del- C	ontrol (
	ing transfer matrices- Open-Loop and closed loop control sch		- 1			
			tal (45L	+0T)=	45 Pe	riods
			(1011			
D 0						

Refere	ences :											
1.	Teuvo	Suntio,	"Power	Electronic	Converters:Dynamics	and	Control	in	Conventional	and	Renewable	Energy
	Applica	tions", V	Viley-VC	H Verlag G	mbH & Co. KGaA. Ger	rmany	v. 2018.					

2. Teuvo Suntio, Dynamic Profile of Switched-Mode Converter Modeling, Analysis and Control, Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA, Germany, 2009.

Course C	Outo	comes:	Bloom's Taxonomy
Upon com	plet	ion of this course, the students will be able to:	Mapped
CO1	:	Know the dynamic representations of power converters	L1: Remembering
CO2	:	Make a dynamic model of DC-DC converter	L6:Creating
CO3	:	Select appropriate control scheme for DC-DC converter with its dynamic model	L5:Evaluating
CO4	:	Develop state space model for three phase converters	L3:Applying
CO5	:	Design a suitable controller for for three phase converters	L5: Evaluating.

COURS	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX														
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	
CO1	2	1	1	1	3		1	1				1	2	1	
CO2	1		2	1	1						1	1	1	2	
CO3	1	2	3	2	3	1		1			1	1	2	1	
CO4	2	1	3	3	2	1	1	1			1	1	2	1	
CO5	1	3	2	2	3	2	1	1			1	1	2	1	
Avg	1.40	1.75	2.20	1.80	2.40	1.3	1	1	0.00	0.00	1	1.00	1.80	1.20	

22PEE4	WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYST	SEMESTER II					
PRERE	UISTIES	CATEGORY	PE	Cre	edit	3	
Danassahl	Enough Cristoms	House/Wools	L	T	P	TH	
Renewabi	Energy Systems	Hours/Week				3	
		1			Ŭ		

Course Objectives:

To learn the fundamentals, design and application of wind energy conversion systems for small and large scale electrification.

UNIT I WIND RESOURCE ASSESSMENT AND WEC COMPONENTS 9 0

Wind regime modelling - measurement instruments - Weibull parameters- height dependency- wind energy forecast-Components of WECS-WECS schemes - Power obtained from wind - simple momentum theory- Power coefficient - Sabinin's theory - Aerodynamics of Wind turbine

UNIT II WIND TURBINE

HAWT-VAWT-Power developed-Thrust-Efficiency-Rotor selection-Rotor design considerations- Tip speed ratio-No. of Blades-Blade profile-Power Regulation-yaw control-Pitch angle control- stall control-Schemes for maximum power extractions - Power-wind speed characteristics

UNIT III | FIXED SPEED WTGS

Fixed speed constant frequency systems -Choice of Generators- Deciding factors-Synchronous Generator-Squirrel Cage Induction Generator- Model of Wind Speed- Model wind turbine rotor – Drive Train model

UNIT IV VARIABLE SPEED WTGS

Variable speed constant frequency systems synchronous generator- DFIG- PMSG -Variable speed generators modelling – Variable speed variable frequency schemes- Grid Integration of wind energy systems to electrical networks, converters, inverters - wind energy storage solutions.

UNIT V DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Components and strategies - Site selection and turbine spacing - rotor selection - **Control systems** requirements - testing - noise issues - Annual Energy Output (AEO)- optimal placement of wind turbine in a wind park, ICT based monitoring and control of wind farms.

Total (45L) = 45 Periods

0

References	S:
1.	L.L.Freris "Wind Energy conversion Systems", Prentice Hall, 1990
2.	Ion Boldea, "Variable speed generators", Taylor & Francis group, 2006.
3.	S.Heir "Grid Integration of WECS", Wiley 1998
4.	N. Jenkins," Wind Energy Technology" John Wiley & Sons,1997

Course O	uto	comes:	Bloom's Taxonomy Mapped						
Upon com	Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:								
CO1	:	Summarize the methods of harnessing the wind energy.	L2:Understanding						
CO2	:	Illustrate the components of WECS and its suitability.	L4:Analysing						
CO3	:	Analyze the maximum power.from Wind turbine.	L4:Analysing						
CO4	:	Categorize the performance of different generators.	L4:Analysing						
CO5	:	Model and apply control techniques for WTGS for different speeds	L3:Applying						

COUR	SE AF	RTICUI	LATIO	N MAT	RIX									
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1
CO3	3	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1
CO4	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO5	2	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1
Avg	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.0	2.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	2.3	1.3
			3/2/1-	-indicate	s strengt	h of corr	elation (3- High,	2-Medi	um, 1- L	ow)			

22PEE45	2PEE45 POWER ELECTRONICS FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEM										
PREREQU	ISTIES	CATEGORY	PE	Cre	edit	3					
NI'1		TT /XX/ 1	L	Т	P	TH					
Nil		Hours/Week	3	0	0	3					
Course Obj	ectives:										
1. To und	lerstand the principle of solar and wind energy conversion systems.										
	w inverter structures need for solar and wind energy systems.										
3. To introduce grid integration methods for solar and wind energy systems.											
UNIT I	SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEM		9	0	0	9					
	un's Energy - Advantages and Conversion Challenges -Solar Cell-										
	dules-Design and Structure of PV module- I-V Equation, Power cur					n and					
	Maximum Power Point Tracking-Perturb and Observe algorithm-In	cremental conductan	ce algo	rithms	S.						
	WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM		9	0	0	9					
	Components of Wind Energy Conversion System- Power Conversion										
	nerator (SEIG) - Theory of self excitation - Permanent magnet syn	nchronous generator	(PMSC	i) - A	utono	mous					
	ystems with Permanent Magnet Generators				_						
	FUEL CELL		9	0	0	9					
	Types- Commercial and Manufacturing Issues - Constructional Fe										
	ages and Disadvantages of Fuel Cells - Fuel Cell Equivalent Circuit	t; Aspects of Hydrog	en as F	uel, I	ıtrodı	ıction					
to Bloom ener			1.0			Τ.					
	INVERTER STRUCTURES FOR RENEWABLE ENERG		9	0	0	9					
	Inverter Structure, control and operation- H5 Inverter - HERIC In										
	er- H-Bridge Based Boosting Inverter - Three-Phase solar PV Invert		-to-bacl	k PW	M Inv	erter-					
	ack-to-back PWM Inverter- Generic control structure for a PV inverted.			Ι.Δ.		Τ.					
	GRID INTEGRATION OF GREEN ENERGY SYSTEMS		9	0	0	9					
	ture for grid connected PV system- Single stage grid connected PV										
	or Single-Phase Systems- Grid Synchronization Using a Phase-Lock WES Grid Control- Influence of active and reactive power injection		ucture (or WE	3- G	enerat					
Side Control-	wes one control-influence of active and reactive power injection	•	Ι Ε Τ . Δ'	T) 4	5 D-						
		Total (4	19L+U	1 <i>)</i> = 4	o re	rioas					

Refere	ences:
1.	Chetan Singh Solanki, "Solar Photovoltaics: Fundamentals, Technologies and Applications", PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, 2016.
2.	Remus Teodorescu, "Grid converters for photovoltaic and wind power systems", A John Wiley and Sons Ltd Publication, 2011.
3.	E.Acha and VG Agilidis," Power Electronic Control In Electrical Systems", Elsevier India Pvt Ltd, Ist Edition, 2006.
4.	Felix A. Farret, M. Godoy Simo` es, Integration of Alternative Sources of Energy, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.

		etion of this course, the students will be able to:	Bloom's Taxonomy Mapped		
CO1	:	Know solar, fuel cell and wind energy conversion principles.	L2: Understanding		
CO2	:	Select suitable power Converters for green energy systems.	L3: Applying		
CO3	:	Design wind and solar based power plants.	L5: Creating		
CO4	:	Design an appropriate system for standalone and grid connected operation.	L5: Creating		
CO5	:	Know grid integration challenges with fuel cell, solar and wind energy systems.	L3: Applying		

COUR	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX													
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PSO1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1		1			1	3			1	2		1	1	1
CO2	2	3								1		1	3	3
CO3			2	1			1	2			1	2	2	2
CO4			2				1	2			1	3	2	3
CO5			1	2					1			2	3	3
Avg	2	2	1.67	1.5	1		1	2	1	1.5	1	1.8	2.2	2.4

22PEE51	SMART GRID TECHNOLOGY		S	EM	ESTI	ER II	Ι
PREREQU	ISTIES	CATEGORY	PE		Cred	lit	3
		TT /537 1	L		T	P	TH
		Hours/Week	3		0	0	3
Course Obj	ectives:			ı			
1. To pro	vide exposure of advanced power electronic converters to be uti	lized by the industric	es and i	atiliti	ies		
UNIT I	SMART GRID ARCHITECTURE			9 (0	0	9
Definitions ar	d Features for Smart Grid, Characteristics of Smart Grid, Sma	rt grid infrastructure	with i	ts co	mpone	ents. S	Smart
	Technologies, Transformation from Traditional Grid to Smart						
Challenges		, 0			,		
UNIT II	COMMUNICATION AND INFORMATION SECUR	RITY		9 (0	0	9
Requirements	of Smart Grid Communications, Communication infrastructure	for the Smart Grid,	commi	ınica	tion te	chnol	ogies
for Smart Grid	d, Information Layer of Smart Grid, SG Security Objectives, Cy	ber Security Require	ements	for S	Smart (Grid	Ü
UNIT III	CONTROL AND AUTOMATION TECHNOLOGIE			9 (0	9
Smart meterin	ng: Benefits, Architecture, Key components and operation, co	ommunications arch	itecture	for	smar	t mete	ering,
	integration (DSI): Definitions and services provided by DSI,						
components a	nd functions, Intelligent electronic devices (IED), Relay IED an	d other types, Bay co	ontrolle	er.			
UNIT IV	ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEMS FOR SMART GRI	D		9 (0	0	9
Structure of E	nergy Storage System, Techno- Economic Characteristics of I	Energy Storage Syste	ms, En	ergy	Stora	ge Sy:	stems
	and Description, Smart grid energy storage applications at diff						
for Interfacing	Energy Storage Technologies with Smart Grid.						
UNIT V	GREEN ENERGY INTEGRATION IN SMART GR	ID		9 (0	0	9
Sustainable er	nergy options for the smart grid-Solar PV System, Wind Energ	gy and Fuel Cell: Cor	nversio	n and	d Pow	er ele	ctroni
	or grid integration, Penetration and variability issues associ						
technology, Ir	npact of PHEV on the Smart Grid.						
		Tot	tal (45)	L+0	T)=4	5 Per	riods

Refere	References:									
1.	James Momoh "SMART GRID Fundamentals of Design and Analysis", Wiley India, 2015.									
2.	Janaka Ekanayake, Nick Jenkins, Kithsiri Liyanage, Jianzhong Wu, Akihiko Yokoyama, "Smart Grid: Technology and Applications", Wiley, 2012.									
3.	Mini S. Thomas, John D McDonald, 'Power System SCADA and Smart Grids', CRC Press, 2015									
4.	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc23_ee60									

		tcomes: etion of this course, the students will be able to:	Bloom's Taxonomy Level			
CO1	:	Explain the structure of Smart Grid and its present developments.	L2-Understanding			
CO2	:	Select the suitable communication networks and information security for smart grid	L4-Analyzng			
CO3	:	Apply the principle of automation and control infrastructure in Smart Grid	L3-Applying			
CO4	:	Use an energy storage system in Smart Grid with its integration	L3-Applying			
CO5	:	Outline the smart energy resources and its integration with Smart Grid	L4-Analyzing			

COUR	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX													
COs/ POs	PO1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	2	1	2			1	2	2	2		1	2	2	1
CO2	1				2	1		1	1	3		2	1	
CO3	2	1	2	2	1		2	1		2	2	1	2	1
CO4	3		3	1	2				1	1	2	2	2	1
CO5	1	3		1		1	1	1	2		1	2	1	
Avg	1.80	1.67	2.33	1.33	1.67	1.00	1.67	1.25	1.50	2.00	1.50	1.80	1.60	1.00

3/2/1-indicates strength of correlation (3- High, 2-Medium, 1- Low)

22PEE5	2	DISTRIBUTED GENERATION AND MICR	S	SEMESTER III								
PRERE	PREREQUISITES CATEGORY PE C											
Nil	L L											
	Hours/Week 3 0											
Course	Objec	ctives:		•								
1.		mpart knowledge on distributed generation technologies ation and control.	s, impact on grid i	ntegrat	tion, a	nd mi	crog	grid				
UNIT I	IN	NTRODUCTION			9	0	0	9				
Convention	onal p	ower generation: advantages and disadvantages, En	ergy crises, Non- o	convent	ional	energy	(N	CE)				
resources	: revie	w of Solar PV, Wind Energy systems, Fuel Cells, micro-turb	ines, biomass, and ti	dal sou	rces.							
UNIT II	D	ISTRIBUTED GENERATIONS			9	0	0	9				
interconn	Concept of distributed generations, topologies, selection of sources, regulatory standards/ framework, Standards for interconnecting Distributed resources to electric power systems: IEEE 1547. DG installation classes, security issues in DG implementations. Energy storage elements: Batteries, ultra-capacitors, flywheels. Captive power plants.											
UNIT II	I IN	MPACT OF GRID INTEGRATION			9	0	0	9				
Requirem	ents f	for grid interconnection, limits on operational parameters	s: voltage, frequenc	y, TH	D, res	ponse	to g	grid				
	abnormal operating conditions, islanding issues. Impact of grid integration with NCE sources on existing power system:											
reliability	, stabi	lity and power quality issues.										

UNIT IV BASICS OF A MICROGRID

9 | 0 | 0 | 9

Concept and definition of microgrid, microgrid drivers and benefits, review of sources of microgrids, typical structure and configuration of a microgrid, AC and DC microgrids, Power Electronics interfaces in DC and AC microgrids.

UNIT V | CONTROL AND OPERATION OF MICROGRID

0 0

Modes of operation and control of microgrid: grid connected and islanded mode, Active and reactive power control, protection issues, anti-islanding schemes: passive, active and communication based techniques, microgrid communication infrastructure, Power quality issues in microgrids, regulatory standards, Microgrid economics, Introduction to smart microgrids.

Total (45 L + 0 T) = 45 Periods

Reference	e Books:
1.	Lee Willis, H., and Walter G. Scott, "Distributed Power Generation – Planning and Evaluation", Marcel Decker Press, 2000.
2.	Godoy Simoes, M., and Felix A.Farret, "Renewable Energy Systems – Design and Analysis with Induction Generators", CRC Press, 2004.
3.	Robert Lasseter, Paolo Piagi, "Micro-grid: A Conceptual Solution", PESC 2004, June 2004.
4.	John Twidell and Tony Weir, "Renewable Energy Resources" Taylor and Francis Publications, 2005.
5.	Dorin Neacsu, "Power Switching Converters: Medium and High Power", CRC Press, Taylor & Francis, 2006.
6.	Amirnaser Yezdani, and Reza Iravani, "Voltage Source Converters in Power Systems: Modeling, Control and Applications", IEEE John Wiley Publications, 2009.
7.	Katiraei, F., and Iravani, M.R., "Transients of a Micro-Grid System with Multiple Distributed Energy Resources", International Conference on Power Systems Transients (IPST'05) in Montreal, Canada on June 19-23, 2005.
8.	Ye, Z., Walling, R., Miller, N., Du, P., and Nelson, K., "Facility Microgrids", General Electric Global Research Center, Niskayuna, New York, Subcontract report, May 2005.

		utcomes: pletion of this course, the students will be able to:	Bloom's Taxonomy Mapped
CO1	:	Identify various forms of energy sources.	L2: Understanding
CO2	:	Recognize various DG technologies.	L2: Understanding
CO3	:	Analyse the impact on grid while integrating DGs.	L4: Analysing
CO4	:	Demonstrate the concepts of microgrids.	L3: Applying
CO5	:	Categorize various microgrid control schemes.	L4: Analysing

COURSE A	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX													
COs\POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO 1	1	3	3	3	2		3	1		1	2	2	3	1
CO 2	1	3	3	3	2		3	1		1	2	2	2	1
CO 3	1	2	2	2	2		3	1		1	1	1	3	1
CO 4	1	2	3	2	2		3	1		1	2	2	2	1
CO 5	1	2	2	2	2		2	1		1	1	2	2	1
Avg	1	2.4	2.6	2.4	2		2.8	1		1	1.4	1.8	2.4	1

3/2/1 – indicates strength of correlation (3- High, 2-Medium, 1-Low)

22PEE53	FACTS CONTROLLERS		SEMESTER III				
PREREQUI	SITES	CATEGORY	PE	Cre	edit	3	
			L	Т	P	TH	
Power Systems	S	Hours/Week	3	0	0	3	
Course Obje	ectives:						
1. To learn	n the active and reactive power flow control in power system						
To und	lerstand the need for static shunt and series compensators and	develop different	contro	ol str	ategie	es for	
2. compen		1			U		
3. To anal	yze the principle of operation of UPFC and IPFC.						
4. To unde	erstand the concept of coordination of FACTS controllers.						
UNIT I	FACTS CONCEPTS		9	0	0	9	
Reactive power	er flow control in power systems-Control of dynamic power imbalar	nces in power syste	em-Pov	ver flo	ow co	ntrol-	
	maximum transmission line loading-Basic types of FACTS control	llers-Benefits of F	ACTS t	ransn	nissio	n line	
compensation-	Uncompensated line-Shunt and series compensation principles.						
	STATIC SHUNT COMPENSATORS		9	0	0	9	
	assive VAR compensator-Static shunt compensators: SVC and STAT	COM-Operation a	nd cont	rol of	TSC	TCR	
	M-Compensator control-Comparison between SVC and STATCOM.				_		
	STATIC SERIES COMPENSATOR		9	0	0	9	
	and Phase angle regulators-TCVR and TCPAR operation and contro	l-Applications-Sta	tic serie	es con	npens	ation:	
GCSC, TSSC,	TCSC and Static synchronous series compensators and their control.				_		
UNIT IV	COMBINED AND SPECIAL PURPOSE FACTS CONTR	OLLERS	9	0	0	9	
SSR and its of	lamping-Unified Power Flow Controller: Circuit arrangement,	operation and co	ontrol	of UI	PFC-	Basic	
principle of F	and Q control-Independent real and reactive power flow control-	rol-Applications-	Interli	ne Po	ower	Flow	
Controller (II	PFC): Basic operation, structure and applications.						
UNIT V	9	0	0	9			
Controller inte	ractions - SVC-SVC interaction - SVC-HVDC interaction - SVC -T	CSC interaction - 7	TCSC-7	CSC	inter	action	
- Coordination	of multiple controllers using linear control techniques - Non-linear	ar control techniqu	ies – E	mergi	ng F	ACTS	
Controllers: Th	ne STATCOM - The SSSC - The UPFC - Comparative evaluation of	different FACTS of	ontrolle	ers.			
		Total (4	15L+0'	Γ)= 4	5 Pe	riods	

Refere	ences:
1	N.G. Hingorani, L. Gyugyi, "Understanding FACTS: Concepts and Technology of Flexible AC
1.	Transmission Systems", IEEE Press Book, Standard Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, 2001.
2	K.R. Padiyar, "FACTS Controllers in Power Transmission and Distribution", New Age International Publishers,
2.	2007.
3.	Arindam Ghosh, Gerard Ledwich, "Power Quality Enhancement using Custom Power Devices", Springer Science,
Э.	2002.
4.	X.P. Zhang, C. Rehtanz, B. Pal, "Flexible AC Transmission Systems- Modelling and Control", Springer Verlag,
4.	Berlin, 2006.
5.	R. Mohan Mathur, Rajiv K Verma, "Thyrisor-Based FACTS Controllers for Electrical Transmission Systems", IEEE
٥.	press, Wiley-Interscience Publications, 2002.

Course O		Bloom's Taxonomy Mapped						
CO1	:	Recall reactive power flow control in power systems. L1: Remembering						
CO2	:	Discuss various static series and shunt compensation techniques. L2: Understanding						
CO3	:	Analyze the structure and principle of operation of FACTS devices.	L4: Analyzing					
CO4	:	Apply the FACTS devices at suitable location in power system networks.	L3: Applying					
CO5	:	Construct the co-ordination of FACTS controllers.	L4: Analyzing					

COUR	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX													
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	2	3	1	1	1	1	3	1	2	1	1	3	3	1
CO2	2	1	3	3	1	1	3	1	1	2	1	1	2	2
CO3	1	1	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	3	1	2	2	2
CO4	2	3	2	3	3	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	3	1
CO5	2	1	3	2	1	1	2	3	1	2	1	2	2	1
Avg	1.80	1.80	2.20	2.20	1.60	1.40	2.20	1.60	1.20	2.00	1.20	2.00	2.40	1.40
		l	3/2/1-i	ndicate	s streng	th of co	rrelatio	n (3- Hi	gh, 2-M	ledium,	1- Low)		I.	

22PEE54	HVDC TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS		SEM	EST	ER]	II
PREREQUI	SITES	CATEGORY	PE	Cro	edit	3
			L	T	P	TH
Power Systems	s	Hours/Week	3	0	0	3
Course Obje	ectives:		1			
1. To unde	erstand the concept, planning of DC power transmission and compar	ison with AC pov	wer tran	smiss	ion.	
	yze HVDC converters.					
	y about the HVDC system control.					
	gn harmonics filters.					
	art knowledge on simulation of HVDC systems.				_	
	DEVELOPMENT OF HVDC TECHNOLOGY Comparison of AC and DC transmission – Applications of DC transmission – Applications – Applicati		9	0	0	9
annliastions T				stems		
	Sypes – control and protection – study of MTDC System. ANALYSIS OF HYDC CONVERTERS		Q		10	0
UNIT II	ANALYSIS OF HVDC CONVERTERS	oridge converter wi	9	0	0 and	9 wit
UNIT II Pulse number	ANALYSIS OF HVDC CONVERTERS - Choice of best topology for HVDC - Analysis of six pulse by		ithout o	0 verlap	o, and	wit
UNIT II Pulse number overlap less th	ANALYSIS OF HVDC CONVERTERS		ithout o	0 verlap	o, and	wit
UNIT II Pulse number overlap less th Converter brid	ANALYSIS OF HVDC CONVERTERS - Choice of best topology for HVDC - Analysis of six pulse by an 60° - Equivalent circuit model - Abnormal operation: Arcback,		ithout o	0 verlap	o, and	wit
UNIT II Pulse number overlap less th Converter brid UNIT III	ANALYSIS OF HVDC CONVERTERS - Choice of best topology for HVDC - Analysis of six pulse by the san 60° - Equivalent circuit model - Abnormal operation: Arcback, age characteristics - Multiple bridge converters.	Commutation failur	ithout ore, Arcth	0 verlagenrough	o, and h, Mi	wit sfire
UNIT II Pulse number overlap less th Converter brid UNIT III Basic principle of different lev	ANALYSIS OF HVDC CONVERTERS - Choice of best topology for HVDC - Analysis of six pulse by an 60° - Equivalent circuit model - Abnormal operation: Arcback, age characteristics - Multiple bridge converters. CONTROL OF HVDC SYSTEMS es of control - Desired features of control - Limitations of manual evels of HVDC system controls - Converter firing control schemes	Commutation failur control -Control im – Valve blocking a	gaplement	verlaghrough	o, and h, Mi 0 : Hier - Sta	with with sfire 9
Pulse number overlap less th Converter brid UNIT III Basic principle of different lev stopping and p	ANALYSIS OF HVDC CONVERTERS - Choice of best topology for HVDC - Analysis of six pulse to an 60° - Equivalent circuit model - Abnormal operation: Arcback, age characteristics - Multiple bridge converters. CONTROL OF HVDC SYSTEMS es of control - Desired features of control - Limitations of manual wels of HVDC system controls - Converter firing control schemes become flow reversal - Controls for enhancement of AC system per	Commutation failur control -Control im – Valve blocking a	gaplement	verlaghrough	o, and h, Mi 0 : Hier - Sta	with with sfire 9
UNIT II Pulse number overlap less th Converter brid UNIT III Basic principle of different lev stopping and p	ANALYSIS OF HVDC CONVERTERS - Choice of best topology for HVDC - Analysis of six pulse to an 60° - Equivalent circuit model - Abnormal operation: Arcback, age characteristics - Multiple bridge converters. CONTROL OF HVDC SYSTEMS es of control - Desired features of control - Limitations of manual wels of HVDC system controls - Converter firing control schemes power flow reversal - Controls for enhancement of AC system per and protection-Functions of smoothing reactors.	Commutation failur control -Control im – Valve blocking a rformance – Higher	g pplement nd bypa r level o	overlaphrough otation assing	o, and h, Mi 0 : Hier - Stablers	with sfire 9 archarting-Fau
Pulse number overlap less th Converter brid UNIT III Basic principle of different less topping and properties development a UNIT IV	ANALYSIS OF HVDC CONVERTERS - Choice of best topology for HVDC - Analysis of six pulse to an 60° - Equivalent circuit model - Abnormal operation: Arcback, age characteristics - Multiple bridge converters. CONTROL OF HVDC SYSTEMS Les of control - Desired features of control - Limitations of manual and seels of HVDC system controls - Converter firing control schemes are converted flow reversal - Controls for enhancement of AC system per and protection-Functions of smoothing reactors. REACTIVE POWER CONTROL, HARMONICS AND FROM the converted flow is a six pulse to an experiment of the converted flow in the converted flow is a six pulse to an experiment of the converted flow in the converted flow is a six pulse to an experiment of the converted flow in the converted flow is a six pulse to an experiment of the converted flow in the converted flow is a six pulse to an experiment of the converted flow in the converted flow in the converted flow is a six pulse to an experiment of the converted flow in the converted flow is a six pulse to an experiment of the converted flow in the converted flow is a six pulse to an experiment of the converted flow in the converted flow is a six pulse to an experiment of the converted flow in the converted flow in the converted flow is a six pulse to an experiment of the converted flow in the	Commutation failur control -Control im – Valve blocking a rformance – Higher	gaplement	verlaghrough	o, and h, Mi 0 : Hier - Sta	with sfire 9 arch
Pulse number overlap less th Converter brid UNIT III Basic principle of different less topping and properties development a UNIT IV Reactive Power	ANALYSIS OF HVDC CONVERTERS - Choice of best topology for HVDC - Analysis of six pulse to an 60° - Equivalent circuit model - Abnormal operation: Arcback, age characteristics - Multiple bridge converters. CONTROL OF HVDC SYSTEMS Les of control - Desired features of control - Limitations of manual avels of HVDC system controls - Converter firing control schemes are covered flow reversal - Controls for enhancement of AC system per and protection-Functions of smoothing reactors. REACTIVE POWER CONTROL, HARMONICS AND For requirements in steady state - sources of reactive power - static V	Commutation failur control -Control im Valve blocking a rformance – Higher TILTERS AR systems.	9 applement of the level of the	0 verlaphrough 0 tation assing contro	o, and h, Mi o Hier Sta ollers	with sfire 9 rarcharting-Fau
Pulse number overlap less th Converter brid UNIT III Basic principle of different lev stopping and prevelopment a UNIT IV Reactive Powe Introduction —	ANALYSIS OF HVDC CONVERTERS - Choice of best topology for HVDC - Analysis of six pulse to an 60° - Equivalent circuit model - Abnormal operation: Arcback, age characteristics - Multiple bridge converters. CONTROL OF HVDC SYSTEMS Les of control - Desired features of control - Limitations of manual and sels of HVDC system controls - Converter firing control schemes are converted flow reversal - Controls for enhancement of AC system per pend protection-Functions of smoothing reactors. REACTIVE POWER CONTROL, HARMONICS AND For requirements in steady state - sources of reactive power - static V. Characteristic harmonics - noncharacteristic harmonics - Troubles	control -Control im Valve blocking a rformance – Higher TLTERS AR systems. caused by harmoni	9 applement devel of the second by part level of the secon	overlaphroughtation assing control finitio	o, and h, Mi o : Hier - Stablers o ons of	with sfire 9 varcharting-Fau 9
Pulse number overlap less th Converter brid UNIT III Basic principle of different less topping and pulse development a UNIT IV Reactive Power Introduction — distortion or ri	ANALYSIS OF HVDC CONVERTERS - Choice of best topology for HVDC - Analysis of six pulse to an 60° - Equivalent circuit model - Abnormal operation: Arcback, age characteristics - Multiple bridge converters. CONTROL OF HVDC SYSTEMS es of control - Desired features of control - Limitations of manual evels of HVDC system controls - Converter firing control schemes become flow reversal - Controls for enhancement of AC system per and protection-Functions of smoothing reactors. REACTIVE POWER CONTROL, HARMONICS AND For requirements in steady state - sources of reactive power - static V. Characteristic harmonics - noncharacteristic harmonics - Troubles pple - Means of reducing harmonics - Telephone interference - Desired for the production of th	control -Control im Valve blocking a rformance – Higher TLTERS AR systems. caused by harmoni	9 applement devel of the second by part level of the secon	overlaphroughtation assing control finitio	o, and h, Mi o : Hier - Stablers o ons of	with sfire 9 varcharting-Fau 9
Pulse number overlap less th Converter brid UNIT III Basic principle of different less stopping and production development a UNIT IV Reactive Power Introduction — distortion or riside harmonics	ANALYSIS OF HVDC CONVERTERS - Choice of best topology for HVDC - Analysis of six pulse to an 60° - Equivalent circuit model - Abnormal operation: Arcback, age characteristics - Multiple bridge converters. CONTROL OF HVDC SYSTEMS es of control - Desired features of control - Limitations of manual wels of HVDC system controls - Converter firing control schemes above flow reversal - Controls for enhancement of AC system pend protection-Functions of smoothing reactors. REACTIVE POWER CONTROL, HARMONICS AND For requirements in steady state - sources of reactive power - static V. Characteristic harmonics - noncharacteristic harmonics - Troubles pple - Means of reducing harmonics - Telephone interference - Desired for the control of t	control -Control im Valve blocking a rformance – Higher TLTERS AR systems. caused by harmoni	guplement of the level of the l	verlar nrough tation assing control of the latest term of the latest t	o, and h, Mi O : Hier - Stablers O ons of Filters	with with with with with with with with
UNIT II Pulse number overlap less th Converter brid UNIT III Basic principle of different less topping and production and the converter brid UNIT IV Reactive Power Introduction and istortion or riside harmonics UNIT V	ANALYSIS OF HVDC CONVERTERS - Choice of best topology for HVDC - Analysis of six pulse to an 60° - Equivalent circuit model - Abnormal operation: Arcback, age characteristics - Multiple bridge converters. CONTROL OF HVDC SYSTEMS es of control - Desired features of control - Limitations of manual evels of HVDC system controls - Converter firing control schemes ower flow reversal - Controls for enhancement of AC system pend protection-Functions of smoothing reactors. REACTIVE POWER CONTROL, HARMONICS AND For requirements in steady state - sources of reactive power - static V. Characteristic harmonics - noncharacteristic harmonics - Troubles pple - Means of reducing harmonics - Telephone interference - Design SIMULATION OF HVDC SYSTEMS	control -Control im Valve blocking a rformance – Higher TILTERS AR systems. caused by harmonisign of minimum co	9 aplement of the property of	verlar nrough tation assing control of AC f	o, and h, Mi o : Hier - Stablers o ons of Filters	with with with with a special with a
UNIT II Pulse number overlap less th Converter brid UNIT III Basic principle of different less stopping and production and the converter brid UNIT IV Reactive Power Introduction — distortion or riside harmonics UNIT V Modelling of Modellin	ANALYSIS OF HVDC CONVERTERS - Choice of best topology for HVDC - Analysis of six pulse to an 60° - Equivalent circuit model - Abnormal operation: Arcback, age characteristics - Multiple bridge converters. CONTROL OF HVDC SYSTEMS Les of control - Desired features of control - Limitations of manual avels of HVDC system controls - Converter firing control schemes above flow reversal - Controls for enhancement of AC system pend protection-Functions of smoothing reactors. REACTIVE POWER CONTROL, HARMONICS AND For requirements in steady state - sources of reactive power - static Valuation Characteristic harmonics - noncharacteristic harmonics - Troubles pple - Means of reducing harmonics - Telephone interference - Designature of the state of the systems of the systems, per unit system, Representation for power flow so	control -Control im Valve blocking a rformance – Higher FILTERS AR systems. caused by harmonisign of minimum co- olution, representat	graphement of the service of the ser	verlar nrough tation assing control of the latest term of the latest t	o, and h, Mi O : Hier - Stablers O ons of filters O ity st	with with with with a spirit way of the way
UNIT II Pulse number overlap less th Converter brid UNIT III Basic principle of different less topping and production and the converter brid UNIT IV Reactive Power Introduction — distortion or riside harmonics UNIT V Modelling of I	ANALYSIS OF HVDC CONVERTERS - Choice of best topology for HVDC - Analysis of six pulse to an 60° - Equivalent circuit model - Abnormal operation: Arcback, age characteristics - Multiple bridge converters. CONTROL OF HVDC SYSTEMS es of control - Desired features of control - Limitations of manual evels of HVDC system controls - Converter firing control schemes ower flow reversal - Controls for enhancement of AC system pend protection-Functions of smoothing reactors. REACTIVE POWER CONTROL, HARMONICS AND For requirements in steady state - sources of reactive power - static V. Characteristic harmonics - noncharacteristic harmonics - Troubles pple - Means of reducing harmonics - Telephone interference - Design SIMULATION OF HVDC SYSTEMS	control -Control im Valve blocking a rformance – Higher FILTERS AR systems. caused by harmonisign of minimum co- olution, representat	graphement of the service of the ser	verlar nrough tation assing control of the latest term of the latest t	o, and h, Mi O : Hier - Stablers O ons of filters O ity st	with with spire wavenumber of the without the wind with the wind wavenumber of the wavenumber of the windows wavenumber of

Refere	ences:
1.	Padiyar, K.R., "HVDC Power Transmission Systems", New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2010.
2.	Arrillaga, J., "HVDC Transmission", Peter Peregrinus, London, 1983.
3.	Colin Adamson and N.G.Hingorani, "High Voltage Direct current Power Transmission", Garraway Limited, London,
٥.	First edition, 1960.
4.	Edward Wilson Kimbark, "Direct Current Transmission", Vol.I, Wiley Interscience, New York, 1971.
5.	Erich Uhlmann, "Power Transmission by Direct Current", B.S. Publications, 2004.
6.	Kamakshaiah, S. & Kamaraju, V, "HVDC Transmission", 1st Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011.

Course Ou	ıtco	Bloom's Taxonomy					
Upon comp	Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:						
CO1	:	Outline the concept of HVDC technology	L1: Remembering				
CO2	:	Explain the basic concepts of HVDC and MTDC systems.	L2: Understanding				
CO3	:	Analyze and control six-pulse and multiple-bridge converters	L4: Analyzing				
CO4	:	Design harmonics filters.	L4: Analyzing				
CO5	:	Develop the modelling of HVDC systems	L2: Understanding				
CO6							

COURS	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX													
COs/ POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	1	2	3	2	1				2	1	3	3	1
CO2	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	2
CO3	3	2	3	1	1					1		2	2	2
CO4	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	3	1
CO5	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	1
CO6	1	2	2	3	3	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	1
Avg	2.33	2.00	2.50	2.50	1.67	0.83	1.5	1	1	1.67	1.00	2.00	2.33	1.33
	•		3/2/1-inc	licates st	rength o	of correla	ation (3-	High, 2	-Mediun	n, 1- Lov	w)			

22PEE55	SCADA SYSTEMS AND APPLICAT	TIONS	SEM	ESTI	ER II	I		
PREREQU	ISITES	CATEGORY	PE	Cr	edit	3		
		TT/XX/ l-	L	Т	P	TH		
		Hours/Week	3	0	0	3		
Course Obj	jectives:							
1. To und	erstand the SCADA system components, communicat	tion protocols and it	s applica	tion t	o pov	ver		
system				1.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
UNIT I	INTRODUCTION TO SCADA		9		,	9		
	SCADA, SCADA definitions, SCADA Functional requ		onents, So	CADA	A Hiei	archica		
UNIT II	ADA architecture, General features, SCADA Applications, I SCADA SYSTEM COMPONENTS	benefits.	9	<u> </u>) () 9		
		ca Unite (HMI) Dien	-					
Customs Into	11' and Electron's Decision (IED). Commenciation Notes	Remote Terminal Unit (RTU), Interface units, Human- Machine Interface Units (HMI), Display 55 M						
Systems Inte	elligent Electronic Devices (IED). Communication Networ	rk SCADA Server S	CADA (ontro	ol syste	ems and		
	elligent Electronic Devices (IED), Communication Networks.	rk, SCADA Server, S	CADA (Contro	ol syste	ems and		
Control panel UNIT III		rk, SCADA Server, S	9 (SCADA		ol syste	1		
Control panel UNIT III	ls.		9) () 9		
Control panel UNIT III SCADA Cor Communicati	SCADA COMMUNICATION nmunication requirements, Communication protocols: Protocol, Comparison of various communication protocols	ast, Present and Futicols, IEC61850 based	9 ure, Struc	cture	of a n arch	O 9 SCADA itecture		
Control panel UNIT III SCADA Cor Communicati Communicati	SCADA COMMUNICATION munication requirements, Communication protocols: Points Protocol, Comparison of various communication protocol media like Fiber optic, PLCC etc. Interface provision	ast, Present and Futicols, IEC61850 based	9 ure, Struc	cture	of a n arch	9 SCADA itecture		
Control panel UNIT III SCADA Cor Communicati Communicati with NCC, De	SCADA COMMUNICATION munication requirements, Communication protocols: Protocol, Comparison of various communication protocol media like Fiber optic, PLCC etc. Interface provision CC.	ast, Present and Futicols, IEC61850 based	gure, Struction communication extension	cture nicatio ons, sy	of a n arch	SCADA itecture nization		
Control panel UNIT III SCADA Cor Communicati Communicati with NCC, De UNIT IV	SCADA COMMUNICATION munication requirements, Communication protocols: Paions Protocol, Comparison of various communication protocol ion media like Fiber optic, PLCC etc. Interface provision CC. MONITORING AND CONTROL	ast, Present and Futicols, IEC61850 based is and communication	9 yure, Structommuni extension	cture nicatio	of a n arch	SCADA itecture nization		
Control panel UNIT III SCADA Cor Communicati Communicati with NCC, De UNIT IV SCADA: Onl	SCADA COMMUNICATION mmunication requirements, Communication protocols: Pations Protocol, Comparison of various communication protocol media like Fiber optic, PLCC etc. Interface provision CC. MONITORING AND CONTROL line monitoring the event and alarm system, trends and research and resea	ast, Present and Futicols, IEC61850 based as and communication eports, Blocking list,	9 yure, Structommuni extension	cture nicatio	of a n arch	SCADA itecture nization		
Control panel UNIT III SCADA Cor Communicati Communicati with NCC, De UNIT IV SCADA: Onl Control funct	SCADA COMMUNICATION munication requirements, Communication protocols: Protocol, Comparison of various communication protocol media like Fiber optic, PLCC etc. Interface provision CC. MONITORING AND CONTROL line monitoring the event and alarm system, trends and region: Station control, bay control, breaker control and discort	ast, Present and Futicols, IEC61850 based as and communication eports, Blocking list, nnector control.	9 ure, Structommun extension 9 Event dis	cture nicatio ons, sy	of a n archynchro	SCADA itecture inization 9 9 9 9 9 10 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		
Control panel UNIT III SCADA Cor Communicati Communicati with NCC, Do UNIT IV SCADA: Onl Control funct Wide area M	SCADA COMMUNICATION Immunication requirements, Communication protocols: Positions Protocol, Comparison of various communication protocol media like Fiber optic, PLCC etc. Interface provision CC. MONITORING AND CONTROL line monitoring the event and alarm system, trends and region: Station control, bay control, breaker control and discortionitoring Systems (WAMS), Phasor Measurement Unit of	ast, Present and Futicols, IEC61850 based as and communication eports, Blocking list, nuector control. (PMU), A generic PM	9 yure, Structommun extension 9 Event dis	cture nicatio ons, sy	of a n archynchro	SCADA itecture inization 9 9 9 9 9 10 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		
Control panel UNIT III SCADA Cor Communicati Communicati with NCC, Do UNIT IV SCADA: Onl Control funct Wide area M system - Hier	SCADA COMMUNICATION Immunication requirements, Communication protocols: Potons Protocol, Comparison of various communication protocol media like Fiber optic, PLCC etc. Interface provision CC. MONITORING AND CONTROL line monitoring the event and alarm system, trends and region: Station control, bay control, breaker control and discortonitoring Systems (WAMS), Phasor Measurement Unit for archy for phasor measurement systems – Functional requirements	ast, Present and Futicols, IEC61850 based as and communication eports, Blocking list, nuector control. (PMU), A generic PM	9 ure, Structommun extension 9 Event dis	cture nication ons, sy (sturba	of a n archynchro	SCADA itecture nization 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9		
Control panel UNIT III SCADA Cor Communicati Communicati with NCC, Do UNIT IV SCADA: Onl Control funct Wide area M system - Hier UNIT V	SCADA COMMUNICATION munication requirements, Communication protocols: Protocol, Comparison of various communication protocol ion media like Fiber optic, PLCC etc. Interface provision CC. MONITORING AND CONTROL line monitoring the event and alarm system, trends and region: Station control, bay control, breaker control and discortonitoring Systems (WAMS), Phasor Measurement Unit for archy for phasor measurement systems – Functional requires SCADA APPLICATIONS	ast, Present and Futicols, IEC61850 based is and communication eports, Blocking list, nuector control. (PMU), A generic Prements, PMU placements	9 yure, Structommun extension 9 Event dis MU - Thoent.	cture nication ons, sy sturba	of a n archroynchro	SCADA itecture inization of the property of th		
Control panel UNIT III SCADA Cor Communicati Communicati with NCC, Do UNIT IV SCADA: Onl Control funct Wide area M system - Hier UNIT V Applications	SCADA COMMUNICATION munication requirements, Communication protocols: Protocol, Comparison of various communication protocol on media like Fiber optic, PLCC etc. Interface provision CC. MONITORING AND CONTROL line monitoring the event and alarm system, trends and region: Station control, bay control, breaker control and discort for phasor measurement systems – Functional require SCADA APPLICATIONS in Generation, Transmission and Distribution sector, Su	ast, Present and Futucols, IEC61850 based as and communication eports, Blocking list, nuector control. (PMU), A generic Prements, PMU placements, PMU placemen	9 ure, Structommun a extension 9 Event dis MU - The ent. 9 stem Fur	cture nication ons, sy (of a n archynchro nce re nal pos	SCADA itecture inization of the property of th		
Control panel UNIT III SCADA Cor Communicati Communicati with NCC, Do UNIT IV SCADA: Onl Control funct Wide area M system - Hier UNIT V Applications System speci	SCADA COMMUNICATION munication requirements, Communication protocols: Protocol, Comparison of various communication protocol ion media like Fiber optic, PLCC etc. Interface provision CC. MONITORING AND CONTROL line monitoring the event and alarm system, trends and region: Station control, bay control, breaker control and discortonitoring Systems (WAMS), Phasor Measurement Unit for archy for phasor measurement systems – Functional requires SCADA APPLICATIONS	ast, Present and Futicols, IEC61850 based as and communication eports, Blocking list, nuector control. (PMU), A generic Plements, PMU placements, PMU placements, PMU placements, IEC61850 ring	9 yure, Structommum extension extension 9 Event dis MU - Thought. 9 stem Fur configur	cture nication ons, sy (a) (a) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	of a n archynchro nce re al post al des SAS	SCADA itecture inization of the property of th		
Control panel UNIT III SCADA Cor Communicati Communicati with NCC, Do UNIT IV SCADA: Onl Control funct Wide area M system - Hier UNIT V Applications System speci concepts, gate CASE STUD	SCADA COMMUNICATION Immunication requirements, Communication protocols: Potons Protocol, Comparison of various communication protocol media like Fiber optic, PLCC etc. Interface provision CC. MONITORING AND CONTROL line monitoring the event and alarm system, trends and region: Station control, bay control, breaker control and discort Ionitoring Systems (WAMS), Phasor Measurement Unit for earchy for phasor measurement systems – Functional require SCADA APPLICATIONS in Generation, Transmission and Distribution sector, Suffication, System selection such as Substation configurate way interoperability list, signal naming concept. System In DIES: SCADA Design for 66/11KV and 132/66/11KV or	ast, Present and Futicols, IEC61850 based as and communication eports, Blocking list, nuector control. (PMU), A generic Prements, PMU placements, PMU placements, PMU placements, IEC61850 ring installation, Testing and	9 yure, Structommun extension 9 Event dis MU - The ent. 9 stem Fur configured Commi	cture nication sturba e glob	of a n archynchro nace re all des SAS ng.	SCADA itecture inization 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9		
Control panel UNIT III SCADA Cor Communicati Communicati with NCC, Do UNIT IV SCADA: Onl Control funct Wide area M system - Hier UNIT V Applications System speci concepts, gate CASE STUD	SCADA COMMUNICATION Immunication requirements, Communication protocols: Potons Protocol, Comparison of various communication protocol ion media like Fiber optic, PLCC etc. Interface provision CC. MONITORING AND CONTROL Inne monitoring the event and alarm system, trends and region: Station control, bay control, breaker control and discort Ionitoring Systems (WAMS), Phasor Measurement Unit for archy for phasor measurement systems – Functional require SCADA APPLICATIONS in Generation, Transmission and Distribution sector, Suffication, System selection such as Substation configurate way interoperability list, signal naming concept. System Ir	ast, Present and Futicols, IEC61850 based as and communication eports, Blocking list, nuector control. (PMU), A generic Prements, PMU placements, PMU placements, IEC61850 ring installation, Testing and 132/66 KV any utilit	9 yure, Structommun extension 9 Event dis MU - The ent. 9 stem Fur configured Commi	cture nication ons, sy (a) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	of a n archynchrood once repair post of a second post of	SCADA itecture inization of the property of th		

Kei	er	en	ces:	

- 1. Stuart A. Boyer, "SCADA-Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition", Instrument Society of America Publications, USA, 2010.
- 2. Gordon Clarke, and Deon Reynders, "Practical Modern SCADA Protocols: DNP3, 60870.5 and Related Systems", Newnes Publications, Oxford, UK, 2004.
- 3. William T. Shaw, "Cybersecurity for SCADA Systems", PennWell Books, 2021.
- 4. David Bailey and Edwin Wright, "Practical SCADA for Industry", Newnes, 2003.
- 5. Phadke, A.G., and Thorp, J.S., "Synchronized Phasor Measurements and Their Applications", Springer, 2008.
- 6. Michael Wiebe, "A Guide to Utility Automation: AMR, SCADA, and IT Systems for Electric Power", PennWell. 1999.
- 7. Dieter K. Hammer, Lonnie R. Welch, and Dieter K. Hammer, "Engineering of Distributed Control Systems", Nova Science Publishers, USA, 1998.

Course	e O	outcomes:	Bloom's Taxonomy
Upon c	omp	pletion of this course, the students will be able to:	Mapped
CO1	•	Identify the basic tasks of Supervisory Control Systems (SCADA) as well as their typical applications.	L2: Understanding
CO2	••	Recognize SCADA architecture, various advantages and disadvantages of each system.	L2: Understanding
CO3	:	Interpret single unified standard architecture IEC 61850.	L3: Applying
CO4		Demonstrate SCADA system components: remote terminal units, PLCs, intelligent electronic devices, HMI systems.	L3: Applying
CO5	:	Use SCADA in electric power transmission and distribution sector, industries etc.	L3: Applying

COURSE	ARTIC	CULA	FION I	MATR	IX									
COs\POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO 1	2	2	2	1	1		3	1		1	3	2	3	1
CO 2	2	2	3	3	1		3	1		2	3	2	2	1
CO 3	2	2	2	2	2		1	1		3	3	2	3	1
CO 4	2	3	2	3	3		2	2		2	2	2	2	1
CO 5	2	2	3	3	3		2	3		2	2	2	2	1
Avg	2	2.2	2.4	2.4	2		2.2	1.6		2	2.6	2	2.4	1
		3	3/2/1-	indicate	es stren	gth of c	orrelatio	on (3- H	ligh, 2-1	Medium,	1-Low)	•		

22PEE61	ELECTRICAL VEHICLES AND POWER MANAGE	GEMENT	SE	MES	TER	III
PREREQUI	ISTIES	CATEGORY	PE	Credit		3
		TT /XX/ 1	L	Т	P	TH
		Hours/Week	3	0	0	3
Course Obj	ectives:			1	I	
1. To pro	vide knowledge on electric vehicle architecture and its charging infra	structure				
2. To imp	oart knowledge on power electronic interface for vehicle control and e	electric propulsion s	ystem			
UNIT I	ELECTRIC VEHICLE		9	0	0	9
Drive Trains UNIT II	PLUG-IN HYBRID ELECTRIC VEHICLE (PHEV) AND ELECTRIC VEHICLE	FUEL CELL	9	0	0	9
PHEV, Fuel C	Benefits of PHEV, Components of PHEVs, Operating Principle of F Cell: Operation and Types, Fuel Cell Electric Vehicle: Configuration a	•		ontrol	Strate	gy o
UNIT III	ELECTRIC PROPULSION SYSTEM		9	0	0	9
Chopper-Fed	ric propulsion system, Classification of electric motor drives for DC Motor Drives, Vector Control of Induction Motor drives, Pehed Reluctance Motor Drives for Electric Vehicles		-			
UNIT IV	POWER ELECTRONICS FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLE O	CHARGERS	9	0	0	9
Converter Top	sification and Standards, Power Converter Topologies for Level 1 pologies, Power Converter Topology Selection for Level 3 Chargers, active Charging EV AND PHEV CHARGING INFRASTRUCTURE					
	atteries and Charging Regimes: Battery Parameters and Characteristics	teristics FV Ratte		v		_
Termination N	Methods, Cell Balancing, SOC Estimation, Charging Algorithms, Power Charging Hardware and Grid-Tied Infrastructure		•			
		Total (45L+0	T)=4	5 Pe	riod
References:						
1. Iqbal Editio	Hussain, "Electric and Hybrid Vehicles: Design Fundamentals",CRC on, 2011.	· •		•	•	
Z. CRC	rdad Ehsani, Yimin Gao, Sebastien E. Gay, AliEmadi,, Modern Electr Press, 2016	•				
, Ali E	Emadi, Mehrdad Ehsani, John M.Miller ,"Vehicular Electric Power	Systems", Special	Indian	Editi	on, N	1arc

	CRC	Pre	ss, 2016		
2	Ali E	Ema	di, Mehrdad Ehsani, John M.Miller ,"Vehicular Electric Power Systems", Spe	cial Indian I	Edition, Marcel
3.	dekk	er, I	nc 2010		
4.	https	://ar	chive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/103/108103009		
				1	
Cour	se Ou	tco	mes:	Bloom's	Taxonomy
0 0 0.2			mes: n of this course, the students will be able to:	Bloom's Level	Taxonomy
0 0 0.2	comple				•

L4-Analyzing

L4-Analyzing

L3-Applying

Analyze the four quadrant operation of DC drive, induction motor drive and

Select a suitable power converter for Electric Vehicle

Illustrate the charging infrastructure and algorithm for Electric vehicle and

SRM drive Electric vehicle

Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle

CO3

CO4

CO5

COUR	SE AR	ΓΙCUΙ	ATIO	N MA	TRIX									
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	1		1	3	1	2	1		1	2	1	2	1	1
CO2	1	2	3	1		1	2	1	1		1	2	2	
CO3	1	1			2		3	2	1	2	1	3	1	1
CO4	3	1	2	1	2	1	1				3	2	1	
CO5	1	2	1	2	1	2		1	2	1		3	2	1
Avg	1.40	1.50	1.75	1.75	1.50	1.50	1.75	1.33	1.25	1.67	1.50	2.40	1.40	1.00
			3/2/1-ir	dicates	strengtl	of cor	relation	(3- Hig	h, 2-Me	dium, 1	- Low)			

22PEE62	2	GRID INTEGRATION OF RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES	8	SE	EMESTER		l III	
PREREQ	UIS	STIES CATEGOR	RY	PE	Cre	edit	3	
		Hours/We	,	L	Т	P	TH	
		eek	3	0	0	3		
Course O	bjec	ctives:						
1. To i	ntroc	duce the concepts of Solar and Wind energy conversion system						
		liarize the power electronic interface for Solar and Wind energy conversion syste	em					
		whigh power converter topologies for grid integration of renewable energy source						
UNIT I		INTRODUCTION		9	0	0	9	
Different T		s of Grid Interfaces, Issues Related to Grid Integration of Small Scale Generation	on: Pro	otection	Issue	es. Vo	oltage	
		onics Control, Grid Integration of Large Scale Renewable Energy Generation, I						
Grid Codes								
Wind Powe	er Co	GRID INTEGRATION OF WIND ENERGY SYSTEMS onversion Configuration, Fixed speed wind turbine with direct grid connection us						
variable sp Requirement	er Co beed nts o	onversion Configuration, Fixed speed wind turbine with direct grid connection us wind turbine with variable rotor resistance, Variable speed wind turbine with of modern wind power converters, Controls and Grid Requirements for Modern	h full-	soft star	ter, P	artial conv	-scale /erter,	
Wind Power variable sp Requirement	er Co need nts o	onversion Configuration, Fixed speed wind turbine with direct grid connection us wind turbine with variable rotor resistance, Variable speed wind turbine with	h full-	soft star	ter, P	artial conv	-scale /erter,	
Wind Power variable sp Requirement Control, Res UNIT III Generic gri on central inverter for	er Copeed nts of eactive lid-copeed invertised invertised lider gride.	onversion Configuration, Fixed speed wind turbine with direct grid connection us wind turbine with variable rotor resistance, Variable speed wind turbine with of modern wind power converters, Controls and Grid Requirements for Modern ve Power Control, Total Harmonic Distortion, Fault Ride-Through Capability PHOTOVOLTAIC ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEMS Onnected PV energy conversion system, Grid-connected PV system configuration enter configuration, Multilevel central inverter PV systems, Variants of the trained integration, multi-string PV grid configurations, AC-module PV system based of	th full- Wind s s, Utilinsform	soft star-scale particle. Turbine 9 ity-scal- ner less	ter, Power es: Ac	artial convertive I	-scale verter, Power 9 based string	
Wind Power variable sp Requirement Control, Res UNIT III Generic gri on central inverter for DC convert	er Copeed nts opeactive lid-copeactive inver	onversion Configuration, Fixed speed wind turbine with direct grid connection us wind turbine with variable rotor resistance, Variable speed wind turbine with of modern wind power converters, Controls and Grid Requirements for Modern ve Power Control, Total Harmonic Distortion, Fault Ride-Through Capability PHOTOVOLTAIC ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEMS Onnected PV energy conversion system, Grid-connected PV system configuration enter configuration, Multilevel central inverter PV systems, Variants of the trained integration, multi-string PV grid configurations, AC-module PV system based and H-bridge inverter	th full- Wind s s, Utilinsform	soft star-scale particle. 9 ity-scale particle.	ter, Power es: Ac	artial converse of the convers	-scale verter, Power 9 based string	
Wind Power variable sp Requirement Control, Result III Generic grion central inverter for DC convert UNIT IV	er Copeed nts opeactive lid-copeactive inver	onversion Configuration, Fixed speed wind turbine with direct grid connection us wind turbine with variable rotor resistance, Variable speed wind turbine with of modern wind power converters, Controls and Grid Requirements for Modern ve Power Control, Total Harmonic Distortion, Fault Ride-Through Capability PHOTOVOLTAIC ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEMS onnected PV energy conversion system, Grid-connected PV system configuration enter configuration, Multilevel central inverter PV systems, Variants of the trade integration, multi-string PV grid configurations, AC-module PV system based and H-bridge inverter CONTROL OF GRID-CONNECTED PV SYSTEMS	s, Utilinsform	soft star-scale particles and scale particles are less consent H	ter, Power es: Ac	artial convertive I	-scale verter, Power 9 based string 5 DC-	
Wind Power variable sp Requirement Control, Re UNIT III Generic gri on central inverter for DC convert UNIT IV Maximum oriented converted converte	er Copeed nts opeactive lid-copeactive r grid ter an Powen	onversion Configuration, Fixed speed wind turbine with direct grid connection us wind turbine with variable rotor resistance, Variable speed wind turbine with of modern wind power converters, Controls and Grid Requirements for Modern ve Power Control, Total Harmonic Distortion, Fault Ride-Through Capability PHOTOVOLTAIC ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEMS onnected PV energy conversion system, Grid-connected PV system configuration enter configuration, Multilevel central inverter PV systems, Variants of the trade integration, multi-string PV grid configurations, AC-module PV system based and H-bridge inverter CONTROL OF GRID-CONNECTED PV SYSTEMS Ver Point Tracking Control Methods, DC–DC Stage Converter Control, Grid-Tied of for single phase and three-phase grid-tied PV inverters, Anti-islanding Determine Tracking Control Methods of the phase grid-tied PV inverters, Anti-islanding Determine Tracking Control Methods of the phase grid-tied PV inverters, Anti-islanding Determine Tracking Control Methods of the phase grid-tied PV inverters, Anti-islanding Determine Tracking Control Methods of the phase grid-tied PV inverters, Anti-islanding Determine Tracking Control Methods of the phase grid-tied PV inverters of	th full- Wind s, Util- nsform on reso	soft star-scale provided in the star of th	ter, Power es: Ac	artial converse of the second converse of the	-scale verter, Power 9 based string DC- 9	
Wind Power variable sp Requirement Control, Research griund on central inverter for DC convert UNIT IV Maximum oriented con CHB multi-	er Copeed nts opeactive lid-copeactive r grid ter an leave ontro -strir	onversion Configuration, Fixed speed wind turbine with direct grid connection us wind turbine with variable rotor resistance, Variable speed wind turbine with of modern wind power converters, Controls and Grid Requirements for Modern ve Power Control, Total Harmonic Distortion, Fault Ride-Through Capability PHOTOVOLTAIC ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEMS onnected PV energy conversion system, Grid-connected PV system configuration enter configuration, Multilevel central inverter PV systems, Variants of the trade integration, multi-string PV grid configurations, AC-module PV system based and H-bridge inverter CONTROL OF GRID-CONNECTED PV SYSTEMS of Point Tracking Control Methods, DC-DC Stage Converter Control, Grid-Tien	th full-Wind wind s, Utilinsform on resort d Consection,	soft star-scale provided from the scale provided from	ter, Power es: Ac	artial converse of the second converse of the	-scale verter, Power 9 based string DC- 9	
Wind Power variable sp Requireme: Control, Re UNIT III Generic gri on central inverter for DC convert UNIT IV Maximum oriented co CHB multi-UNIT V	er Copeed onts opeed o	wind turbine with variable rotor resistance, Variable speed wind turbine with of modern wind power converters, Controls and Grid Requirements for Modern ve Power Control, Total Harmonic Distortion, Fault Ride-Through Capability PHOTOVOLTAIC ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEMS Onnected PV energy conversion system, Grid-connected PV system configuration enter configuration, Multilevel central inverter PV systems, Variants of the trade integration, multi-string PV grid configurations, AC-module PV system based and H-bridge inverter CONTROL OF GRID-CONNECTED PV SYSTEMS Ver Point Tracking Control Methods, DC–DC Stage Converter Control, Grid-Tied of for single phase and three-phase grid-tied PV inverters, Anti-islanding Determing topology for multi-megawatt PV application CONTROLLABILITY ANALYSIS OF GRID TIED RENEWARD	th full-Wind Wind Say, Utilians on resolution, Cartion,	soft star-scale particles of the star scale particles of the scale p	ter, Power es: Access:	artial convitive I o plant ridge HF o pl: Vo	scale verter, Power 9 based string F DC- 9 ltage-C and	
Wind Power variable sp Requirement Control, Research UNIT III Generic grion central inverter for DC convert UNIT IV Maximum oriented concept CHB multi-UNIT V	er Copeed Ints opeed I	onversion Configuration, Fixed speed wind turbine with direct grid connection us wind turbine with variable rotor resistance, Variable speed wind turbine with of modern wind power converters, Controls and Grid Requirements for Modern ve Power Control, Total Harmonic Distortion, Fault Ride-Through Capability PHOTOVOLTAIC ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEMS onnected PV energy conversion system, Grid-connected PV system configuration enter configuration, Multilevel central inverter PV systems, Variants of the trade integration, multi-string PV grid configurations, AC-module PV system based on H-bridge inverter CONTROL OF GRID-CONNECTED PV SYSTEMS or Point Tracking Control Methods, DC-DC Stage Converter Control, Grid-Ties of for single phase and three-phase grid-tied PV inverters, Anti-islanding Detengt topology for multi-megawatt PV application CONTROLLABILITY ANALYSIS OF GRID TIED RENEWAL ENERGY SYSTEMS	th full- Wind wind wind wind wind wind wind wind w	soft star-scale provided in the star of th	ter, Power es: Ac o e PV H-bridge Controphase o nnect	artial convitive I o plant ridge HF o pl: Vo	scale verter Power 9 based string F DC- 9 ltage-C and	

References:

- Haitham Abu-Rub, Mariusz Malinowski, Kamal Al-Haddad, Power electronics for renewable energy systems, 1.
- transportation, and industrial applications, John Wiley & Sons Ltd, 2014

 S. Sumathi, L. Ashok Kumar, P. Surekha, Solar PV and Wind Energy Conversion Systems Springer International 2. Publishing AG Switzerland, 2015

Course Out	Bloom's Taxonomy Level				
CO1	:	Recall the principle of Solar and Wind energy conversion system	L1-Remembering		
CO2 : Summarize the requirements of control for Wind energy conversion system L2-Under					
CO3	:	Identify the suitable system configuration for Solar PV system	L1-Remembering		
CO4	:	Select a high power converter topology for renewable energy source grid integration	L4-Analyzing		
CO5	:	Analyze the controllability of grid tied renewable energy system	L4-Analyzing		

COUR	SE AR	TICUL	ATIO	N MA	TRIX									
COs/ POs	PO1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	2	1	2	3		1	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	1	2	1		2	1			1	3		1	2	2
CO3	2	1	2	2	1	3	2	1		2	2	3	1	1
CO4	3		3		2		3		2	1		2	1	
CO5	1	3		2		1	1	1			2	3	2	1
Avg	2.00	1.33	2.00	2.50	1.67	1.67	2.67	1.50	1.67	1.75	1.50	1.75	1.25	1.33
			3/2/1-ir	dicates	strengtl	n of cor	relation	(3- Hig	h, 2-Me	dium, 1	- Low)			

22PEE63	ENERGY STORAGE TECHNOLOGISE	ES	SE	MES'	TER	III		
PREREQU	UISTIES	CATEGORY	PE	Cre	edit	3		
		TT/XX71-	L	Т	P	TH		
		Hours/Week	3	0	0	3		
Course Ob	jectives:							
1. To ex	plore the fundamentals, technologies and applications of energy storage	ge						
UNIT I	STORAGE: HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE, INTROI CHANGES	DUCTION AND	9	0	0	9		
	ds- Variations in Energy Demand- Variations in Energy Supply- Int					ission		
	Demand for Portable Energy-Demand and scale requirements - Envir	onmental and sustai						
UNIT II	TECHNICAL METHODS OF STORAGE		9	0	0	9		
	stating reference frames - Stationary circuit variables transformed to							
	ce frame -Transformation of variables – Transformation between refer				a bal	anced		
	ed steady state phasor and voltage equations – Variables observed from				Ι.	10		
UNIT III	PERFORMANCE FACTORS OF ENERGY STORAGE S		9	0	0	9		
	ure rate and efficiency- Discharge rate and efficiency- Dispatch abiurability — Cycle lifetime, mass and safety — Risks of fire, explosion							
recovery- En	vironmental consideration and recycling, Merits and demerits of diffe	erent types of Storag	e.		•			
UNIT IV	APPLICATION CONSIDERATION		9	0	0	9		
Comparing Storage Technologies- Technology options- Performance factors and metrics- Efficiency of Energy Systems- Energy Recovery - Battery Storage System: Introduction with focus on Lead Acid and Lithium- Chemistry of Battery Operation, Power storage calculations, Reversible reactions, Charging patterns, Battery Management systems, System Performance, Areas of Application of Energy Storage: Waste heat recovery, Solar energy storage, Green house heating, Power plant applications, Drying and heating for process industries, energy storage in automotive applications in hybrid and electric vehicles								
UNIT V	HYDROGEN FUEL CELLS AND FLOW BATTERIES		9	0	0	9		
Continuous operation and	properties, power calculations – Operation and Design methods - I power needs, options - Level 1: (Hybrid Power generation) Bacitor d Merits; Level 2: (Hybrid Power Generation) Bacitor + Fuel Cell or lectric Vehicles, Regenerative Power, capturing methods.	"Battery + Capac Flow Battery opera	itor" Cotion-Ap	ombin oplica	nation tions:	s: nee Stora		
		Total (4	15L+0′	I')= 4	5 Pe	riods		

References:							
1.	DetlefStolten,"Hydrogen and Fuel Cells: Fundamentals, Technologies and Applications", Wiley, 2010.						
2.	Jiujun Zhang, Lei Zhang, Hansan Liu, Andy Sun, Ru-Shi Liu, "Electrochemical Technologies for Energy Storage and Conversion", John Wiley and Sons, 2012.						
3	François Beguin and ElzbietaFrackowiak, "Super capacitors", Wiley, 2013.						

Doughty Liaw, Narayan and Srinivasan, "Batteries for Renewable Energy Storage", The

4.

Course Outcomes: Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:			Bloom's Taxonomy Mapped
CO1	:	Recollect the historical perspective and technical methods of energy storage.	L1: Remembering
CO2	:	Learn the basics of different storage methods.	L:2 Understanding
CO3	:	Understand the concepts of energy conversion technology	L2: Understanding
CO4	:	Determine the performance factors of energy storage systems	L5: Evaluating
CO5	:	Identify the applications of various energy storage systems	L3: Applying

COUR	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX													
COs/	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
POs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	1	2	3
CO1	3	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	3	2	1	3	2
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	2	1
Avg	3	2.6	2.6	2.6	2	2	1	2	1	2.2	1.2	1.4	1.8	1.6

22PEE64	INTERNET OF THINGS FOR SMART SYSTEM	S	SEMESTER II				
PREREQUI	ISTIES CATEGORY	Z PI	E	Credit		3	
	TY ANY	L	,	Т	P	TH	
	Hours/Wee	3		0	0	3	
Course Obje	ectives:						
1. To illus	strate the concept of Internet of Things (IoT) and devices for physical world interface	e.					
	iliarize with communication technologies and cloud computing platform for IoT sys						
3. To stud	ly the development of IoT system for electrical engineering applications.						
UNIT I	<u> </u>						
Internet of Th	ings - Definition- IoT conceptual framework-IoT architecture and Features, Major	Compon	ents	s of Io	T Sy	stem,	
IoT software c	components for device hardware, Development Tools for IoT,	•					
UNIT II							
O1411 11	IOT DEVICES	9)	0	0	9	
	IOT DEVICES ing the Real World, Analog Sensors and Digital Sensors, Sensors for Temperature	_		v			
Sensors: Sensi		Humidi	ty,	Dista	nce, l	Light,	
Sensors: Sensi Acceleration,	ing the Real World, Analog Sensors and Digital Sensors, Sensors for Temperature	Humidi gnetome	ty, ter,	Dista Soun	nce, l	Light,	
Sensors: Sensor Acceleration, the Things: R	ing the Real World, Analog Sensors and Digital Sensors, Sensors for Temperature Vibrations and Shocks, Orientation and Direction Compass, Magnetic Sensors/Ma	Humidi gnetome	ty, ter,	Dista Soun	nce, l	Light,	
Sensors: Sensor Acceleration, the Things: R	ing the Real World, Analog Sensors and Digital Sensors, Sensors for Temperature Vibrations and Shocks, Orientation and Direction Compass, Magnetic Sensors/Mateading Barcodes, QR Code, Motion Sensors for Moving Objects, Environmenta	Humidi gnetome	ty, ter, orin	Dista Soun	nce, l	Light,	
Sensors: Sensor Acceleration, the Things: R Actuators: Pie UNIT III	ing the Real World, Analog Sensors and Digital Sensors, Sensors for Temperature Vibrations and Shocks, Orientation and Direction Compass, Magnetic Sensors/Mateading Barcodes, QR Code, Motion Sensors for Moving Objects, Environmental zoelectric vibrators and sounders, Speakers, Solenoids, Servomotor, Relay switch	Humidi gnetome l Monito	ty, ter, orin	Dista Souring Ser	nce, lad, Se nsor,	Light, nsing GPS,	
Sensors: Sensi Acceleration, the Things: R Actuators: Pie UNIT III M2M Commu IoT/M2M Sys	ing the Real World, Analog Sensors and Digital Sensors, Sensors for Temperature Vibrations and Shocks, Orientation and Direction Compass, Magnetic Sensors/Magneding Barcodes, QR Code, Motion Sensors for Moving Objects, Environmenta zoelectric vibrators and sounders, Speakers, Solenoids, Servomotor, Relay switch IOT COMMUNICATION AND PROTOCOLS unication for IoT, M2M Architecture, M2M Software and Development Tools, Natems, Near-Field Communication, RFID, Bluetooth BR/EDR and Bluetooth Lo	Humidignetome I Monite Jodified ow Energy	ty, ter, orin OS	Dista Souring Ser 0 I Mo	nce, lad, Sensor, 0 del for See, V	Light, ensing GPS, graph or the Vi-Fi	
Sensors: Sensi Acceleration, the Things: R Actuators: Pier UNIT III M2M Commu IoT/M2M Sys GPRS/GSM C	ing the Real World, Analog Sensors and Digital Sensors, Sensors for Temperature Vibrations and Shocks, Orientation and Direction Compass, Magnetic Sensors/Mateading Barcodes, QR Code, Motion Sensors for Moving Objects, Environmental zoelectric vibrators and sounders, Speakers, Solenoids, Servomotor, Relay switch IOT COMMUNICATION AND PROTOCOLS unication for IoT, M2M Architecture, M2M Software and Development Tools, Nostems, Near-Field Communication, RFID, Bluetooth BR/EDR and Bluetooth Localiular Networks-Mobile Internet, Differences between NFC, BT LE, ZigBee and	Humidignetome I Monite Jodified ow Energy	ty, ter, orin OS	Dista Souring Ser 0 I Mo	nce, lad, Sensor, 0 del for See, V	Light, ensing GPS, 9 or the Vi-Fi,	
Sensors: Sensi Acceleration, the Things: R Actuators: Pier UNIT III M2M Commu IoT/M2M Sys GPRS/GSM C	ing the Real World, Analog Sensors and Digital Sensors, Sensors for Temperature Vibrations and Shocks, Orientation and Direction Compass, Magnetic Sensors/Magneding Barcodes, QR Code, Motion Sensors for Moving Objects, Environmenta zoelectric vibrators and sounders, Speakers, Solenoids, Servomotor, Relay switch IOT COMMUNICATION AND PROTOCOLS unication for IoT, M2M Architecture, M2M Software and Development Tools, Natems, Near-Field Communication, RFID, Bluetooth BR/EDR and Bluetooth Lo	Humidi gnetome I Monito godified ow Energ d WLAN	orin OS Sy,	Dista Souring Ser 0 I Mo	nce, lad, Seensor, 0 del for See, Vools, S	GPS, graph gra	
Sensors: Sensi Acceleration, the Things: R Actuators: Pie UNIT III M2M Commu IoT/M2M Sys GPRS/GSM C data communi	ing the Real World, Analog Sensors and Digital Sensors, Sensors for Temperature Vibrations and Shocks, Orientation and Direction Compass, Magnetic Sensors/Mateading Barcodes, QR Code, Motion Sensors for Moving Objects, Environmental zoelectric vibrators and sounders, Speakers, Solenoids, Servomotor, Relay switch IOT COMMUNICATION AND PROTOCOLS unication for IoT, M2M Architecture, M2M Software and Development Tools, Nostems, Near-Field Communication, RFID, Bluetooth BR/EDR and Bluetooth Localiular Networks-Mobile Internet, Differences between NFC, BT LE, ZigBee and	Humidignetome I Monite Jodified ow Energy	orin OS Sy,	Dista Souring Ser 0 I Mo	nce, lad, Sensor, 0 del for See, V	Light, ensing GPS, 9 or the Vi-Fi,	
Sensors: Sensi Acceleration, the Things: R Actuators: Pie UNIT III M2M Commu IoT/M2M Sys GPRS/GSM C data communi UNIT IV Cloud comput	ing the Real World, Analog Sensors and Digital Sensors, Sensors for Temperature Vibrations and Shocks, Orientation and Direction Compass, Magnetic Sensors/Makeading Barcodes, QR Code, Motion Sensors for Moving Objects, Environmenta zoelectric vibrators and sounders, Speakers, Solenoids, Servomotor, Relay switch IOT COMMUNICATION AND PROTOCOLS unication for IoT, M2M Architecture, M2M Software and Development Tools, Masterns, Near-Field Communication, RFID, Bluetooth BR/EDR and Bluetooth Location Protocols: LIN Serial Bus, CAN Protocol for Serial Bus, IOT CLOUD COMPUTING ting paradigm for data collection, storage and Computing, Cloud Computing Feature Vibration and Direction Protocols and Sensors and Direction Computing Feature Vibration and Direction Computing Feature Vibration and Shocks, Orientation and Direction Computing Sensors for Temperature Vibration and Direction Computing Sensors for Temperature Vibration and Direction Computing Sensors for Magnetic Sensors for Magnetic Sensors for Moving Objects, Environmental Computing Sensors for	Humidi gnetome I Monito Godified ow Energ d WLAN	OS OS OS Ad	Dista Source ag Ser O I Mo ZigB rotoce O	nce, lad, Sensor, O del for See, Vols, S O ges, O	GPS, g or the Vi-Fi, ensor	
Sensors: Sensi Acceleration, the Things: R Actuators: Pie UNIT III M2M Commu IoT/M2M Sys GPRS/GSM C data communi UNIT IV Cloud comput	ing the Real World, Analog Sensors and Digital Sensors, Sensors for Temperature Vibrations and Shocks, Orientation and Direction Compass, Magnetic Sensors/Makeading Barcodes, QR Code, Motion Sensors for Moving Objects, Environmenta zoelectric vibrators and sounders, Speakers, Solenoids, Servomotor, Relay switch IOT COMMUNICATION AND PROTOCOLS unication for IoT, M2M Architecture, M2M Software and Development Tools, Material Communication, RFID, Bluetooth BR/EDR and Bluetooth Localiular Networks-Mobile Internet, Differences between NFC, BT LE, ZigBee and Cation Protocols: LIN Serial Bus, CAN Protocol for Serial Bus, IOT CLOUD COMPUTING	Humidi gnetome I Monito Godified ow Energ d WLAN	OS OS OS Ad	Dista Source ag Ser O I Mo ZigB rotoce O	nce, lad, Sensor, O del for See, Vols, S O ges, O	GPS, g or the Vi-Fi, ensor	
Sensors: Sensi Acceleration, the Things: R Actuators: Pie UNIT III M2M Commu IoT/M2M Sys GPRS/GSM C data communi UNIT IV Cloud comput	ing the Real World, Analog Sensors and Digital Sensors, Sensors for Temperature Vibrations and Shocks, Orientation and Direction Compass, Magnetic Sensors/Makeading Barcodes, QR Code, Motion Sensors for Moving Objects, Environmenta zoelectric vibrators and sounders, Speakers, Solenoids, Servomotor, Relay switch IOT COMMUNICATION AND PROTOCOLS unication for IoT, M2M Architecture, M2M Software and Development Tools, Masterns, Near-Field Communication, RFID, Bluetooth BR/EDR and Bluetooth Location Protocols: LIN Serial Bus, CAN Protocol for Serial Bus, IOT CLOUD COMPUTING ting paradigm for data collection, storage and Computing, Cloud Computing Feature Vibration and Direction Protocols and Sensors and Direction Computing Feature Vibration and Direction Computing Feature Vibration and Shocks, Orientation and Direction Computing Sensors for Temperature Vibration and Direction Computing Sensors for Temperature Vibration and Direction Computing Sensors for Magnetic Sensors for Magnetic Sensors for Moving Objects, Environmental Computing Sensors for	Humidi gnetome I Monito Godified ow Energ d WLAN	OS OS OS Ad	Dista Source ag Ser O I Mo ZigB rotoce O	nce, lad, Sensor, O del for See, Vols, S O ges, O	GPS, g or the Vi-Fi ensor	
Sensors: Sensing Acceleration, the Things: Report Actuators: Pieter UNIT III M2M Communitor/M2M Systems GPRS/GSM Cedata communiturity Cloud computed Deployment Market Mar	ing the Real World, Analog Sensors and Digital Sensors, Sensors for Temperature Vibrations and Shocks, Orientation and Direction Compass, Magnetic Sensors/Makeading Barcodes, QR Code, Motion Sensors for Moving Objects, Environmenta zoelectric vibrators and sounders, Speakers, Solenoids, Servomotor, Relay switch IOT COMMUNICATION AND PROTOCOLS unication for IoT, M2M Architecture, M2M Software and Development Tools, Masterns, Near-Field Communication, RFID, Bluetooth BR/EDR and Bluetooth Location Protocols: LIN Serial Bus, CAN Protocol for Serial Bus, IOT CLOUD COMPUTING ting paradigm for data collection, storage and Computing, Cloud Computing Feature Vibration and Direction Protocols and Sensors and Direction Computing Feature Vibration and Direction Computing Feature Vibration and Shocks, Orientation and Direction Computing Sensors for Temperature Vibration and Direction Computing Sensors for Temperature Vibration and Direction Computing Sensors for Magnetic Sensors for Magnetic Sensors for Moving Objects, Environmental Computing Sensors for	Humidi gnetome I Monito Godified ow Energ d WLAN	OS OS OS Pu	Dista Source ag Ser O I Mo ZigB rotoce O	nce, lad, Sensor, O del for See, Vols, S O ges, O	GPS, g or the Vi-Fi ensor	
Sensors: Sensing Acceleration, the Things: Research Actuators: Pieter VNIT III M2M Communitor/M2M System GPRS/GSM Celeration of the Community	ing the Real World, Analog Sensors and Digital Sensors, Sensors for Temperature Vibrations and Shocks, Orientation and Direction Compass, Magnetic Sensors/Magneding Barcodes, QR Code, Motion Sensors for Moving Objects, Environmenta excelectric vibrators and sounders, Speakers, Solenoids, Servomotor, Relay switch IOT COMMUNICATION AND PROTOCOLS unication for IoT, M2M Architecture, M2M Software and Development Tools, Magnetic Stems, Near-Field Communication, RFID, Bluetooth BR/EDR and Bluetooth Localiular Networks-Mobile Internet, Differences between NFC, BT LE, ZigBee and cation Protocols: LIN Serial Bus, CAN Protocol for Serial Bus, IOT CLOUD COMPUTING ting paradigm for data collection, storage and Computing, Cloud Computing Feats Models, PaaS, SaaS, IaaS and DaaS Cloud Service models, IoT cloud-based IOT FOR SMART SYSTEM dvanced Metering Infrastructure, Advanced Metering Infrastructure: Smart Dev	Humidignetome I Monito Glodified ow Energed WLAN gures and services, Gloces, Co	OS gy, Ad Pu	Dista Source To	nce, lad, Seensor, O del for see, Vools, S O ges, C Cloud	Jensing GPS, or the Vi-Fi, ensor GPS	
Sensors: Sensing Acceleration, the Things: Research Actuators: Pieter VNIT III M2M Communitor/M2M System GPRS/GSM Condata communitor VNIT IV Cloud compute Deployment Pelatforms UNIT V IoT based Actuators: Sensors: Sensors: Pieter VNIT V	ing the Real World, Analog Sensors and Digital Sensors, Sensors for Temperature Vibrations and Shocks, Orientation and Direction Compass, Magnetic Sensors/Magneding Barcodes, QR Code, Motion Sensors for Moving Objects, Environmenta zoelectric vibrators and sounders, Speakers, Solenoids, Servomotor, Relay switch IOT COMMUNICATION AND PROTOCOLS unication for IoT, M2M Architecture, M2M Software and Development Tools, Magnetic Stems, Near-Field Communication, RFID, Bluetooth BR/EDR and Bluetooth Localiular Networks-Mobile Internet, Differences between NFC, BT LE, ZigBee and Cation Protocols: LIN Serial Bus, CAN Protocol for Serial Bus, IOT CLOUD COMPUTING ting paradigm for data collection, storage and Computing, Cloud Computing Feating Models, PaaS, SaaS, IaaS and DaaS Cloud Service models, IoT cloud-based IOT FOR SMART SYSTEM	Humidignetome I Monito Glodified ow Energed WLAN gures and services, Gloces, Co	OS gy, Ad Pu	Dista Source To	nce, lad, Seensor, O del for see, Vools, S O ges, C Cloud	Jensing GPS, or the Vi-Fi ensor GPS	
Sensors: Sensing Acceleration, the Things: Report Actuators: Pieter William M2M Community Community Community Community Cloud community Cloud compute Deployment Platforms UNIT V IoT based Actual Management	ing the Real World, Analog Sensors and Digital Sensors, Sensors for Temperature Vibrations and Shocks, Orientation and Direction Compass, Magnetic Sensors/Magneding Barcodes, QR Code, Motion Sensors for Moving Objects, Environmenta excelectric vibrators and sounders, Speakers, Solenoids, Servomotor, Relay switch IOT COMMUNICATION AND PROTOCOLS unication for IoT, M2M Architecture, M2M Software and Development Tools, Magnetic Stems, Near-Field Communication, RFID, Bluetooth BR/EDR and Bluetooth Localiular Networks-Mobile Internet, Differences between NFC, BT LE, ZigBee and cation Protocols: LIN Serial Bus, CAN Protocol for Serial Bus, IOT CLOUD COMPUTING ting paradigm for data collection, storage and Computing, Cloud Computing Feats Models, PaaS, SaaS, IaaS and DaaS Cloud Service models, IoT cloud-based IOT FOR SMART SYSTEM dvanced Metering Infrastructure, Advanced Metering Infrastructure: Smart Dev	Humidignetome I Monito Jodified ow Energed WLAN gures and services, juces, Contrusion	OS gy, Ad Pu	Dista Soundary Sounda	nce, lad, Seensor, O del for See, Vools, S O ges, Cloud O ation, on Sy	general designation of the sensor of the sen	
Sensors: Sensing Acceleration, the Things: Report Actuators: Pieter William M2M Community Community Community Community Cloud community Cloud compute Deployment Platforms UNIT V IoT based Actual Management	ing the Real World, Analog Sensors and Digital Sensors, Sensors for Temperature Vibrations and Shocks, Orientation and Direction Compass, Magnetic Sensors/Makeading Barcodes, QR Code, Motion Sensors for Moving Objects, Environmenta zoelectric vibrators and sounders, Speakers, Solenoids, Servomotor, Relay switch IOT COMMUNICATION AND PROTOCOLS unication for IoT, M2M Architecture, M2M Software and Development Tools, Materia Neworks-Mobile Internet, Differences between NFC, BT LE, ZigBee and cation Protocols: LIN Serial Bus, CAN Protocol for Serial Bus, IOT CLOUD COMPUTING ting paradigm for data collection, storage and Computing, Cloud Computing Feats Models, PaaS, SaaS, IaaS and DaaS Cloud Service models, IoT cloud-based IOT FOR SMART SYSTEM dvanced Metering Infrastructure, Advanced Metering Infrastructure: Smart Dev System, Mathematical Modeling, Energy Theft Detection Techniques and Infor: Connected Cars Technology, Vehicle-to-Infrastructure Technology and	Humidignetome I Monito Jodified ow Energed WLAN gures and services, juces, Contrusion	OS gy, Ad Pu	Dista Soundary Sounda	nce, lad, Seensor, O del for See, Vools, S O ges, Cloud O ation, on Sy	general Light, consing GPS, or the Vi-Fi, ensor Gloudd IoT Data estem,	

Refere	ences:
1.	Pethuru Raj & Anupama C Mohan, The Internet of Things – Enabling Technologies, Platforms, and Use Cases, CRCPress, 2017.
2.	Raj Kamal ,Internet of Things Architecture and Design Principles, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2017
3.	Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick & Omar Elloumi, The Internet of Things – Key applications and Protocols, John Wiley, 2012.
4.	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105166/

	Course Outcomes: Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:						
CO1	L2-Understanding						
CO2	:	: Select an appropriate device to interface IOT system with physical world L4-Analyzing					
CO3	:	Identify and use the communication technologies for IOT system	L3-Applying				
CO4	:	Use a cloud computing platform for an IoT application	L3-Applying				
CO5	:	L4-Analyzing					

COUR	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX													
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	1		1	3	1	2	1		1	2	1		2	1
CO2	2	2	3	1		1	2	2		1	1	1	1	2
CO3	1	3	2		2		3	2	3	2	1	1	2	1
CO4	2	1	2	1	1	1	1				2	1	2	1
CO5	1	3		2	1	2		1	2	1		3	2	1
Avg	1.40	2.25	2.00	1.75	1.25	1.50	1.75	1.67	2.00	1.50	1.25	1.50	1.80	1.20
	3/2/1-indicates strength of correlation (3- High, 2-Medium, 1- Low)													

22PEE65	DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSORS FOR PO CONVERTERS	WER	SEMESTER III					
PREREQUIS	SITES	CATEGORY	PE	Credit		3		
			L	Т	P	ТН		
Microcontrolle	, Power Electronics	Hours/Week	3	0	0	3		
Course Object	etives:		1	I	1			
To understand	he basic concepts of TMS320F28379D DSP Architecture for	Power Control, CI	LA and I	PC for	Dual	Core		
Processors and	its applications to power converters.							
UNIT I	TMS320F28379D DSP ARCHITECTURE FOR PC	WER	9	0	0	9		
	CONTROL		9	U	U	9		
Overview of C	28x DSP - Architecture Overview of TMS320F28379D- C28	x family: CPU syst	em cont	rol - FF	U and	d CLA		
- Memory Arch	' D. 1' 1 M Cl. 1 . 1 Cl 1 I							
TVICINOLY / LICI	itecture - Dedicated Memory - Global Shared memory - Loc	cal shared memory -	- Messag	ge passi	ing M	emory		
	ator - VCU - TMU - Fast Interrupt response manager - Code		- Messaş	ge pass	ing M	emory		
			- Messag	ge pass	ing M	emory 9		
- Math Acceler UNIT II	ator - VCU - TMU - Fast Interrupt response manager - Code ANALOG SYSTEMS	Security manager.	9	0	0	9		
- Math Acceler UNIT II ADC - Trigge	ator - VCU - TMU - Fast Interrupt response manager - Code	Security manager. diagram and opera	9 tion - F	0 Example	0 es for	9 ADC		
- Math Acceler UNIT II ADC - Trigger implementation	ator - VCU - TMU - Fast Interrupt response manager - Code ANALOG SYSTEMS ring and conversion sequencing - ADC SOC functional of	Security manager. diagram and opera	9 tion - F	0 Example	0 es for	9 ADC		
- Math Acceler UNIT II ADC - Trigge implementation functional diag	ANALOG SYSTEMS Tring and conversion sequencing - ADC SOC functional of a Comparator sub system - Functional diagram and opera	Security manager. diagram and opera	9 tion - F	0 Example	0 es for	9 ADC		
- Math Acceler UNIT II ADC - Trigge implementation functional diag UNIT III	ANALOG SYSTEMS Tring and conversion sequencing - ADC SOC functional of a Comparator sub system - Functional diagram and operation and application.	Security manager. diagram and operation - Examples fo	9 tion - For implement	0 Example mentati	0 es for on - 1	9 ADC DAC -		
- Math Acceler UNIT II ADC - Trigge implementation functional diag UNIT III ePWM - ePWM	ANALOG SYSTEMS Tring and conversion sequencing - ADC SOC functional of a Comparator sub system - Functional diagram and application. CONTROL PERIPHERALS	Security manager. diagram and operation - Examples for the first individual sub-more sub-mor	9 tion - For implementation of the property of	0 Example mentati 0 of ePW	0 es for on - 1 0 M - T	9 ADC DAC -		
- Math Acceler UNIT II ADC - Trigge implementation functional diag UNIT III ePWM - ePWM application con	ator - VCU - TMU - Fast Interrupt response manager - Code ANALOG SYSTEMS ring and conversion sequencing - ADC SOC functional of a - Comparator sub system - Functional diagram and operation and application. CONTROL PERIPHERALS M signals and connections - ePWM block diagram - study of	Security manager. diagram and operation - Examples for the first individual sub-more sub-mor	9 tion - For implementation of the property of	0 Example mentati 0 of ePW	0 es for on - 1 0 M - T	9 ADC DAC -		
- Math Acceler UNIT II ADC - Trigge implementation functional diag UNIT III ePWM - ePWM application con	ANALOG SYSTEMS Tring and conversion sequencing - ADC SOC functional of a Comparator sub system - Functional diagram and operation and application. CONTROL PERIPHERALS A signals and connections - ePWM block diagram - study of figurations of ePWM for dc-dc converter and inverters - HR	Security manager. diagram and operation - Examples for the following of the following sub-modern of the following	9 tion - For implementation of the property of	0 Example mentati 0 of ePW	0 es for on - 1 0 M - T	9 ADC DAC -		
- Math Acceler UNIT II ADC - Trigge implementation functional diag UNIT III ePWM - ePWM application confunctional bloc UNIT IV	ANALOG SYSTEMS Tring and conversion sequencing - ADC SOC functional of a Comparator sub system - Functional diagram and operation and application. CONTROL PERIPHERALS M signals and connections - ePWM block diagram - study of figurations of ePWM for dc-dc converter and inverters - HR of diagram and connections.	Security manager. diagram and operation - Examples for findividual sub-modern PWM - eCAP - modern sub-modern	9 tion - For implementation of codes of codes	0 Example mentati 0 of ePW operatio	0 es for on - 1 0 M - T ons - e	9 ADC DAC -		
- Math Acceler UNIT II ADC - Trigge implementation functional diag UNIT III ePWM - ePWM application confunctional block UNIT IV CLA - purpose	ANALOG SYSTEMS Tring and conversion sequencing - ADC SOC functional of a Comparator sub system - Functional diagram and operation and application. CONTROL PERIPHERALS M signals and connections - ePWM block diagram - study of figurations of ePWM for dc-dc converter and inverters - HR of diagram and connections. CLA AND IPC FOR DUAL CORE PROCESSORS	Security manager. diagram and operation - Examples for findividual sub-moderation - eCAP - moderation - operation	9 tion - For implementation of codes of codes	0 Example mentati 0 of ePW operatio	0 es for on - 1 0 M - T ons - e	9 ADC DAC -		
- Math Acceler UNIT II ADC - Trigge implementation functional diag UNIT III ePWM - ePWM application confunctional block UNIT IV CLA - purpose	ANALOG SYSTEMS Tring and conversion sequencing - ADC SOC functional of a - Comparator sub system - Functional diagram and operator and application. CONTROL PERIPHERALS M signals and connections - ePWM block diagram - study of figurations of ePWM for dc-dc converter and inverters - HR of diagram and connections. CLA AND IPC FOR DUAL CORE PROCESSORS and operation - CLA overview and functional block diagram.	Security manager. diagram and operation - Examples for findividual sub-moderation - eCAP - moderation - operation	9 tion - For implementation of codes of codes	0 Example mentati 0 of ePW operatio	0 es for on - 1 0 M - T ons - e	9 ADC DAC - DAC - Sypical QEP -		
- Math Acceler UNIT II ADC - Trigge implementation functional diag UNIT III ePWM - ePWM application confunctional bloc UNIT IV CLA - purpose access - CLA T UNIT V	ANALOG SYSTEMS Tring and conversion sequencing - ADC SOC functional of a Comparator sub system - Functional diagram and operation and application. CONTROL PERIPHERALS A signals and connections - ePWM block diagram - study of figurations of ePWM for dc-dc converter and inverters - HR and diagram and connections. CLA AND IPC FOR DUAL CORE PROCESSORS and operation - CLA overview and functional block diagrams. IPC features - Messaging with flags and interrupts - IPC APPLICATIONS TO POWER CONVERTERS	Security manager. diagram and operation - Examples for the following of the following of the following operation - following operat	y tion - F or impler 9 oduled codes of codes CLA materials	0 Example mentati 0 of ePW operation 0 emory 0	Omes for on - 1 Omes f	9 ADC DAC 9 Sypical QEP 9 egister		
- Math Acceler UNIT II ADC - Trigge implementation functional diag UNIT III ePWM - ePWM application confunctional bloc UNIT IV CLA - purpose access - CLA T UNIT V Configuring an	ANALOG SYSTEMS Tring and conversion sequencing - ADC SOC functional of a Comparator sub system - Functional diagram and operation and application. CONTROL PERIPHERALS M signals and connections - ePWM block diagram - study of figurations of ePWM for dc-dc converter and inverters - HR of diagram and connections. CLA AND IPC FOR DUAL CORE PROCESSORS and operation - CLA overview and functional block diagrams - Study of the state o	Security manager. diagram and operation - Examples for findividual sub-moderation - eCAP - moderation - eC data transfer.	tion - For implemental specific points of control of the control o	O Example mentati O of ePW operation O emory O control	on - 1 OM - Tons - e O and r	9 Sypical QEP - 9 egister 9 single		
- Math Acceler UNIT II ADC - Trigge implementation functional diag UNIT III ePWM - ePWM application confunctional bloc UNIT IV CLA - purpose access - CLA T UNIT V Configuring an	ANALOG SYSTEMS Tring and conversion sequencing - ADC SOC functional of a Comparator sub system - Functional diagram and operation and application. CONTROL PERIPHERALS M signals and connections - ePWM block diagram - study of figurations of ePWM for dc-dc converter and inverters - HR of diagram and connections. CLA AND IPC FOR DUAL CORE PROCESSORS and operation - CLA overview and functional block diagrams - State of the state o	Security manager. diagram and operation - Examples for findividual sub-moderation - eCAP - moderation - eC data transfer.	tion - For implemental specific points of control of the control o	O Example mentati O of ePW operation O emory O control	on - 1 OM - Tons - e O and r	9 ADC DAC 9 Sypica QEP 9 egiste 9 single		

Refe	References:							
1.	Texas 320F28379D Manuals							
2.	Texas 320F28379D Datasheet							
3.	Texas 320F28379D Microcontroller Workshop Manual							
4.	C2000 Delfino Workshop Manual							
5.	C2000 CLA Software Development Guide							

Course Outcomes:								
Upon com	Bloom's Taxonomy Mapped							
CO1	:	Understand the basic concepts of TMS320F28379D DSP Architecture for Power Control	L2:Understanding					
CO2	:	Appreciate the importance of analog systems and implementation.	L1:Remembering					
CO3	:	Understand the concepts of ePWM and eQEP	L2:Understanding					
CO4	:	Understand the usage of CLA and IPC for Dual Core Processors	L4:Analyzing					
CO5	L6:Creating							

COUR	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX													
COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	1		2	3	3					1			3	1
CO2	1		2	3	2					1		2	2	1
СОЗ	1	2	3	3	2					1		3	3	1
CO4	1		2	3	3					1	1		3	1
CO5	1	2	2	3	2		1	2	1	1	1	2	2	1
Avg	1	2	2.2	3	2.4	0	1	2	1	1	1	2.3	2.6	1

22AC01	ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WR	ITING	SEMESTER I & I								
PREREQUI	PREREQUISTIES CATEGORY										
Dagio altill in a	L	Т	P	TH							
Basic skill in p	2	0	0	2							
COURSE O	BJECTIVES										
1. To help	1. To help the learners to realize the necessity of English in writing a Research paper										
3. To train	n the learners to become better writers of research papers										
UNIT I	• •		6	0	0	0					
Research pape	r and its importance, Structure of a research paper, Planning and pr	eparation.									
UNIT II			6	0	0	0					
English in rese	earch papers, Basic word order, Collocation, Being concise, Redunc	lancy, Common errors	3.								
UNIT III			6	0	0	0					
Key factors t	hat determine the style of a paper, Journal's background, Pass	sive form, Right tens	se form	ıs, Co	ohesio	n and					
coherence.											
UNIT IV	IT IV										
Hedging and c	riticizing, Paraphrasing, Plagiarism, Ensuring quality of the paper a	and Useful phrases.	•			•					
UNIT V			6	0	0	0					
Key skills in w	Key skills in writing Title, Abstract, Introduction, Review of Literature, Discussion and Conclusion, Highlighting findings.										
		Total	$\overline{(30L+0)}$	$\overline{0T}$) =	= 30 I	Periods					

REFE	REFERENCE BOOKS:								
1.	Adrian Wallwork, "English for Writing Research Papers," Springer New York Dorecht Heidelberg London, 2016								
2.	Howe, Stephen. "Phrase Book for Writing papers and Research in English," Cambridge University Press, 2012.								
3.	Goldbort R. "Writing for Science," Yale University press, 2006.								
4	Gabor L Lovei. "Writing and Publishing Scientific Paper," Open Book Publishers, 2021								

	COURSE OUTCOMES: Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:						
CO1	CO1 : understand and appreciate the role of English in writing a good research paper						
CO2	CO2 : apply their knowledge in writing a research paper L3: Applying						
CO3	CO3 : analyze and assess the quality of their research paper						

COURSI	E ART	ICULA	ATION	MATI	RIX									
COs / POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	1	0	0	0	1
CO2	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	2
СОЗ	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	1
Avg	0	2.3	0	0	0	0	1.3	3	0	1	0	0	0	1.3

22AC02	DISASTER MANAGEM	ENT	SEMI	EST	ER I /	II				
PREREQUISITE	PREREQUISITE CATEGORY									
		TT /XX/ 1-	L	T	P	TH				
		Hours/Week	2	0	0	2				
Course Objectives:										
approaches. Planning and pin. UNIT I INTROD	and conflict situations and evaluate the programming in different countries, particu UCTION - DISASTER PRONE ARE	larly their home countres	y or the o	ountr	ries the	wor 0				
	ors And Significance; Difference Between are, Types And Magnitude. Disaster Prone									
Disasters. Difference, Nati	ire. Types And Magnitude. Disaster Fronc	Areas in mona Sinov	OI SEISH	IC: 77	OHES A	11248				
Prone To Floods And Dro										
	oughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas	Prone To Cyclonic A								
Special Reference To Tsun		s Prone To Cyclonic A								
Special Reference To Tsun UNIT II REPERCU	oughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas ami; Post Disaster Diseases And Epidemic	s Prone To Cyclonic A s ZARDS	nd Coast	al Ha	zards V	With				
Special Reference To Tsun UNIT II REPERCU Economic Damage, Loss Volcanisms, Cyclones, Ts	oughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas lami; Post Disaster Diseases And Epidemic SSIONS OF DISASTERS AND HAZ Of Human And Animal Life, Destruction unamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, I	s Prone To Cyclonic A s ZARDS of Ecosystem. Natura Landslides And Avalan	d A Disaste ches, Ma	al Ha ors: E n-ma	o arthquade disa	With (kes, ster:				
Special Reference To Tsun UNIT II REPERCU Economic Damage, Loss Volcanisms, Cyclones, Ts Nuclear Reactor Meltdown	oughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas lami; Post Disaster Diseases And Epidemic SSIONS OF DISASTERS AND HAZ Of Human And Animal Life, Destruction	s Prone To Cyclonic A s ZARDS of Ecosystem. Natura Landslides And Avalan	d A Disaste ches, Ma	al Ha ors: E n-ma	o arthquade disa	With (kes, ster:				
Special Reference To Tsun UNIT II REPERCU Economic Damage, Loss Volcanisms, Cyclones, Ts Nuclear Reactor Meltdown And Conflicts.	oughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas tami; Post Disaster Diseases And Epidemic SSIONS OF DISASTERS AND HAZ Of Human And Animal Life, Destruction unamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, In, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Sp	s Prone To Cyclonic A S LARDS Of Ecosystem. Natura Landslides And Avalan ills, Outbreaks Of Dise	d dal Disaste ches, Maease And	al Ha 0 ers: E n-ma Epid	0 arthquade disaemics,	With kes, ster: War				
Special Reference To Tsun UNIT II REPERCU Economic Damage, Loss Volcanisms, Cyclones, Ts Nuclear Reactor Meltdown And Conflicts. UNIT III DISASTER	oughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas nami; Post Disaster Diseases And Epidemic SSIONS OF DISASTERS AND HAZ Of Human And Animal Life, Destruction unamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, In, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spare PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGE	s Prone To Cyclonic A S LARDS Of Ecosystem. Natura Landslides And Avalan ills, Outbreaks Of Dise	d dal Disaste ches, Ma ease And	o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	o arthquade disa emics,	With kes, ster: War				
Special Reference To Tsun UNIT II REPERCU Economic Damage, Loss Volcanisms, Cyclones, Ts Nuclear Reactor Meltdown And Conflicts. UNIT III DISASTER Preparedness: Monitoring	oughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas nami; Post Disaster Diseases And Epidemic SSIONS OF DISASTERS AND HAZ Of Human And Animal Life, Destruction unamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, In, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spare PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGE Of Phenomena Triggering A Disaster Communication.	S Prone To Cyclonic A S CARDS Of Ecosystem. Natura Landslides And Avalan ills, Outbreaks Of Dise MENT Or Hazard; Evaluation	d dal Disaste ches, Maease And dal Of Risk:	ors: En-ma Epid O App	0 arthquade disa emics,	With kes, ster: War Of				
Special Reference To Tsun UNIT II REPERCU Economic Damage, Loss Volcanisms, Cyclones, Ts Nuclear Reactor Meltdown And Conflicts. UNIT III DISASTER Preparedness: Monitoring Remote Sensing, Data Fre	oughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas nami; Post Disaster Diseases And Epidemic SSIONS OF DISASTERS AND HAZ Of Human And Animal Life, Destruction unamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, In, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spare PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGE	S Prone To Cyclonic A S CARDS Of Ecosystem. Natura Landslides And Avalan ills, Outbreaks Of Dise MENT Or Hazard; Evaluation	d dal Disaste ches, Maease And dal Of Risk:	ors: En-ma Epid O App	0 arthquade disa emics,	With kes, ster: War				
Special Reference To Tsun UNIT II REPERCU Economic Damage, Loss Volcanisms, Cyclones, Ts Nuclear Reactor Meltdown And Conflicts. UNIT III DISASTER Preparedness: Monitoring Remote Sensing, Data Fre Preparedness.	oughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas lami; Post Disaster Diseases And Epidemic SSIONS OF DISASTERS AND HAZ Of Human And Animal Life, Destruction unamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, In, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spare PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGE Of Phenomena Triggering A Disaster Com Meteorological And Other Agencies,	S Prone To Cyclonic A S CARDS Of Ecosystem. Natura Landslides And Avalan ills, Outbreaks Of Dise MENT Or Hazard; Evaluation	d I Disaste ches, Maease And Of Risk:	ors: En-ma Epid O App	o arthquade disa emics,	With kes, ster: War Of				
Special Reference To Tsun UNIT II REPERCU Economic Damage, Loss Volcanisms, Cyclones, Ts Nuclear Reactor Meltdown And Conflicts. UNIT III DISASTER Preparedness: Monitoring Remote Sensing, Data Fre Preparedness. UNIT IV RISK ASSI	oughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas Lami; Post Disaster Diseases And Epidemic SSIONS OF DISASTERS AND HAZ Of Human And Animal Life, Destruction unamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, In, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spare PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGE Of Phenomena Triggering A Disaster Com Meteorological And Other Agencies, ESSMENT	S Prone To Cyclonic A S ZARDS Of Ecosystem. Natura Landslides And Avalan ills, Outbreaks Of Disc MENT Or Hazard; Evaluation Media Reports: Govern	d I Disaste ches, Maease And Of Risk:	ors: En-ma Epid App And	o arthquade disa emics, O olication Commu	With kes, ster: War Of				
Special Reference To Tsun UNIT II REPERCU Economic Damage, Loss Volcanisms, Cyclones, Ts Nuclear Reactor Meltdown And Conflicts. UNIT III DISASTER Preparedness: Monitoring Remote Sensing, Data Fro Preparedness. UNIT IV RISK ASSI Disaster Risk: Concept A	oughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas Lami; Post Disaster Diseases And Epidemic SSIONS OF DISASTERS AND HAZ OF Human And Animal Life, Destruction unamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, In, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spare Of Phenomena Triggering A Disaster Com Meteorological And Other Agencies, ESSMENT And Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction,	S Prone To Cyclonic A S ZARDS Of Ecosystem. Natura Landslides And Avalan ills, Outbreaks Of Disc MENT Or Hazard; Evaluation Media Reports: Govern	d I Disaste And Of Risk: nmental Disaster	ors: En-ma Epid AppAnd Risk	o arthquade disa emics, O lication Commu	With kes, ster: War Of unity tion.				
Special Reference To Tsun UNIT II REPERCU Economic Damage, Loss Volcanisms, Cyclones, Ts Nuclear Reactor Meltdown And Conflicts. UNIT III DISASTER Preparedness: Monitoring Remote Sensing, Data Fre Preparedness. UNIT IV RISK ASSI Disaster Risk: Concept A Techniques Of Risk Asses	oughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas tami; Post Disaster Diseases And Epidemic SSIONS OF DISASTERS AND HAZ Of Human And Animal Life, Destruction unamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, In, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spare PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGE Of Phenomena Triggering A Disaster Com Meteorological And Other Agencies, ESSMENT And Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, assment, Global Co-Operation In Risk Assets	S Prone To Cyclonic A S ZARDS Of Ecosystem. Natura Landslides And Avalan ills, Outbreaks Of Disc MENT Or Hazard; Evaluation Media Reports: Govern	d I Disaste And Of Risk: nmental Disaster	ors: En-ma Epid AppAnd Risk	o arthquade disa emics, O lication Commu	With kes, ster: War Of unity tion.				
Special Reference To Tsun UNIT II REPERCU Economic Damage, Loss Volcanisms, Cyclones, Ts Nuclear Reactor Meltdown And Conflicts. UNIT III DISASTER Preparedness: Monitoring Remote Sensing, Data Fro Preparedness. UNIT IV RISK ASSI Disaster Risk: Concept A Techniques Of Risk Asses Risk Assessment. Strategie	oughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas tami; Post Disaster Diseases And Epidemic SSIONS OF DISASTERS AND HAZ Of Human And Animal Life, Destruction unamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, In, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spare PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGE Of Phenomena Triggering A Disaster Com Meteorological And Other Agencies, ESSMENT And Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, assment, Global Co-Operation In Risk Assets	S Prone To Cyclonic A S ZARDS Of Ecosystem. Natura Landslides And Avalan ills, Outbreaks Of Disc MENT Or Hazard; Evaluation Media Reports: Govern	d I Disaste And Of Risk: nmental Disaster	ors: En-ma Epid AppAnd Risk	o arthquade disa emics, O lication Commu	With kes, ster: War Of unity tion.				

Non-Structural Mitigation, Programs Of Disaster Mitigation In India.

Total (20L+0T)= 20 Periods

REFERENCES: R. Nishith, Singh AK, "Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies "'New Royal book 1. Sahni, PardeepEt.Al. (Eds.)," Disaster Mitigation Experiences And Reflections", Prentice Hall Of India, New Delhi. 2.

COURS	SE	OUTCOMES
On comp	oleti	on of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	:	Learn to demonstrate a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.
CO2	:	Critically evaluate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives
CO3	:	Develop an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations
CO4	:	Critically understand the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches

COURSI	E ART	ICULA	TION	MATI	RIX									
COs / POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1					1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
CO2					1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
CO3					1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
CO4					1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Avg					1	1	1	1	1	1	1			

22AC	SANSKRIT FOR TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE SEMESTER I / II											
PREREC	REREQUISITE CATEGORY A											
		Hours/Week	L	Т	P	TH						
	TIOUIS, TYCCK											
Course O	Course Objectives:											
	tioning. Learning of Sanskrit to develop the logic in mower. The engineering scholars equipped with Sanskrit rature.											
Unit I			8	0	0	0						
Alphabets	in Sanskrit-Past/Present/Future Tense-Simple Sentences											
Unit II			8	0	0	0						
Order-Intro	duction of roots-Technical information about Sanskrit Li	terature										
Unit III			8	0	0	0						
Technical	concepts of Engineering-Electrical, Mechanical, Architect	ture, Mathematics	•	•	•	•						

REFE	RE	NCE BOOKS:
1.	Ab	hyaspustakam" – Dr. Vishwas, Samskrita-Bharti Publication, New Delhi
2.	"T	each Yourself Sanskrit" PrathamaDeeksha-VempatiKutumbshastri, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, New
2.	De	lhi Publication
3.	Inc	lia"s Glorious Scientific Tradition" Suresh Soni, Ocean books (P) Ltd., New Delhi
COUI	RSE	COUTCOMES
On cor	nple	tion of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	:	Understanding basic Sanskrit language
CO2	:	Ancient Sanskrit literature about science & technology can be understood
CO3	:	Being a logical language will help to develop logic in students

Total (24L+0T)= 24 Periods

COURS	E ART	ICULA	ATION	MAT	RIX									
COs / POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1					1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
CO2					1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
CO3					1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Avg					1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
	•		3/2/	/1-indic	cates str	ength o	of corre	lation (3	8- High,	2-Mediu	m, 1- Lo	w)	•	

22AC04	VALUE EDUCATION		SEM	EST	ER I	/ II			
PREREQUISIT	E	CATEGORY	AC	Cre	edit	0			
	Hours/Week								
		nours/ week	2	0	0	2			
Course Objectiv	es:								
To understand the	importance of value education and self-development. T	o imbibe good valu	ies in s	studer	nts an	d also			
know about the imp	portance of character.								
Unit I			4	0	0	0			
Values and self-dev	velopment – Social values and individual attitudes - Work	ethics, Indian vision	n of Hu	ımani	sm M	oral			
and non-moral valuation - Standards and principles - Value judgements.									
Unit II			6	0	0	0			
Importance of cul	tivation of values - Sense of duty-Devotion - Self-re	eliance – Confidence	ce – C	oncer	ntratio	n –			
Truthfulness - Cle	anliness - Honesty - Humanity -Power of faith - Nation	al Unity – Patriotisi	m - Lo	ve for	natu	re –			
Discipline									
Unit III			6	0	0	0			
Personality and Be	havior Development - Soul and Scientific attitude - Posi	tive - Thinking - In	tegrity	and d	liscipl	ine-			
Punctuality - Love	and Kindness - Avoid fault Thinking - Free from anger -	Dignity of labor - 1	Univers	al bro	otherh	ood			
	ance - True friendship-Happiness Vs suffering - love fo	r truth - Aware of	selfdes	tructiv	ve hal	oits-			
Association and Co	operation - Doing best for saving nature								
Unit IV			6	0	0	0			
	ompetence - Holy books vs Blind faith - Self-man								
	reincarnation-Equality - Nonviolence - Humility - Role of Women - All religions and same message - Mind your								
Mind - Self-contro	ol – Honesty - Studying effectively								
	Total (22L+0T)= 22 Periods								

Cour	se (outcomes
On co	omp	etion of the course, the students will be able to
CO1		Knowledge of self-development
CO2	2	Critically evaluate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple
		perspectives
CO3	3	Learn the importance of Human values
CO4	ļ	Developing the overall personality
Sugg	est	ed Reading:
		kraborty, S.K. "Values and Ethics for organizations Theory and practice", Oxford University Press, New hi,1998.

COURS	E ART	ICULA	ATION	MAT	RIX									
COs / POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1					1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
CO2					1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
CO3					1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
CO4					1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Avg					1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
	•	•	3/2	/1-indic	ates str	ength o	of corre	lation (3	B- High,	2-Mediu	m, 1- Lo	w)	•	

22AC	05	CONSTITUT	TON OF INDIA	SE	MES	TER	TER I / II	
PREREQ	UISITE		CATEGORY	AC	Credit		0	
			Hours/Week	L	Т	P	TH	
		2	0	0	2			
COURSE	OBJECTIVES:				<u> </u>		<u>l</u>	
	the commenceme		y years of Indian nationalism. To add attion in 1917 and its impact on the in					
Unit I	HISTORY O	F MAKING OF THE I	NDIAN CONSTITUTION	4	0	0	0	
History, Dr	afting Committee	e, (Composition & Working)						
Unit II	DHII OSODI	HY OF THE INDIAN C	0 1 10 mm m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m		_		0	
UIIII II	THEOSOT	HI OF THE INDIAN C	ONSTITUTION	4	0	0	U	
Preamble, S	Salient Features				1	10		
Preamble, S Unit III	Salient Features CONTOURS	S OF CONSTITUTION	AL RIGHTS & DUTIES	4	0	0	0	
Preamble, S Unit III Fundament	Salient Features CONTOURS al rights, right to	S OF CONSTITUTIONA equality, right to freedom,	AL RIGHTS & DUTIES right against exploitation, right to fr	4 eedom o	0 of reli	0 gion, o	0	
Preamble, S Unit III Fundament and educati	Salient Features CONTOURS al rights, right to onal rights, right	S OF CONSTITUTIONA equality, right to freedom, to constitutional remedies, d	AL RIGHTS & DUTIES	4 eedom o	0 of reli	0 gion, ces	0 cultura	
Preamble, S Unit III Fundament and educati Unit IV	Salient Features CONTOURS al rights, right to onal rights, right ORGANS O	S OF CONSTITUTION As equality, right to freedom, to constitutional remedies, def GOVERNANCE	AL RIGHTS & DUTIES right against exploitation, right to fr lirective principles of state policy, fun	4 eedom odamenta	0 of reli 1 duti	gion, ces	0 cultura	
Preamble, S Unit III Fundament and educati Unit IV Parliament,	Salient Features CONTOURS al rights, right to onal rights, right ORGANS Ol composition, qu	S OF CONSTITUTIONA equality, right to freedom, to constitutional remedies, d F GOVERNANCE ualifications and disqualific	AL RIGHTS & DUTIES right against exploitation, right to fr directive principles of state policy, fun cations, powers and functions, exec	eedom damenta 4 utive, p	of reli l dution of the description of the descript	gion, ces	0 cultura	
Preamble, S Unit III Fundament and educati Unit IV Parliament, council of r	CONTOURS al rights, right to onal rights, right ORGANS Of composition, qu ministers, judiciar	S OF CONSTITUTIONA equality, right to freedom, to constitutional remedies, d F GOVERNANCE ualifications and disqualific ty, appointment and transfer	AL RIGHTS & DUTIES right against exploitation, right to fr lirective principles of state policy, fun	4 eedom odamenta 4 utive, production	0 of reli l dutio 0 reside	gion, ces 0 ent, go	0 cultura 0 vernor	
Preamble, S Unit III Fundament and educati Unit IV Parliament, council of r Unit V	Salient Features CONTOURS al rights, right to onal rights, right ORGANS Ol composition, quaninisters, judiciar LOCAL AD	S OF CONSTITUTIONA equality, right to freedom, to constitutional remedies, d F GOVERNANCE ualifications and disqualific ty, appointment and transfer MINISTRATION	AL RIGHTS & DUTIES right against exploitation, right to fr lirective principles of state policy, fun cations, powers and functions, exec of judges, qualifications, powers and	4 eedom odamenta 4 utive, prunction 4	0 of reli l dutio 0 resides	0 gion, ces 0 ent, go	0 cultura 0 vernor	
Preamble, S Unit III Fundament and educati Unit IV Parliament, council of r Unit V Districts ad	CONTOURS al rights, right to onal rights, right ORGANS Of composition, qu ministers, judiciar LOCAL ADI ministration head	S OF CONSTITUTIONA equality, right to freedom, to constitutional remedies, d F GOVERNANCE ualifications and disqualific ty, appointment and transfer MINISTRATION It role and importance, muni	AL RIGHTS & DUTIES right against exploitation, right to fr lirective principles of state policy, fun cations, powers and functions, exec of judges, qualifications, powers and decipalities: introduction, mayor and ro	eedom of damenta 4 utive, production 4 e of elec	of reliation of the latest term	ogion, ces ont, go onterpresent	0 cultura 0 vernor 0 ntative	
Preamble, S Unit III Fundament and educati Unit IV Parliament, council of r Unit V Districts ad CEO of mu	CONTOURS al rights, right to onal rights, right ORGANS Ol composition, quaninisters, judiciar LOCAL ADI ministration head unicipal corporati	S OF CONSTITUTIONA equality, right to freedom, to constitutional remedies, d F GOVERNANCE ualifications and disqualific ty, appointment and transfer MINISTRATION d: role and importance, muni- tion. Panchayati raj: introduc	right against exploitation, right to frelirective principles of state policy, funcations, powers and functions, exect of judges, qualifications, powers and recipalities: introduction, mayor and roction, PRI: zilapanchayat. Elected off	eedom of damenta 4 utive, production 4 e of electricals an	of reliated to the second of the second relations of t	ogion, ces oment, go oment, go oment roles	0 verno	
Preamble, S Unit III Fundament and educati Unit IV Parliament, council of r Unit V Districts ad CEO of mu zilapanchay	Salient Features CONTOURS al rights, right to onal rights, right ORGANS Ol composition, quinisters, judiciar LOCAL ADI ministration head inicipal corporativat: position and	S OF CONSTITUTIONA equality, right to freedom, to constitutional remedies, d F GOVERNANCE ualifications and disqualific ty, appointment and transfer MINISTRATION d: role and importance, muni- tion. Panchayati raj: introduc	right against exploitation, right to frective principles of state policy, funcations, powers and functions, exect of judges, qualifications, powers and roction, PRI: zilapanchayat. Elected off tational hierarchy(different department)	eedom of damenta 4 utive, production 4 e of electricals an	of reliated to the second of the second relations of t	ogion, ces oment, go oment, go oment roles	0 verno 0 ntative	

Sug	gested Reading:
1.	The Constitution of India, 1950 (Bare Act), Government Publication
2.	Dr. S. N. Busi, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution, 1st Edition, 2015.
3.	M. P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis, 2014.
4.	D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.

Election Commission: role and functioning. Chief election commissioner and election commissioners. State election commission: role and functioning. Institute and bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women

Total (24L+0T)= 24 Periods

Course	Οι	atcomes:
Upon co	mp]	letion of this course, the students will be able to:
CO1	:	Discuss the growth of the demand for civil rights in India for the bulk of Indians before the arrival of Gandhi in Indian politics
CO2	:	Discuss the intellectual origins of the framework of argument that informed the conceptualization of social reforms leading to revolution in India
CO3	:	Discuss the circumstances surrounding the foundation of the Congress Socialist Party [CSP] under the leadership of Jawaharlal Nehru and the eventual failure of the proposal of direct elections through adult suffrage in the Indian Constitution
CO4	:	Discuss the passage of the Hindu Code Bill of 1956.

COURS	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX														
COs / POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1					1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
CO2					1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
CO3					1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
CO4					1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Avg					1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
			2/2	/1 . 1.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.4	TT: 1.	2.14.11	1 T	`	•		

22AC06	PEDAGOGY STUDIES		SEMESTER I/I								
PREREQUISTE		CATEGORY	AC	Cre	dit		0				
		II arrag/XX/a als	L	T	P	٠,	ГН				
		Hours/Week	2	0	0		2				
Course Objectives	S:										
	evidence on the review topic to inform programme s and researchers. Identify critical evidence gaps to gu			g unde	ertake	n by	, the				
Unit I	,		4	(0	0	0				
	Policy background, Conceptual framework and ter	rminology, Theorie	s of le	arning	, Cu	rricu	lum,				
	Conceptual framework, Research questions, Overview										
Unit II			2	(0	0	0				
	Pedagogical practices are being used by teachers in	formal and informa	l class	rooms	in de	velo	ping				
,	n, Teacher education.										
Unit III			4		0	0	0				
	rectiveness of pedagogical practices, Methodology										
	ow can teacher education (curriculum and practicu										
	rt effective pedagogy? Theory of change. Strength ar										
strategies.	s, Pedagogic theory and pedagogical approaches, T	eachers attitudes	and be	neis a	na P	edag	gogic				
Unit IV			4)	0	0				
	oment: alignment with classroom practices and follo	w un support Door	-			v					
	community, Curriculum and assessment, Barriers to le										
Unit V			2		0	0	0				
	future directions, Research design, Contexts, penation and research impact	edagogy, teacher e	ducatio	on, cu	rricu	lum	and				
		Tota	l (16L	+ 0T)	= 16	Per	iods				

Sug	gested Reading:
1.	Ackers J, Hardman F (2001) Classroom interaction in Kenyan primary schools, Compare, 31 (2): 245-261
2.	Agrawal M (2004) Curricular reform in schools: The importance of evaluation, Journal of Curriculum Studies, 36 (3): 361-379.
3.	Akyeampong K (2003) Teacher training in Ghana - does it count? Multi-site teacher education research project (MUSTER) country report 1. London: DFID
4.	Akyeampong K, Lussier K, Pryor J, Westbrook J (2013) Improving teaching and learning of basic maths and reading in Africa: Does teacher preparation count? International Journal Educational Development, 33 (3): 272–282.
5.	Alexander RJ (2001) Culture and pedagogy: International comparisons in primary education. Oxford and Boston: Blackwell.

Cours	Course Outcomes:										
Upon	Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:										
CO1	:	What pedagogical practices are being used by teachers in formal and informal classrooms in developing countries?									
CO2	:	What is the evidence on the effectiveness of these pedagogical practices, in what conditions, and with what population of learners?									
CO3	:	How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy?									

COURS	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX														
COs / POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1					1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
CO2					1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
CO3					1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Avg					1	1	1	1	1	1	1				

22AC07	STRESS MANAGEMENT BY	YOGA	SE	MES	TER I	[/ II					
PREREQUISITE		CATEGORY	AC	Cr	edit	0					
		TT/XX/ I-	L	T	P	TH					
		Hours/Week	2	0	0	2					
Course Objective	S:										
To achieve overall h	ealth of body and mind, To overcome stress										
Unit I	Unit I										
Definitions of Eight	parts of yoga		ı		•						
Unit II			8	0	0	0					
Yam and Niyam. Do tapa, swadhyay, ishv	o`s and Don"t"s in life. 1.Ahinsa, satya, astheya, b varpranidhan	oramhacharya and apar	igraha 2	.Shau	icha, s	antosh,					
Unit III			8	0	0	0					
Asan and Pranayam and its effects-Types	1. Various yog poses and their benefits for mind of pranayama	& body 2. Regularization	on of br	eathir	ng tech	niques					
		To	tal (24 I	-+ 0T)	= 24 P	eriods					
Suggested Readin											
	for Group Tarining-Part-I" :Janardan Swami Yogab				conqu	ering					
the Internal Na	ture" by Swami Vivekananda, Advaita Ashrama (F	ublication Department)	, Kolkai	a							
Course Outcomes	:										
Upon completion of	this course, the students will be able to:										
CO1 : Develop	healthy mind in a healthy body thus improving soc	ial health .									
CO2 : Improve	efficiency										

COURS	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX														
COs / POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1					1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
CO2					1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Avg					1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
	3/2/1-indicates strength of correlation (3- High, 2-Medium, 1- Low)														

22AC08	PERSON	LITY DEVELOPMENT THROUGH LIFE ENLIGHTENMENT SKILLS SEMES	SEMESTER I/ II				
PREREQU	STE	CATEGORY AC C	Credit	0			
		Hours/Week	P	TH			
		Hours/ Week 2 0	0	2			
Course Obj	ectives:						
	achieve the highest To awaken wisdom in	l happily, To become a person with stable mind, pleasing per	sonality	y and			
Unit I	NEETISATAKAM PERSONALITY		0	0			
	, 21, 22 (wisdom)						
	, 32 (pride & heroism)						
	, 63, 65 (virtue)						
Verses- 52, 53							
	, 75, 78 (do"s)						
	, , ()						
Unit II	APPROACH TO D	TO DAY WORK AND DUTIES 8 0	0	0			
ShrimadBhag				10			
Chapter 2-Ve							
	ses 13, 21, 27, 35,						
	ses 5,13,17,23, 35,						
	erses 45, 46, 48.						
	STATEMENTS OF I	SIC KNOWLEDGE 8 0	0	0			
Shrimad Bhas							
Chapter2-Ver							
	erses 13, 14, 15, 16,17						
Personality of							
Shrimad Bhag							
Chapter2-Ver							
Chapter 3-Ve							
Chapter 4-Ve							
	ferses 37,38,63						
	, ,	Total (24L+0T)=	24 Pe	riod			
Suggested F	eading:	(212:02)					
		ni SwarupanandaAdvaita Ashram (Publication Department), Kolkata.					
		-sringar-vairagya) by P.Gopinath, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, Ne					
2. Dilatun	ari s rince Satakani (-sinigar-variagya) by 1.00pmath, Rashtriya Sanskiit Sansthanain, IN	W DCII	11.			
Course Out	omes•						
	ion of this course, the	lents will be able to:					
			1. 1				
	nighest goal in life	vad-Geeta will help the student in developing his personality and	achiev	/e th			
CO2 :	The person who has st	ed Geeta will lead the nation and mankind to peace and prosperity					

COURS	COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX														
COs / POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1					1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
CO2					1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
CO3					1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Avg					1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
			3/2/	/1-indic	ates str	ength o	of corre	lation (3	3- High,	2-Mediu	m, 1- Lo	w)			